Pants. verythin r Clothi VOL. XXII.

DENNING MUST GO.

Washington, July 2.—[Special.]—Another Buckite is in trouble.

appointed postmaster at Augusta.

This morning Postmaster General Wanamaker sent a note down to the senate, asking

that Denning's nomination be held up for a while. In the note he stated that some very

damaging charges had been preferred against Denning, and that he would send an inspector to Augusta immediately. He wanted the

nomination held up until the inspector could

THE CHARGES MADE.

preferred by the citizens of Augusta were filed

was as follows:
AUGUSTA, Ga., June 28, 1890 —In July, 1889, hay
and a scale for the streets and drains department
of this city was purchased from J. T. Denning,
Mr. Denning being then a member of council and

The bill was for \$182.66; was approved by me and brdered to be paid when the check should be pre-

time and would approve the check on my return.

When I saw the check again I found the amount was raised from \$182.66 to \$282.66, and at once called Mr. Denning's attention to it. This was on July 16, 1889. He paid back the full amount and got a new check

posented a corrected bill, and got a new check for \$182.66 on the 18th of the same month. When I called his attention to this matter, he said the act was done by his bookkeeper, and with-

out his knowledge. ROBERT H. MAY, Mayor.
I certify at this time that I was living with J. T.
Denning, and that he had no bookkeeper, and
made out his own bills, and I have never heard of

this transaction until two weeks ago, and was

this transaction until two with him from 1881 to 1883. GEORGE F. LAMBACK.

OTHER SERIOUS CHARGES.

Another is from Mr. James P. Verdery,

president of the Enterprise cotton factory,

who says that he saw Denning on the 4th of

therefor in money at the time within a few

feet of the ballot box, where the managers

were conducting said election."

A third from Colnnel J. J. Doughty, presi-

dent of the Augusta cotton exchange, who

says that Denning, on account of his physical condition, is unable to attend to the duties of

his office. This is also signed by B. H.

Smith, Jr., J. P. Doughty, C. H. Howard, C. H. Phinizy, P. H. Langdon and A C. Beane. Mr. W. Hyams also, sends a state-

ment that Denning's physical condition is such

a to incapacitate him for the duties of the of-

The charge made by Mayor May is the ef-

fective one. If Denning fails to prove that incorrect, his nomination will probably be withdrawn. Buck is, however, with him, and

if possible he will prevent a withdrawal of the

nomination. However, if Denning is with-

drawn, it is given out here that Buck will retaliate on the people of Augusta

by recommending a negro for postmaster.

this, Clarkson will not. He favors retaining

Major Boyce, and Quay and the president will probably be with him.

PROFESSOR WHITE IN WASHINGTON.

been here for a week, looking after the bill making appropriations for the state agricul-tural colleges. The bill has already passed

committee on education today. The bill provides that each state shall get \$15,000 a year,

which shall increase a thousand a year, until it reaches \$25,000, at which amount it shall re-

main. That is each state shall get \$25,000

perpetually, the same to be paid to the states.

Mr. Candler led in the advocacy
of the bill before the committee

this morning, and although the majority

of the republicans are against it, on account of the benefit the sonth will derive, it

will probably be reported favorably and pass.

MRS. GRADY AND SON.

ter spent today here, en route to Chautauqua,

New York, where she goes to have her son, Henry, attend school during the summer. He

PATTISON NOMINATED.

Meeting of the Democratic State Convention

SCRANTON, Pa., July 2.—Notwithstanding the great crowds of democrats that have been filling the streets and hotels for a day or two, the convention hall was very slow in filling up. This, perhaps, was due to a driving rain storm that broke over the city early this morning and kept up until after the hour set for the convention. Delegates, workers and the lookers on remained in the hotels until nearly 10 o'clock. When State Chairman Kisner came into the hall there were not a dozen people in the galleries and less than half the delegates were in their seats. After 10 o'clock the delegates began to come in with a rush, and

gates were in their seats. After 10 o'clock the delegates began to come in with a rush, and both galleries rapidly filled up. The sentiment was as it had been all along, strongly in favor of Pattison. The Wallace men had abandoned their claim of 195 delegates for their candidate, and said the result depended upon the field. The Pattison people were confident they would win on the first ballot. The Wallace men would not concede this, and asserted that the first was stronger than Pattison. The Pattison men's bold move in naming William F. Harrity, leader of the forces, for permanent chairman, was regarded

in naming William F. Harrity, leader of the forces, for permanent chairman, was regarded as a clever stroke of policy. The Wallace men decided to pit Judge Church, of Meadwille, against Harrity. Church is a strong friend of Wallace, but is a Pattison delegate. The result of the fight in permanent chairman will decide the contest for the nomination for governor. It was half past 10 o'clock when Chairman Kisner called the convention to order, and instructed Secretary Nead to read the call. After the reading of the call, the secretary called the roll of delegates. The call ran along smoothly enough until Blair county was reached. There is a contest in that county, and the Pattison men were placed on the roll.

When they were read Mr. Landis, one of the contestants, demanded to be heard. He said the men whose names had been read were not the delegates from Blair.

Chairman Kisner instantly called him to order. Then followed a scene of excitement. The galleries hissed and yelled, "Let him talk." Other contestants demanded "fair play" in loud and angry voices.

Chairman Kisner pounded with his gavel. He finally obtained order and got the Blair man in his seat. He then said that the contests from Blair county would go to the com-

will enter the university this fall.

Mrs. H. W. Grady and her son and daugh-

The fight will be an interesting one.

the senate. It was discussed in the

chairman of the finance committee.

was as follows:

Just after this note was received the charges

Y COMP

chinery, RON PIPE. rass. Go Pullies. All sizes

NG CO

er Bell LEATHER.

mpany, the abber Good Give Us a reet, Atlanta,

GIA. -NZEY STREET AND C.R.

IN

\$16.50, \$18

vere \$13.50

\$11.50,\$12.50

e \$9, \$9.50

fresh goods,

Boys's

ONLY, EN we allow one

nts Suits 4 arked in P own calcula

BRU

bys' Outfitters.

TEHALL

HE SEEMS TO HAVE A FINE WHICH COMMENDS HIM NO BUCK

mittee on credentials, where it belonged. After this outbreak, the roll call ran along smoothly to the end, there being only occasional outbursts of applause for some well known delegate. There were a number of substitutions, and at the close Chairman Kisner announced that the election of a temporary chairman was in order.

Mr. Kuline, of Luzerne, nominated Eckley B. Coxe for temporary chairman and he was elected by acclamation. Chairman Kisner appointed General Coffroth, of Somerset; and William W. Singerly, of Philadelphia, to escort Mr. Coxe to the platform. Mr. Coxe was greeted enthusiastically and after being introduced briefly addressed the convention. It was then decided that all resolutions should be referred to the committee on resolutions without debate. Sowden moved that committees on permanent organization, credentials and resolutions be appointed. This was agreed to.

Appointment of committee on credentials Who Will Insist that Augusta Must Swallow the Loathsome Dose or Take a Negro-Georgians in the Capitol. This time it is Jabez T. Denning the newly

was agreed to.

Appointment of committee on credentials was first taken up and the committe appointed is conceded to be controlled by Pattison peo-

organization were then appointed and the convention took a recess until 2 o'clock. After the recess, the committee on contested seats made their report, giving Pattison a majority of the disputed votes. Ex-postmaster Harrity, of Philadelphia, was elected permanent chairman, also a Pattison victory.

In the room of the senate commit-tee on postoffices Senator Colquit filed them. The most damaging of the charges is headed "Swindling the City," and is an affidavit signed by Mayor May. It also a Pattison victory.

The Biair county delegates were each given a half vote. This created some dissatisfaction, which was manifested at different times during the proceedings, but this was the only discordant note of the convention. Noinnations for governor were then in order and the following were named: Ex-senator William; A. Wallace, ex-governor Robert E. Pattison; Robert S. Wright, of Lehigh; William R. Hensel, of Lancaster, and Chauncey F Black, of New York.

The first ballot stood: Pattison 200, Wallace 132, Wright 11, Hensel 13, Black 10, not vot-

When the convention got tired of shouting, Pattison's nomination was made unanimous.

Messss. Wright and Black and Hannibal K. Sloan, of Indiana county, were placed in nomi-nation for lieutenant governor. Mr. Black was nominated on the first ballot, and his nomination was also made unanimous.

William H. Barclay, of Allegheny county, as nominated by acclamation for secretary of

was nonmared by internal affairs.

Governor Pattison was brought before the convention and made a speech which roused the convention to the highest pitch of enthusi The convention then adjourned with three

The convention then adjourned with three cheers for Governor Pattison.

The following is the platform:
The democracy of Pennsylvania, by their representatives in state convention assembled, renewing their former pledges of fidelity and devotion to the reserved rights of the people and the state, do doclare: December, 1888, actively and openly en-gaged in buying the votes of colored citizens "at an election held that day, and paying

do declare:

1. That a ballot reform is necessary, and to this end we recommend the adoption of such a system as the Australian ballot law.

2. That a tariff reform is necessiry in order that both producers and consumers may be relieved from the burden of unnecessary taxation.

3. That state and local reform is necessary in order that taxation for county, municipal and township purposes may be equitably adjusted, and unjust discrimination against the land remedied.

died.

4. That the law requiring that the surplus in the state treasury shall be invested in state or United States bonds must be observed and executed.

5. We invite a comparison of the courage, fidelity and integrity of the administration of Grover Cleveland, with the duplicity, vacillation and corrupt surroundings of the present federal administration.

and corrupt surroundings of the present leadra administration.

6. The silence of M. S. Quay under the charges which have been made against him, through the public press, can only be interpreted as a confession of his guilt, and his retention of a seat in the United States senate while refusing to demand legal investigation of these charges, is a scandal. We accept the issue of Quayism, as now tendered by the republican state committee and convention.

tendered by the republican state committee and convention.

7: We arraign the republican party for its usurpation of power in the administration of the federal government, for placing in the chair of the house a speaker who has been enabled by them to become a dictator and to usurp the power of legislating for the representatives of the whole people; for its open disregard of the provisions of the olvil service law, which the president of its choice was solemnly pledged to support; for its ceaseless efforts to promote a sectional strife and disturb the business tranquility of the country; for its lav-

for its passage through the house of representatives of a tariff which increased the taxes on necessaries, reduced only those laid upon luxuries, and is calculated to promote and foster trusts; for its failure to enforce the laws against the importation of contract and pauper laborers; for its attempt to pass a federal election law designed to excite a race war; for its discrimination and legislation against the agricultural interests which has greatly reduced the value of farm land; for its indifference to the rights of labor; its defeat of labor bills in the last legislature, and its failure to enforce articles is and 17 of the constitution by proper legislation.

The remainder is devoted to state affairs.
The sections referring to Cleveland and to "Quayism" were received with hearty applause. Professor H. C. White, of the university, has

Maine's Democracy. Augusta, Me., July 2.-Three hundred and Augusta, Me., July 2.—Three hundred and eighty-five delegates were present at the democratic state convention today. M. P. Frank, of Portland, presided. The convention spent the time until 2 o'clock discussing the insertion into the platform of a resolution submitting to the people again the question of license or prohibition. The resolution was adopted after a stormy debate, by 145 to 99. Following this vote. William P. Thompson, of Belfast, was nominated for governor by acclamation.

THE SILVER BILL. The Conferees Meet, But Only Indulge in

General Talk. WASHINGTON, July 2.—The conferees on the silver bill met this morning and spent an hour in discussing the differences between the two in discussing the differences between the two houses. They separated at noon, having come to no conclusion. It is said there were three propositions presented for consideration, but their terms has not yet been made known. The conferees adjourned to meet tomorrow morning. The house conferees brought to the meeting a copy of the bill as it passed that body, and this formed the basis of whatever-discussion took place. A great portion of the time, one of the conferees said, was spent in a general talk upon the subject, with no difinite proposition before them. The conference is said to have been satisfactory in its tone and tendency to the members.

A CALL FOR AID

For The Widows and Children of The Unfortunate Miners. DUNBAR, Pa., July 2.—The work of sm ering or putting out the fire in Hill Farm mine, has commenced. The mine cannot be flooded and an effort is being made to smother the flames. It is thought there is only one way in which the property will be of any use again. That is to shut up the burning portion in walls of brick. By confining it in this manner the part of the vein which has never been

reached, will be within reach. The coroners inquest over the bodies of the two men brought out of the slope will begin Monday. It will be one of the most important ever held in this district.

It will be the aim of the coroner to try to

test the entire work from the first. What is most needed here now is relief for twenty-one widows and seventy-seven orphans of the vic-tims of the explosion. Money is needed badly, as there is much suffering.

New York, July 2.—The Louisville and Nashville directors today declared a regular semi annual dividend of one and nine tenths per cent in scrip and one tenth per cent in cash, and an extra cash dividend of one per cent. The L. & N.'s Dividend.

supervisors of elections.

Mr. Frank, of Missouri, said that he was in Mr. Frank, of Missouri, said that he was in fayor of the bill so far as the scope was to extend the operation of the supervisory system. He was opposed to it so far as it proposes to obtain federal control of elections. But he was opposed to the amendment because it sought to weaken the law already on the statute books. statute books.

Mr. Tucker's amendment was rejected. Mr. Rowell, of Illinois, offered an amend-ment making it the duty of circuit judges in each circuit, within one month after the passage of this act, to open a special term of the circuit court in their respective circuits, and said judges shall appoint for each judicial district three discreet persons, of good character and standing, who shall be known as United States jury commissioners. It shall be the duty of such commissioners to organize as a board, and from time to time make from the qualified voters a list of persons who, under the laws of the United States and of the states shall be eligible for jury duty, without respect to race or color. Hereafter all panels for jurors

to race or color. Hereafter all panels for jurors shall be drawn by the board in the presence of a district or circuit judge.

Mr. Rowell's amendment was agreed on. Vote by tellers—146 to 143.

A good deal of confusion followed the announcement, amid which several democrats were heard demanding the yeas and nays. The demand was made in so low a tone, however, that it was not heard by the speaker, who recognized Mr. Struble, of Iowa, to offer an amendment.

Then Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, called the st-Then Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, called the attention of the speaker to the fact that the yeas and nays were demanded, and upon the speaker expressing the opinion that the demand came too late, Mr. Outhwaite himself requested that all those favoring the demand should rise. The entire democratic side rose to its feet, but the speaker entirely ignored it and did not count those rising. He stated, however, that if there was no objection the yeas and nays might be ordered.

There being no objection the speaker directed the clerk, to call the roll amid a volley of protests from the democrats at being

ley of protests from the democrats at being granted as a favor what they demanded as

right.
The amendment was adopted—yeas 150.

mays 144.

Mr. Hemphill offered an amendment to section 32 of the bill to insert the words: "Eccept section 1989 of the Revised Statutes the United States." He explained that that section of the bill empowered supervisors to

section of the bill empowered supervisors to use the army and navy at the polls and the purpose of his amendment was to eliminate that provision.

Mr. Lodge denied that the bill had any such effect as stated.

Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, maintained that Mr. Hemphill. had properly construed the section. He was in favor of allowing the president of the United States to exercise such authority, but objected to its exercise by some hireling republican politician.

Mr. Blount, of Georgia, said that the bill provided for the appointment of partizan supervisors and surrounded those supervisors with United States soldiers at their beck and

with United States soldiers at their beck and call, in order to make voters feel that they were under the terrors of military authority.

Mr. Rowell said that the adoption of the amendment would leave the court without an arm to enforce its judgment.

Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, regretted that the house had ceased to be a deliberative body. It made him so mad that he was almost willing to to get the the total the could be adopted. to to go to the other end of the capitol. That was if the speaker did not abolish the United States senate in accordance with his programme. [Laughter.]

Mr. McKinley said that the amendment would take from the president all the power he has to enforce judicial processes. The bill would be destroyed if the government was deprived of the tight to use federal power to would be destroyed if the government was deprived of the tight to use federal power to execute judicial processes under the proposed measure. This was a bill looking to honest representation on the floor of the American congress, and to honest votes, and a fair count in every part and section of the American republic. [Republican applause.] That was all there was of the bill. No honest man could object to it. It was the supreme duty of the nation to enforce the constitution and laws of the United States. Let the gentlemen on the other side obey them as the republicans obeyed them; for he told them that the people of the north would not permit two votes in the south to count as much as five votes in the south to count as much as five votes in the north. [Republican applause.] Mr. McMillin said that the leader of the house had seen fit to keep silent until the question arose as to whether or not troops should be sent to the polls. Since the Pretorian Guards had proclaimed that the Roman world would be sold at auction, there never had been presented by a representative of the free American peoe pie coming here and declaring that they werwilling to go voluntarily under despotism.

tion, there never had been presented so sad a spectacle as that presented by a representative of the free American peoe ple coming here and declaring that they werwilling to go voluntarily under despotism. (Democratic applause.) The old ship of state was to be scuttled on the anniversary of her first sailing. Gentlemen had said that the north would not tolerate counting in the south. The time had come when there could not be in the American republic an enslaved south and a free north. [Democratic applause,] The republicans might, like madmen, grasp the pillars of the constitution and pull down the edifice; but, like Sampson, they would perish in the wreck. If he could register a wish in heaven he would ask, not for an extension of the boundaries, or the multiplication of territory, not for flowing rivers and fertile fields, but better far than that. He would ask that the man who laid violent hands upon the constitution might drop dead as did the sacriligious Jew, who faid his impious hand on the ark of the covenant of the living God. [Democratic applause.]

The hour of 2 o'clock having arrived, the speaker declared the previous question ordered on the bill and the pending amendment.

Mr. Springer moved to lay the bill on the table. Lost—yeas 148, nays 156.

Following is the vote in detail: Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Anderson, Allen of Mississippi, Anderson of Mississippi, Andrew Bankhead, Barons, Barwig, Blanshead, Bland, Blount, Boatner, Breckinnidge of Arkansas, Breckenridge of Kentucky, Brickner, Brookshire, J. B. Brown, Brunner, Suchanan of Virginia, Buckslew, Bullock, Bunn, Bynum, Campbell, Candler of Georgia, Carlun, Caruth, Catchins, Chipman, Claner, Clark of Alabama. Clements, Clunie, Cobb, Coleman, Cooperfol Indiana; Cothran, Covert, Cowle. Crain, Crisp, Culberson, Dockery, Dunphy, Edmunds, Elliott, Ellis, Enloe, Fithian, Flower, Foreman, Forney, Fowler, Hatch, Hayes, Hanes, Heard, Hemphill, Henderson of North Carolina, Kilgore, Laue, Lauham, Lawler, Lee, Leihbach, Lester of Georgia, Lester, of Virginia, Lew

ner of New York, Vaux, Venable, Walker of Mis-nouri, Washington, Wheeler of Alabama, Whiting, Whitthorne, Wike, Wilkinson, Willox, Williams of Illinois, Wilson of Missouri, Wilson of West Virginia, Voder—148. Nays—Messrs, Adams, Allan of Michigan, An-lerson of Kanasa, Arnold, Atkinason of Pennsyl-rania, Atkinson of West Virginia, Banks, Bartine, layne, Beckwith, Belden, Belknap, Bergen, Bing-am, Bliss, Boothman, Boutelle, Bowden, Brewer, am, Bliss, Boothman, Boutelle, Bowden, Brewer,

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Houk, Kelly, Kennedy, Kerr of lowa, Retcham, Kimey, Knapp, Lacey, LaFollete, Laidlaw, Lansing, Laws, Lind, Lodge, Mason, McComes, McCord, McCornick, McDuffle, McKenna, McKinley, Miles, Milliken, Mofit, Moore of New Hampshire, Money, Morrill, Morrow, Morse, Mudd, Niedring, Johone, Payne, Payson, Perkins, Peters, Post, Pugsley, Quackenbush, Raines, Randall, Ray, Reed of lowa, Reyburn, Rife, Rockwell, Rowell, Russell, Sanford, Sawyer, Stranton, Scull, Smith of Illinois, Smith of West Virginia, Snider, Spooner, Springer, Stephenson, Stewart of Vermont, Stockbridge, Struble, Sweeney, Taylor, Thomas, Thompson, Townsend of Colorado, Townsend of Pennsylvania, Turner of Kansas, Vandwer, Van Schaick, Waddell, Wade, Walker of Massachusetts, Wallace of Massachusetts, Wight, Yardley—136.

The following pairs were announced: Messrs, Sherman, Stivers, Cogswell, Baker, Smyser, E. B. Taylor, Dehayon, Simonds and Clark of Wisconsin, who would have voted against the motion, with Messrs, Wiley, Stewart of Georgia, O'Neill of Massachusetts, Spinola, Seney, Phelan, Biggs, Ewart and Fitch, who would have voted in favor of it.

Absent and not paired, Messrs, Brown of Virginia, Brown of Indians, Frank, Pickle and Wheeler of Michigan.

Mr. Springer changed his vote from the affirmative to the negative, in order to move a reconsideration.

This motion was, upon motion of Mr. Rewell, laid upon the table—yeas 153, nays 148.

Mr. Springer, having voted in the negative for that purpose, moved to reconsider.

The motion to reconsider was tabled—yeas 154, nays 148.

Mr. Springer moved to lay the bill upon the table, stating that his former motion was to table the bill and pending amendment.

The speaker ruled the motion out of order.

Mr. Springer appealed, and the appeal was laid on the table—yeas 158, nays 146.

Mr. Springer protested that this was the first time in the history of the government that amotion to re

moved a reconsideration.

Mr. Springer moved to adjourn—lost. Yeas, 147; nays, 157.

The bill was ordered engrossed and read the third time by vote of yeas, 155; nays, 148.

The motion to reconsider was tabled—yeas 156 nays, 149.

56, nays 149.

Mr. Outhwaite moved an adjournment, which motion the speaker ruled out as dilatory.

Mr. Springer demanded the reading of the engrossed bill, but the speaker was prepared for this demand, the bill having been engrossed in advance, and a burst of applause came from the republican side when the clerk began reading.

reading.

Two hours were consumed in the reading of

Two hours were consumed in the reading of the bill. The question then recurred on the passage of the bill.

As the call was in progress the greatest interest was manifested on both sides of the house. As Mr. Coleman, of Louisiana, cast his vote with the democrats he was greeted with applause from that side of the house, and the applause was reinforced with cheers when Mr. Lelhbach, of New Jersey, also cast his vote against the measure. The republicans retaliated in kind; and as southern republicans retaliated in kind; and as southern republicans—Houk and Taylor, of Tennessee, Waddellland Mudd, of Maryland, and Wilson, or Kentucky, recorded their votes in the affirmatiue, cheer after cheer was given.

The bill was passed—yeas 155, nays 149.
The house then, at 9:25, adjourned.

THE SENATE BACKS DOWN, And Strikes Its Amendments Off the Legislative Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 2 .- In the senate Mr. vote by which the senate yesterday refused to recede from the amendments to the legislative appropriation bill in reference to the pay of r's clerks and sessional committee clerks. The motion was agreed to-yeas, 26;

nays, 21.

The question recurred whether the senate should recede from its amendments.

In the debate which followed it was shown that a failure to recede from the senate amendment meant the failure of the entire bill.

Mr. Plumb asserted that if the bill should fail, the new bill that would be sent over from the house would contain no appropriation at all for senators' clerks.

The question was taken by a standing rote.

The question was taken by a standing vote, and the motion to recede was agreed to—32 to 16. The legislatve bill now goes to the president for his signature.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of the two senate bills reported from the committee on commerce, to place the American merchant marine engaged in foreign trade upon an equality with that of other nations, and to provide for an ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, and to promote commerce. Mr. Frye spoke as to both bills. The first, he said, explained itself. It was a bounty on tonnage. It applied to all ships, sail or steam; wood, iron or steel, of a certain class, and that class being a very perfect requirement. It was the bill agreed upon by the Shipping League association of the United States, and had been very largely and warmly endorsed. The other bill was known as the postal subsidy bill. It provided that the postmaster general should make contracts, after advertisement, with the lowest bidder for the carrying of United States mails on American vessels.

Mr. Vest took the floor in opposition to the

for the carrying of United States mails on American vessels.

Mr. Vest took the floor in opposition to the bill and to the general principle of subsidies, but yielded it without concluding his speech.

Mr. Frye said that he hoped to have the senate act tomorrow on both bills, as he intended to call up the river and harbor bill on Monday.

At the close of Mr. Frye's speech, the presiding officer, Mr. Ingalls, announced his signature to the Idaho bill, which had previously received the signature of the speaker of the house.

house.

After a short executive session the senate at 5:10, adjourned.

New York, July 2.—Ignatz Lourtez and Robert L. Wallace, who plead guilty to the theft of \$58,000 worth of bonds from the vaults of William Wallace, proprietor of Wallace's Monthly, and uncie of young Wallace, were sentenced today, each, to eight years and eleven months imprisonment, with hard work.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLE.

LIVINGSTON AND STEWART AGAIN

AND BANDY WORDS SHARPLY.

ndidates Present Their Claims Beore a Walton County Audience, and Elicit Mutual Cheers—Public Feeling.

Social Circle, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Stewart and Livingston spoke tonight at the school house in Social Circle.

About 150 people were present, including a few ladies. Probably one-third of them came from the country.

LIVINGSTON LEADS OFF.

Colonel Livingston led off. He was intro-duced by Mr. E. L. Newton, of Social Circle. The colonel adapted himself cleverly to his audience. He dwelled upon the deplorable audience. He dwelled upon the deploration financial condition of the country, attributing it to national legislation. He denounced the banking system, explaining that the subtreasury plan, while it contemplated the perpetuity of that system, simply extended its provisions to cover the farmer. As long as the banks were chartered for sixteen years, this was the next best to abolishing them. He argued from tariff and other examples that national legislation

was shaped in the interests of monopo capitalists, and not of the masses, and every member of congress, concluded the colonel, is in part responsible for this condition of affairs.

two minutes when I get there, but if I don't do more than some people I know, I'll quit and come home." In doing up the extravagant appropriations

by congress, the colonel grew caustic.

"They put it among the republicans," said he, "but I tell you there is a heap of log rolling between the republicans and the democrats in that business, prompted by per-sonal motives. No, sir," he repeated, "and I'll make this proposition: If a representative body of men in this district will get together, and put out a man that will go pledged to give these people what they want, I will withdraw with Judge Stewart in that man's favor. I will stand by that proposition, and I dare Judge Stewart to take it up." The colonel's argument for the subtreasury

plan was, perhaps, the strongest that could be

"Judge Stewart says it ought to be amended. So it ought. They find a heap of fault with it. The judge does, but what do they offer us instead? Nothing. If I find a hole in a bridge at night where a horse's leg might be broken, and women or children thrown out and killed, it is my duty to stop it up. He finds the hole in our bridge, but nary does he offer to stop it up. Let's put some-body in his place that will."

The colonel made fun of the judge for going to Windom for information about the asury bill.

"You may ask me the question," concluded the colonel, "if Judge Stewart can't do as much with this bill as I can? I answer no. What happens in the legislature when a lawyer gets up to plead the cause of the farmers? They laugh at him. Ain't that so, Tom

"That's my experience," was the answer from Mr. Speer, in the audience. "It always will be that way," rejoined the

JUDGE STEWART INTRODUCED Judge Stewart was introduced by M. H. J. Hoist, and was greeted with prolonged ap-

"I've listened to my friend for an hour and a half," the judge began, "and, before God, I haven't heard one single reason why he should be turned in and I should be turned out. All's the matter with Hannah is she just wants to

'He referred to the colonel's abuse of democratic congressmen. He deprecated the colonel's tactics of arraying the farmer against other classes.
"Why," asked the judge, "why does he

represent me as a candidate of the lawyers and doctors only, while he poses as the candidate of the farmers? Why, because there are more farmer votes than any other votes in this district, and that's what he is bidding for. Fellow citizens, it's the cheapest demagoguery that a man ever tried to fool people with in

The judge treated the colonel's tirade gainst banks and the tafiff discriminat

with very scant courtesy. "What's that got to do with our candidad he asked. "They were saddled upon us by the republicans. I have voted against them every time I had a chance. He asked why these iniquitous measures are not repealed. He knows why, and you know why. Because there is a republican majority in both houses in congress. The question now is, Have I done my duty in working against these measures? Have I voted wrong? The records answer. I believe before God, I have done

my whole duty." Then the judge took up the colonel's boast that he (the colonel) would do so and so. "If Leonidas can't overcome that majority of re-publicans," said he, "send him, but for the Lord's sake don't think he can do it just because he says he can. My fellow citizens, he can beat any man bragging that ever you listened to."

The judge, in his argument upon the sub-treasury plan, referred to the trial of a similar plan in France and the disastrous results. "Go read history," said the judge, "and you'll see how the plan worked in France."
"Oh," put in the colonel, "I've got it right here."

"No. you haven't," said the judge quickly. "I tell you I have," said the colonel, hold ing up a bundle of papers.
"Ill give you a hundred dollars if you have,"

said the judge.

"Well, I've got just about the same thing," said the colonel, hotly.

The colloquy helped embarrass the colonel, and the Stewart men enjoyed it.

"I say you be more careful," said the colonel, as soon as he could be heard, pointing his finger at the judge.
"Don't fly to pieces," said the judge

"Don't you go off half cocked," the colonel

insisted, warmly.

"Stand up to the rack," said the judge.
"Don't get excited."

As the excitement and applause subsided, the judge took up the colonel's charge that he hadn't done much in congress.

"My brother Leon was in the legislature," said he, "with a majority of farmers at his back. I'm in congress with a republican majority. When he asks me what I've done in congress I ask him what he did in the legislature. He don't answer me, either."

The judge alluded pleasantly to what he termed his endersement by Colonel Livingston.

sequently designated as a stem winder. It was a hurrah from the start, and had a telling

a hurrah from the start, and had a telling effect. It was red hot.

"My friend don't see why I should go to congress, and he should stay at home. Well, I'll tell you why. Four years ago, when he first ran for congress, he told the people of his district, and he told everybody, that all he asked for was two terms. He thought that was long enough for one man to hold it."

"I didn't say it." finterrupted the judge, "and you can't prove it."

"Rufe Dorsey has the letter in his pocket, now, where you promised him. I've got a copy of the letter where you promised him that if he'd help you in Fayette and some other counties, you'd get out in four years and help him." "I didn't say anything about four years,"

"I didn't say anything about four years," said the judge.

"And Emmett Womack will swear," continued the colonel, disregarding the interruption, "that you promised him that if he would help you carry Walton you'd come out at the end of four years. Now another reason. Seven eighths of the people of Georgia have no representative in congress. They nower have had one. Now when these people come forward, after all these years, and ask for one, my friend says, what more right has he got there than I have? I repeat my endorsement. He is an honest man. He has been faithful, but we want an immediate representative in congress. I'll tell you another reason why he should stay, and why I should go to congress. He has been there four years. He knew what the farmers needed. More money, and yet not one bill has he introduced, or any other lawyer, to give it to them on a const question. I grant you he would. All sour weight there than I would, but talk about such men as him representing the farmers. weight there than I would, but talk about such men as him representing the farmers. We have begged them for years to do something for our relief, and they haven't done it. They waited for a convention of the Farmers' Alliance to propose a measure, and now I think we ought to get the credit for doing it. He says I endorsed him. Well, he endorsed me, too. He told me in Washington I had done a heap of good and ought to stay there and talk to congress. He was exactly right. That's what I'm going to do, only, instead of working on the outside at an expense to the alliance, I'm going to work on the inside and make Uncle Sam foot the bill. I repeat that I would have more weight in congress than he would when I talk about farms and farmers."

The colonel closed with his anecdote of two boys and one cigar, one doing the smoking while the other spit.

"The farmers have been doing the spitting for twenty-five years," he said.

for twenty-five years," he said.

He closed then with the anecdote of the five calves, applying it forcibly.

OUTLOOK IN THE COUNTY. As to the outlook in the county, both Social Circle and Monroe, it is said, will give considerable Stewart majorities. Livingston's strength is in the country. When the balance is struck the columns will measure like six and a half dozen, and a scratch will decide it.

Both superpless were received warmy. Livingstoned. Both speeches were received warmly. Liv-ingston's conclusion tonight brought down the house, and certainly he didn't loose anything

n the debate.

They meet again at Monroe tomorrow. THE LOTTERY BILL.

The Governor of Louislana Will Hold It as

Long as Possible. BATON ROUGE, La., July 2.-The sens amendment to the lottery bill was concurred in by the house today by a vote of 68 to 25. As a matter of courtesy and in order that there may be no flaws it is likely now that the bill will go to the governor for his approval or diswill go to the governor for his approval or disapproval. Counting today there are eight working days remaining. The governor is authorized to hold the bill not more than five days. He will probably take advantage of his right to keep it the full length of time allowed by law, but there will be three days of the section left, nevertheless, and there will be no difficulty in passing the bill over his veto in one day. The fight is, therefore, over now. There is much satisfaction in Baton Rouge over the final outcome of the fight. When the vote on the lottery bill was being taken last night in the senate. Mr. Fos. being taken last night in the senate, Mr. Foster, in explaining his vote, said:
"For my country and her honor; for my state and her fair name; for her dead and her living.

I vote no."

Mr. Posey said in explanation: "For my country and her poor; for her helpless insane; for her onward march and future, I vote yes."

St. Louis Dissatisfied With the Work of the Commissioners. Washington, July 2.—A formal request for a recount of the population of St. Louis, Mo., signed by the mayor and many leading citizens, has been received at the census office. The request is based on the charge of negligence by the enumerators who took the census. No action will be taken in the matter until the count of the people according to the enumerator's returns has been made at the census office, and this will then be laid before the secretary of the interior for his action.

will then be laid before the secretary of the in-terior for his action.

A report has been received at the census office from its special agents at St. Louis, which says that ninety-nine per cent of the published lists of persons alleged to have been omitted in the enumeration were properly

A BATTLE IN KENTUCKY Between the Revenue Men and the Moon-

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 2.-A special from LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 2.—A special from Flemingsburg, Ky., says: Conflicting reports of a bloody encounter between revenue men and moonshiners, in Rowan county, yesterday, have been coming in all the morning. All reports agree in one particular, namely: That three men were killed, without giving names or the sides to which they were attached. There has been intense feeling against the revnue men since the last raid six weeks ago, and the government force was probably led into an ambuscade.

The Site Accepted.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The world's fair national commission this afternoon formally accepted a joint site, consisting of lake front and Jackson park, as the location of the Columbia exposition by a vote of 78 to 11. This conclusion was not received without much discussion. Various resolutions and amendments expressive of the views of individual commissioners were offered but after the commissioners had listened to detailed applications by the directors a vote was taken on the proposition to accept the site as tendered with the result given above.

Actor Parkhurst Dead.

Actor Parkhurst Dead.

New York, July 2.—George A. Parkhurst, the well known actor, died suddenly at his home, in this city, at I o'clock this afternoon. He was in the best of health this morning. He was fifty years old. Mr. Parkhurst was the last living member of the company that played in the national theater, at Washington on the night of the assassination of President Liucoln, Laura Keene and company were playing and young Parkhurst was on the stage at the time and saw the president fall.

Mexico Wants the Chinese. SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—It is stated here that the Mexican government has contracted with Chinese agents to send 8,000 Chinese laborers to Mexico to work upon a proposed railroad to be constructed between the City of Mexico. It is also understood that Mexico will build a railroad from Tehuan espec to compete with the Nicaragua canal.

termed his endorsement by Colonel Livingston.

"He says I am an honest man and that I have his best wishes. If Livingston can afford to endorse me, can't you do it?"

COLONEL LIVINGSTON'S EXPLY.

Then Colonel Livingston repited. His effort was what a prominent alliancement sub.

CHAUTAUQUA DAYS.

THE PEABODY NORMAL INSTITUTION IN FULL SWING.

cational Meeting in Cherokee Countymencement Days Still Lingering.

LITHIA SPRINGS, Ga., July 2.-[Special.]-The Peabody institute, now in session here on the Piedmont Chautauqua grounds, is a per-fect success. Dr. E. E. Sheib, conductor, and the instructors, Professor Carleton Chapman, Professor W. H. Slaton, Professor J. W. Frederick and Professor Charles Lane, are enring upon their work with a zeal and rnestness which insures success. The regular programme is as follows:
9:00, 9:40—"Arithmetic," Professor Carleto

9:40, 10:25-"General Pedagogy," Dr. E. E. Sheib

11:45, 12:05—Recess. 12:05, 12:50—"Methods in Primary Grades," Dr. 12:50, 1:30-"Geography," Professor Charle

Lane.

Beside this program, interesting lectures are given each evening. No entrance fee to the Chautauqua grounds is charged.

The teachers of Georgia, who fail to attend this summer normal school, are certainly careless of their own interests.

The physical culture class, with Miss Tyson as er, and the kindergarten and kindergarten willet Allen and Willie Reynolds have been Tyson is enthused over the prospects of the

ess of her physical culture class. This evening at 8 o'clock Professor W. Taper, of Dalton, will lecture; subject, "The of the Fatherland."

sor Euler B. Smith had an appointent to lecture on the evening of the 7th, but has exchanged places with Professor Charles Lane, who was booked for the 16th.

From now until the close of the institute, extures will be given by Georfia's most emiment educators and speakers. Large delegations are expected out from At-

THE SCHOOLMASTER WANTED. An Educational Mass Meeting in Chero

ORANGE, GA., July 2-[Special.]-An acational mass meeting was held at this lace last Friday that was largely attended ad resulted in creating a great deal of educanal enthusiasm and interest among the people present, that is sure to spread

peopie present, that is sure to spread an influence for good throughout east Cherokee and the adjoining counties of Milton, Forsyth and Dawson. State School Commissioner Hook was present and made a capital good speech that was well received. County School Commissioner Attaway also made a fine practical educational speech. As did also Mr. Ben F. Perry, of the Advance. Short talks were also made by Judge Brown, Captain Newman and Captain John B. Richards. The day was quite pleasantly spent and resulted in accomplishing much good for the educational interest of all that section of the county. The complishing much good for the educational interest of all that section of the county. The meeting was gotten up by Professor J. M. Attaway, who has been teaching at Orange this year and is recognized as one of Georgia's best educators, having spent his life in the school room and in educational work. Judge Hook was highly pleased with his visit, and the people were delighted with his speech and the children felt honored by shaking his hand.

Junior Day in Gordon Institute.

Bannesville, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Thesday morning dawned as bright and warm as the day which had just preceded it. This was Junior day. By 10 o'clock the chapel of Gordon institute was filled to overflowing. The speeches and compositions were original papers. The ease and grace with which each pration and composition was rendered was very the ration of this class in charge fall. the training of this class in charge felt their earnest efforts had not been in vain. The programme opened with some excellen music, and was followed by prayer. The ne The instrumental solo by Miss programme. The instrumental solo by Miss
Exta Matthews was very nicely executed, and
reflects much credit upon the young lady.
"Public Opinion"—Hilman Powell.
"The Morning and the Evening"—Miss

Greer Steed.

"No Leap. No Fall: Attempt, or No Success
at All"—Miss Belle Crowder.

"Agriculture"—Robely D. McDowell.

"When the Shore Is Won at Last, Who Will
Count the Billows Past?"—Miss Mary Cornell. Count the Billows Past?"—Miss Mary Cornell.
"Life, however Bright, Must Have its
Changing Shadows"—Miss Alma Crowder.
"National Political Crisis".—L. O. Freeman.
"Footprints of Genius"—Ed Stephens.
"Problems"—Miss Lily Turner.
"Now We Are Pupils in the School of Time—Then We Shall Know"—Miss Carrie Chambers.

"The Evolution of Ideas"—Homer Bush.
"Only the Now Is Ours"—Miss Lena Swatts.
"The Very Flowers that Bend and Meet, in sweetening Others, Grow More Sweet"—Miss Lutie Hunt. The concert given last evening by the Lyrian d Eunomian societies was an in the Lyrian ad Eunomian societies was an unparalleled access, and it was rendered before a very ap-reciative audience. Long before the curtain as drawn there was hardly standing room to

was drawn there was hardly standing room to be had in the spacious chapel, and many eager to see and hear stood at and blockaded the windows and doorways.

The following are a few selections from the excellent and well rendered programme for the evening. The sweet music added much to the enjoyment of the evening. The recitation, "Marble Dreams," by Miss Annie Redding, elicited much applause and was one of the best features of the commencement.

Also the recitation, "Zingeralla," by Miss Dollie Rogers, was excellently rendered, and the large audience showed their great appreciation of it.

The Eunomian grand march was one of the prettiest ever put on a stage. The young

The Eunomian grand march was one of the prettiest ever put on a stage. The young ladies executed the difficult movements with a precision and rapidity truly wonderful.

Miss Sallie Candler, one of the institute's most worthy and efficient teachers, is to becongratulated upon the grand success of this march, and she can justly feel proud that her labors and efforts were crowned with success.

The Stephens High School. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Gat, July 2.—[Special.] It has been determined by the principal of Stephens' High school to postpone the closing exercises of that institution for one week. They will be opened on Sunday, the 13th, and close on the 16th. Preparations are being made to render all the entertainments unusually attactive. made to render all the entertainments unusu-ally attractive. Among the more engaging features we may mention the sermon on Sab-bath morning by Rev. J. H. Carpenter, of West Point; the annual address on Wednes-day by Colonel J. H. Seals, of the Sunny South, and the award of medals by Hon. James B. Park, of Greensbore. On Tuesday night the comic opera "Pinatore" will be pre-sented by a well drilled band of amateurs. Reduced tickets will be sold on the Georgia ratiroad from the 10th to the 17th.

Sunday Schools in Haralso BREMEN, Ga., July 2.—(Special.)—The Harston County Sunday School association held
its quarterly meeting here Saturday and Sunday last. The next annual session is to be in
Buchanan on Wednesday before third Sunday
in August.

The Cornerstone Laid. Wavenoss, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The cornerstone of the new Masonic temple was laid by the Masonic order here today. The building is on Plant avenue, and when completed will be a handsome structure. Copies of the city papers, of historical documents, coin, etc., were placed in the box.

The Population of Columbus, COLUMBUS, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—It is earned from a reliable source that the population of Columbus proper is twenty-one thousing, and that the suburbs will add eight housand more, according to the census. THE FOURTH WILL BE CELEBRATED The Farmers' Alliance and the Emngha

Hussars to Have a Barb

Hussars to Have a Barbecue.

GUVTON, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The "glorious fourth" will be celebrated by the people of Effingham county at Springfield on Friday, in an old fashion way.

The Farmers' alliance and the Effingham Hussars have combined and their exercises will consume the day.

The alliance will have a basket dinner and several addresses. Dr. J.B. Hunnicutt and R. T. Nesbitt, candidates for commissioner of agriculture, have been invited to address them and it is understood that each of the gentlemen have signified their intention to be present.

The question is asked by many why Judge

The question is asked by many why Judge Henderson was not invited also, so he could meet his opponents face to face and answer the charges they are making.

Judge Henderson has many warm friends here who will look after his interest.

When the meeting was gotten up, Hon. W.

L. Peek was invited to address them, but as he could not be present, the other gentlemen were substituted.

could not be present, the other gentiemen.

The Effingham Hussars have invited the Screven Troop to join them on the occasion and have a friendly contest for prizes. The Screven Troop have accepted, and/some fine exercises are in store for the immense crowd that will be present. Both companies have selected teams which are drilling for the tournament.

urnament. No call has been made as yet for a meetin of the democratic executive committee. Frank R. Tarror, the chairman, is also chairman of the county alliance and he will doubtless call a meeting on the 4th, or announce one for the future.

Politics in Effingham is very quiet. No one

has as yet announced himself a candidate for the legislature, but it is understood several gentlemen prominent in local affairs would not object to a nomination.

The meeting on the 4th will doubtless de-velop the candidacy of these gentlemen.

THE OCONEE SENSATION.

The Whiteheads Bound Over Charged With

the Assassination of Ware. WATKINSVILLE, Ga., July 2 .- [Special.]-Our town has been wild with excitement over the committal trial of Jesse J. Whitehead, Charles T. Whitehead, James T. Streetman whites, and Bob Griffith, colored, charged with the attempted assassination of Mr. E. G Ware on the 28th of May last.

Excited crowds have filled the streets, and the trial and assassination has been the sole topic of converstion.

The court house was crowded with eager spectators during this remarkable trial. The court opened Monday morning with Justice Murray on the bench. Colonels E. T. Brown and J. J. Strickland were employed as council for the prosecutor, and Colonel B. E. Thrasher and John D. Nell for the defendants. Owing to the absence of an important witness for the state, the trial was postponed until Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. On that day Justice Murray called in Justice Thomas Smith of Marshill district, and Justice J.W. Les of High Shoals district, to assist him in the trial of the case. Then, with three justices on the bench, began one of the most remark able and longest justice court trials ever held in Oconee county.

A large number of witnesses were examined and after a tedious trial of two days, which ended tonight, the prisoners were bound over. Jessie J. Whitehead is charged with firing the cowardly shots, and C. T. Whitehead, J. T. Streetman and Bob Griffith as Jesse Whitehead's bond was placed at \$700 and the rest of the gang at \$500

After the trial A. C. Jackson and G. D. Cook signed bonds for the Whitehead brothers, and they are now at liberty. It is very probable that Streetman and the negro will remain in jail until the next term of Oconee superior court. Mr. E. G. Ware, though in a very feeble condition, attended the trial each

ONE HUNDRED PER CENT.

That Is the Dividend Declared by th Americus Investment Company.

Americus, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Americus Investment company today, a dividend of one hundred per cent was declared upon its capital stock of \$500,000. The net earnings of the company for the past year was more than \$600,000, nearly all of which amount will be paid in dividends among the stockholders. The capital stock of the company is shortly to be increased to \$1,000,000, by an amendment to its charter, which will also authorize a still further increase of the capital as may be desired to a sum not exceeding \$10,000,000. There is not a more prosperou institution in the south than the America Investment company, and it is doing a good work in the development and building up of this section of Georgia.

THE KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The Uniform Rank on Its Way to Mil-

waukee.

Augusta, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The
uniform rank Knights of Pythias, under Captain Anton Renkle, who carried off the first
prize at the state drill in Rome a few weeks
ago, leave tonight for Milwaukee to enter the ago, leave tonight for Milwaukee to enter the grand interstate prize drill there. Captain Renkle will take thirty picked men, and the company is bent on carrying off the prize. They were inspected this evening on Broad street by Colonel Harmon, ef Savannah, and made a fine showing. They will be joined here tomorrow by the Palmetto division No. 1, of Charleston, and the two commands will travel together in special cars. At Atlanta they will be joined by Lieutenant Colonel Hunnicutt and Surgeon General Smith, who will accompany them to Milwaukee.

THE AUGUSTA CENSUS.

Supervisor Thibadeau Will Have to Finish the Work.

Augusta, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Hon. Patrick Walsh and President D. B. Dyer, of the Augusta Railway company, have interested themselves in getting a full and fair enumera-tion of the citizens of Augusta, and have been in telegraphic correspondence with Superin-tendent Porter for several days. The inaccessibility of Supervisor Billy Bowers was set out, and the result is that today Mr. Porter out, and the result is that total and telegraphs from Washington that he has instructed Supervisor Thibadeau to select an expert Augusta enumerator to complete Augusta's census and make a perfect count.

The City Now the Owner. GAINESVILLE, July 2.—[Special.]—The city of Gainesville purchased of the Gainesville Light company the electric light plant, paying therefor the sum of \$8,450. This is a good investment for the city as our lights have been costing about \$2,400 per annum.

An Ice Factory for Augusta Augusta, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—A movement is on foot to put up another ice factory. It is proposed to establish a fifteen ton plant, and the Polar ice company is going to add another twenty ton machine to its large plant. Add these to the eighty tons per day already made here, and Augusta will have 116 tons of ice per day.

Thomasville, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The following ears of melons are from the line of the Savannah, Florida and Western railway July 1st: New York, 18 cars; Boston, 9; Atlanta, 1; Philadelphia, 3; Indianapolis, 2; Baltimore, 4; Birmingham, 3; Savannah, 1; Kansas City, 1; Evansville, 13; Washington, 3; Memphis, 3; New Orieans, 3; Chattanooga, 1; Portsmouth, 1; Augusta, 2; Wilmington, 1; Spartanburg, 1. Total, 76; total to date, 1,917.

If so, and in whatever direction, or by whate route, have a sufficiency of Hostetter's Storm Bitters with you. Then you may hid defiance sea sicknest, brave the influence of a imilar climate or abrupt transitions of temperate avoid dyspepsia, and the stormachie panes begot of bad food and water, and counteracts an un pectedly developed tendency to constipution, louisness and rhoumatism.

A BUSINESS PROTEST

AGAINST THE FEDERAL ELECTION

The Only Purpose of Which Is to Irritate the People, to Retard; Business Development, and to Create Turbulence.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The Savannah board of trade has placed itself on record in opposition to the federal election bill pending in congress. A meeting was held for this purpose at 11 o'clock this faorning. Among those present, President Haas stated the object of the meeting, and denounced the bill as "gigantic conspiracy to overthrow the system of voting that has been in vogue since.

the constitution of the government."

Mr. John R. Young then stated that, in view of the importance of the question, it was advisable that such bodies as the boards of trade throughout the country should express entiments with regard to the bill.

He then introduced the following: He then introduced the following:
The board of trade of Savannah, Ga., desire to
express a respectful but earnest protest sgainst
the passage of the federal election bill. Removed,
as is this organization, without the sphere of party
politics, uninfluenced, as is its action, save by
those considerations which equally affect the welfare and advancement of every section of the
country, we address this appear to the patriotic
consideration of the congress and the people of
the union.

We are persuaded that no good can result from the proposed legislation, and we know that manifold and intolerable evils will attend its enforcement. It will accentuate the bitterness and intensity of the strain of political controversy. It will appeal to passions that should be composed and it will arouse prejudices that should be burried forever. It will disturb public confidence, bring disquietude to the business world, retard investments, demoralize labor, depreciate values, embarrass the growth of industrial enterprises, all over the land, and it will arrest, as nothing else can, those impulses of progress and prosperity that are being felt in every state and territory of the union.

The country needs peace and quiet, a surcease We are persuaded that no good can result from

The country needs peace and quiet, a surcease from needless political agitation, and harmony and confidence between all classes, interests and sections, and the people demand that legislation be free from all causes of irritation, estrangement and strife. Therefore be it

Resolved, That the foregoing be adopted as the sense of this board of trade, and that all commer cial, industrial, trade and labor organizations an farmers' alliances throughout the country be, and they hereby are urged to take similar action, and that the newspapers of this city, and the press generally, be, and they are hereby requested to publish the foregoing.

Mr. Carson seconded this, and it was unani-

nously adopted. Mr. Carson then moved that Congressman Lester be informed by telegraph of the action

of the board. This was also adopted as was another resolu tion by Mr. Young, calling for the printing of a number of copies of the expression of the

These will be sent to the commercial bodies all over the country, with the hope of influencing, and through them reaching their representatives in congress. The meeting then adjourned.

THE ENGINEER'S PRESENTIMENT. How a Terrible Wreck Was Prevented b a Dying Man. From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A number of railroad men sat in the rotunda of the Laclede the other night exchanging reminiscences. The conversation gradually drifted into stories having a supernatural tinge, and among these was the following related by a well known conductor:

"Some years ago," he said, "in the town of Garrett, in northen Indiana, the headquarters of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad's Chicago division, there lay sick an engineer named Boardman. He was wildly delirious and his ravings took a serious aspect at times. One evening he was told that Engineer Mosses had been called to take out his engine, No. 712, on an extra run, following his engine, No. 712, on an extra run, followin No. 5. Engine 712 was the pride of the road and of its engineer, then so seriously sick. It had not been sent out before, the foreman of the roundhouse wishing to gratify the wishes of its engineer, but on this occasion it was necessary, as a special train containing an opera company had to make Washington in twenty hours, a run of 853 miles from Chicago, and no other engine on the Chicago division was equal to the speed demanded by the com-

pany.
"Boardman, lying in his bed, was suddenly gifted with a supernatural power, and in his

ravings would say:
"'Hicksville! Ha! How she spins! Runs
up the St. Joe grade like wind! Twenty-two
miles; one stop for water, one stop for railroad
crossing, and thirty minutes gone!"
"Then he would be quiet as the grave for a

moment.
"'Holgate! Listen!at her spin! She's got
the crossing. There she goes. Defiance to
Holgate was like a step to her.'
"His watchers looked at one another. Could

"His watchers looked at one another. Could he have the power of second sight to watch the movements of the train? One of the boys was sent to the dispatcher's office, but a few blocks away. Before he returned Boardman had cailed out a water station, and said:

"Four minutes lost. Why couldn't she do without water? 'Ah, ha! Watch her pound sand now. Isn't she a beauty?'

"The man had returned from the telegraph office and, in a whisper, told the other watchers that he had followed the train correctly. A feeling of awe came over the boys. The

ers that he had followed the train corre A feeling of awe came over the boys. A feeling of awe came over the boys. The sick engineer was in a seeming trance. His breath came slower and more laborious. The boys crowded nearer and were about to raise him in bed, so that he could catch his breath easier, and the family were called, when he sat erect, looked wildly about him and cried:

"Tiffin! Red light! Stop for orders! My God!" [Here he held up his hand as if reading an order.] "Train No. second five, engine No. 712. Prepare to me thy God.

"O. K. COCKRELL.'

"Then he sank back in the bed dead. The

"Then he sank back in the bed dead. The horrified boys stood amazed and speechless. It was a presentiment. One rushed forth to the dispatcher's office, and cried to the east

"For God's sake, Dixy, stop second five at Republic!" Quick over the wires the call went, and was answered, and then this message: 'Stop second five.' There was a wait of breathless anxiety, when the news came back: 'Second five is stopped. Conductor wants to know what for.' By this time the story was known in the dispatcher's office, and the answer was sent to Republic: 'Had a terrible presentiment. Tell conductor to proceed cautiously to Chicago junction.'
"Hardly had the answer gone when Attica called up and said:
"'Stop second five at Republic. First five ditched a mile west of here; engine and three cars off. Cow on track. Engineer killed by jumping."
"And the wan who had saved webship for "'For God's sake, Dixy, stop second five at

jumping.

"And the man who had saved probably five score of lives lay a corpse at his home, with his scoreowing family surrounding him. The opera company made up a purse, which, together with the life insurance he had carried, made the engineer's family independent for the rest of their lives."

MARSHAL NEY'S SWORD. it is Now in the Vanits of One of the

Banks at Birmingham.

There was a unique relic placed in the yauts of the American bank yesterday, says the Birmingham Age-Herald.

The relic is the property of Mr. A. W. Maas, an architect of Louisiana, and was originally the sword of that famous French warrier, Marshal Ney, prince de la Moskowa. The sword was presented to Marshal Ney by Napoleon I. in 1807. Ney was stationed as commandant of Berlin from 1807 to 1812. Ney married in Berlin and had one daughter. After the retreat from Bussas the French left Germany and Ney field with the rest, leaving his wife and daughter behind.

The wife died and the daughter graw up to womanhood and became engaged to be married to the grandundle of Mr. Mass. The married to the grandundle of Mr. Mass. The married died lefore the date set for the wedding. Be-

fore her death she presented her father's sword to Mr. Maas. He treasured it until his death, when he presented it to his brother, the grandfather of its present owner. When he died, he left it to Mr. Mans' father, who was the police commissioner of the city of Berlin. On his death he gave it to his son, who was in Birmingham yesterday.

The relic is a unique one. It is a heavy sword of the sabre pattern. It is slightly curved and has handsomely cut designs along the blade. One day while Marshal Ney was riding rapidly, the scabbard fell and broke in two. The soldier had the parts welded together, and they have remained that way ever since. The scabbard is beautifully ornamented with raised figures in gold, showing ing the various French battles and victories of note. Mr. Mass is in communication with some parties in France who desire to secure the sword for the National museum. He has already had an offer of \$17,000 for it, but he has declined.

WAS THE PYTHON HYPNOTIZED?

The Rabbit David and the Serpent Goliath. From the New York Tribune.

The Rabbit David and the Serpent Gollath. From the New York Tribune.

One day while the writer was watching the disgusting though fascinating operation of feeding a large cobra in the zoological gardens at Calcutta, the master of an East Indiaman told him a remarkable story of a python in the old Jardin des Plantes, in Paris. The serpent was one of the largest specimens of its species ever captured and was valued at over 30,000 francs. So muscular was it, so flerce and rapid in its deadly soiling, that it required six men to hold it, even when the head had been properly secured, on the few occasions when it was necessary to change its quarters. The oldest animal trainers and attendants had a wholesome dread of the hideous python. None of them had forgotten the frightfully rapid death of a rash circus "snake charmer," who, several years before, when the python was younger and considerably smaller, had boasted that the could subdue it. The lid of the box in which it was then kept, on being of the box in which it was then kept, on being opened, disclosed the sluggish reptile closely coiled in a corner. The man was by no means inexperienced, and he reached down with the intention of grasping the python securely around the neck just back of the head. But he could not have known, or knowing had forgotten, the lightning-like speed with which these serpents can move when they so desire. It seemed to those who looked on that the man had scarcely touched the cool scales before the snake had coiled itself about his arm, and a second later the man was in his death struggles. Every rib and nearly every bone in his body was crushed. His death must have been painless. It will seem strange that the python was not killed then and there. But it retreated to its cage, the lid of which was at once closed, and no one having the temerity to attempt to kill it at the moment, it lived for many years, and became one of the greatest attractions of the Jardin des Plantes. of the box in which it was then kept, on be

became one or the grantes assumed to the partial bardin des Plantes.

But if the python's life was spared on this occasion, it was only that it might die the still more ignominious death Fate had in store for it. Live rabbits were the favorite food of the more ignominious death Fate had in store for it. Live rabbits were the favorite food of the python. These were fattened especially for its table, and only the largest and most tempting were selected for its weekly meal. It appears that there is not only danger of overfeeding snakes, but, in the case of this particular family, great care must be taken in the selection of their food, as they are extremely susceptible to certain diseases. The python had now attained a length of nearly twenty-three feet, and year by year it had become more powerful and vindetive. Thirty thousand francs had been offered for this snake, and it was valued at much more than this sum. Many thousand people had visited the dreaded "beast of the field," several interesting treatises had been published about it, and the utmost care was taken in housing it and providing for its comfort. A little house, in which the natural environments of its habitat were reproduced as nearly as might be, had been constructed for its use. The python, it might be said, was now in the heyday of its fame. now in the heyday of its fame.

THE RABBIT WAS A TARTAR. THE RABBIT WAS A TARTAR.

One day a fine white rabbit, plump and glossy, was placed in its cage. The snake, coiled luxuriously upon an eastern rug, lazily lifted its head andicalmly inspected, the offering, as if to satisfy itself that it was in all respects fit for its repast. The poor rabbit was instantly overgome with horror. This was not always the case; for rabbits, it would seem, are generally either too study or two ignorant. always the case; for rabbits, it would seem, are generally either too stupid or too ignorant to recognize in the brightly colored coils of the python a deadly foe. As a rule the rabbits had met their end in comparative peace. No sooner was this one placed on the floor of the cage, however, than it uttered plaintive cries, expressive of the utmost horror, and hopped into a corner. It then stood upon its haunches, in the manner of a poodle begging to its mistress, and began pawing the air with its fore legs. Both the posture and the action were unnatural in the rabbit and were evidently only caused by terror.

The snake advanced slowly and cautiously, its gracefully curved neck thrust forward, its black, forked tongue darting in and out of its mouth, until its head was within a foot of the rabbit. The latter beat the air still more vio-

mouth, until its head was within a foot of the rabbit. The latter beat the air still more violently. It was pitiful. The beautiful white rabbit, its pink eyes starting from its head with terror, seemed to be trying to shut out the awful sight. The python was evidently perplexed, and its perplexity turned to fright. The cowardice of all large serpents is well known. This one had never heard a rabbit utter such cries, nor seen one act in such a manner. After gazing at it for a few moments it slowly withdrew toward the other side of the compartment, as if unable to make moments it slowly withdrew toward the other side of the compartment, as if unable to make up its mind to begin the attack. The python, especially in its natural state, is said to suffer acutely from the pangs of hunger, and in satisfying them betrays extreme voracity. During the day it had shown the usual symptoms of returning appetite, and its present conduct, as it could not be laid to apathy, was, therefore, all the more remarkable.

As the snake retreated, the rabbit, probably crazed by terror, sprang forward, and in any

As the snake retreated, the rabbit, probably crazed by terror, sprang forward, and in another instant had bitten the python in the neck just behind the head, its most vulnerable spot. The rabbit then hopped back to the further extremity of the cage. The python, so suddenly and unexpectedly attacked, had not tried to defend itself, and could not be prevailed upon again to approach its naturally timid foe. The latter was taken from the cage, and, in view of its heroic defense of its own life, was allowed to live in happiness (according to the ideas of rabbits). of its own life, was allowed to live in happiness (according to the ideas of rabbits), until its death from natural causes. Four days afterward the python died, not, the physicians said, from the immediate effects of the bite, but from gangrene, which developed in the wound. Some of these wise men even went so far as as to assert (and it is today cited by others as a signal instance of animal magnetism) that the rabbit's influence over the python was the result of hypnotism.

esult of hypnotism. Colonel Beverly Tucker Dying.

RICHMOND, Va., July 2.—[Special.]—Colonel Beverly Tucker is very ill at St. Luke's home, and it is thought he can live only a few days. He is seventy years old, and for nearly haif a century has been prominent if law, politice and literature. He has had the personal acquaintance of all the great men of the country for the last forty years, and he is a well known figure in Washington, where he has made his home since the war. Colonel Tucker was consul to Liverpool under Buchanan. He is a brother of Hon. John Randolph Tucker. Two other brothers, St. George and David, were alike prominent. The family is one of the best known in Virginia.

The First Held This Year.

The First Held This Year.

Ralende, N. C., July 2.—[Special.]—The democratic convention of this, the fourth judicial district, was held at Smithfield, Johnston county. On the first ballot Spier Whitaker was nominated for judge. Spier was appointed by Governor Fowle last November. The convention nominated E. W. Pou, Jr., of Johnston, for solicitor. The convention was harmonious. It is the first judicial or congressional convention held in the state this year.

My wife had chills and fever for nearly a year and tried everything. At last Smith's Tonic Syrup broke them. I now prescribe it in my practice.—A. W. Travis, M. D., Silver Lake,

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizine nausea, constipation, pain in the side, guarateed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pil One a dose. Small price. Small dose. Small price. Angestura Bitters should find a placery household. The best cure for indeed. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Sistems. All druggless keep them.

A NOVEMBER DAY.

RECALLED BY A VISIT TO BEN

dianapolis Is a Democratic City, and Voted Against the Little Man Who New Sits in the White House.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 1 .- [Special.]-A return to this rather rural western city, which is remarkably like a village, notwithstanding the population which will be ac-credited to it by the census enumerators; discloses the evanescence of human glory.

My first visit was during the presidential election of 1888. Then the name of Harrison

was on every tongue, and Indianapolis was the capital of the republican party.

Hither tramped the politicians who desired to hug the throne of power—men who had belittled Harrison, but who were now willing to kiss his feet for the crumbs from the table of patronage; and men who had influence to sell patronage; and men who had influence to sen as well as advice to offer. The daily register of the Denison House read like a roll call of the republican party. There were inscribed the names of Blaine and Windom and DePew, and others who were republicans either from

principle or pelf! These were great days for Indianapolis. The hackman flourished as never before, Every local leader became an oracle of power. No matter how small the leader might be, there was a possibility that he might be the next door neighbor of the "great I am" of republican hypocrisy and deceit. It was amusing to see party leaders from New York, Pennsylva-nia, and other great states, playing the agreea-ble to some local "scab" who might possibly have access to the car which flopped under the shadow of "grandfather's hat." I know these men must be thoroughly ashamed when they look back and think of how they demeaned themselves—and for what?

For the notice of one of the smallest men God ever made! If the surface of the earth were scraped over, a smaller, meaner, more narrow-minded man than Benjamin Harrison could not be found. To see him as his little pipestem legs carried his pudgy body into the presence of his worshippers, Baby McKee rest-ing upon his left arm, while with his right he extended a clammy hand-shake to each caller, was enough to suggest blizzards and icicles all the way from the pole. His frigidity was not the result of caution—it was, on the contrary, the result of a mind too warped to be manly, and too contracted to accord others the right of opinions which might differ from his own.

Nevertheless, the fact that he was the candidate of one of the great parties of the country for the presidency, created a kind of warmed-over enthusiasm for him. The city was full of boodlers like Quay, who hoped to profit by his election, and thus all joined in building up enthusiasm for the man with the clammy hand. There were
of music, paid for by
republican state committee,
there were workers at every step, who paid so much a day for their patriotism

danced through the corridors of the Denison the stranger might be impressed with the idea that Harrison was a great man. "Just wait till the vote is in." suggested Judge East, who had returned from the west to watch the election, 'and see whether Bynum or Harrison stand highest in the esti-

When the drums began to beat, and the paid

hirelings began to cheer, and the fuglemen

mation of those who know them best." And, sure enough, there was a revelation. Harrison, with the power of a national party at his back, coercing employes through their republican bosses, was declared by the men of his own county to be unfit to hold the office of president of the United States! Though the vote of Indiana was finally counted for him, it was by a majority of only 2,000 in a These votes were the result of open purchase by a man who, though now refused admittance into the white house, was kept in full fellowship as long as his frauds could be of benefit to the little

hypocrite of Delaware avenue. The same vote which repudiated Benjamin Harrison for the presidency elected Hon. William D. Bynum to congress. The fact that Bynum visited our Georgia Chautauqua three years ago, renders reference to him agreeable to the readers of The Constitution. His recent defiance of Speaker Reed marks him onal figure, who will continue to fill an enlarging space in the public eye. He is a man who moves among the "boys," and who relies upon the good sense of the common people, the masses, rather than upon the favor of

the classes. There are people here in Indiana who see in Bynum the man for the democrats to pit against Harrison in 1892. They argue that the man who whipped out Harrison in his own home, can whip him out in the nation. There is no doubt but that Bynum possesses the popular qualities so necessary in a party leader. He would go down among the people and whoop them up in the style of the men of fifty years ago. He is a man who can be relied upon to recognize the claims of the men who voted him into office, and he would have very little compunction about "turning the rascals out." He is des tined to take the place in Indiana so long held

by the late Thomas A. Hendricks, What a sterling old democrat is ex-Governor Gray! A perfect likeness of the picture popularly drawn of "Uncle Sam," tall, lean, and sharp-visaged with the well-battered high hat. Official station neither puffs him up, nor makes him forget that the greatest sovereign in this county is the humble voter cast-ing an unpurchased ballot. On that fate-ful November night when the demogratic leaders gathered around Charley Jewitt to hear the returns from states which had failed to go democratic, Governor Gray took his place among them, and shared in the common feeling of disappointment that extraneous subjects were permitted to detract from the one simple idea of democratic ascendancy. And he was never more democratic than when the backbone seemed to be be knocked out of ocracy in New York state; he arose with

an ominous look and said:
"Boys, let's go and take a drink to the licking which we will give them four years from

At an early hour the democratic head-quarters were closed, for what sense would there have been in staying awake to hear of Harrison carrying states which Quay and Dud-ley had already fixed? ight."

"There is one peculiarity about us Indiana democrats," said Marshal Hawkins, "We never cry over the past. We submit to defeat for the time, and go to work at once to make victory certain the next time."

My acquaintance with the democrats of Indiana convinces me that they are the salt of

the state. They are the honest homeowners, laborers and producers—the men who extract support from an unwilling soil, and whose frugality, temperance and integrity are the backbone of the commonwealth. The contractors who grew rich during the

The contractors who grew rich during the war, the pension sharks, and the men who have votes to sell, form the main backbone of the republican party. The state has never gone republican in an honest vete. The corruption funds, raised by republican party leaders, the influx of fraudulent voters into the border counties from Illinois and Ohio, and open bribery account for republican success in terms.

rough in democratic national conventions only to knile our candidates in the election.

The west will claim the presidency this time.

Just give us Bynum for president, and see if
the won't sweep Harrison off his feet in a man. ner truly surprising!" P. J. MORAN.

TILLMANISM IN SPARTANBURG. The Farmers Jubilant Over the Fact That

a Primary Has Been Ordered. SPARTANBURO, S. C., July 2.—[Special.]— The farmers here are jubilant over the fact that it has finally been settled to hold a primary in the gubernatorial election. The contest will be decided by a plurality vote. The Tillman ites being well organized and perfectly har-monious, will have an advantage over the other side, the strength of which will divide between Earle and Bratton. A Tillman man said today that there had been little fear in his party before, but that now there would by ne at all.

Preparations are rapidly going forward at the lectric light plant, and it is anticipated that all arrangements for lighting the city will be completed within the next ten days. The Chuyler system of arc light will be employed. The light will be 1,500 candle power. Many of the leading business houses have had light put in their establishments, and will henceforward use electricity in the place The Spartanburg Gas and Electric Light

company proposes to organize an enermous grist mill to be run by the superfluous steam which now goes to waste from the two greats engines employed in their other business.

THE "DULL THUD" REVIVED. A South Carolina Correspondent Who Has

GREENVILLE, S. C., July 2 .- [Special.] Henry Schaffer, a negroe man, was working with some other negroes in a well near the Carter mil, yesterday afternoon. He had a keg of powder and some dynamite cartridge near by. He had built a fire to set off the fuse. Suddenly the powder exploded, causing the Suddenly the powder exploded, causing dynamite to explode also. Schaffer was throabout fifteen feet in the air, and fell with dull thud.

about fitteen feet in the air, and fell with a dull thud.

When his companions reached him they thought he was dead, but, upon examination by a physician, he was found to be alivathough with a poor chance of recovery. His right side, from head to feet, was horsiby burned, and pieces of the fuse were driven into his flesh. How he escaped from instant death is a mystery. I is not thought that he can recover.

SUNSTROKE IN SPARTANBURG. The Hottest Day of the Season in Upper South

Carolina.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., July 2.—[Special.]— Whilst seated on the street yesterday after-noon, Mr. Pope N. Crouch, late of Newberry, S. C., and now proprietor of the Central hotel in this city, received a sunstroke. The day had been the hottest of this unusually heated term, the thermometer standing 92 in the shadiest places. Drs. Means, Moore, Dean and Heinitch were summoned at once to the assistance of the sick man. He lay for several hours in an unconscious state, but regained the possession of his faculties during the night. and is doing very well.

The Enumerators Were Colored Men.
Columbia, S. C., July 2.—[Special.]—Hearing many complaints about the failure of the census enumerators to visit houses in this city, a reporter went out on the streets today and asked the first fifty he met whether they had been counted. Forty-nine of them had native the control of the control of them had native the control of the control seen the enumerators. Some of the princip business houses have not been visited. T enumerators here were all colored men a enumerators here were all colored men and many of them unacquainted with the city. It is supposed that the figures will fall one fourth short of the actual population.

The Tennis Tournament. SPARTANBURG, S. C., July 2 .- [Special.]-Considerable preparation is being made for the tennis tournament which is to take place on the 8th between this city and the teams from Anderson, South Carolina. The visitors will be handsomely entertained, and the advocates of the court are expecting a treat of good tennis. There have been arranged several matches in singles and doubles for male and

The Taxable Value of Spartar SPARTANBURG, S. C., July 2.—[Special.]—Hen. Edmond Bacon, county auditor, has so far completed his tax duplicates as to give a very good jestimate of Spartanburg's taxable property. The figures as he foots them up will sum up considerably over \$8,000,000. This makes the increase for the fiscal year about \$1,000,000.

Spartanburg's Population.
Spartanburg, S. C., July 2.—[Special.]—
The census is nearly completed, and gives the city a population in excess of 6,000. There are four large manufacturing enterprises in course of establishment here, which will add 2,000 inhabitants to the city within the next year

If you feel "out of sorts," cross and pee-take Dr. J. McLeau's Sarsaparilla; cl fulness will return and life will acquire zest.

of Dividend.

A semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent las been declared on the capital stock of the company, payable on or after the loth instant.

7-2-dlw Secretary. The Benefit of Good Advice.-Thanks fo

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights of painful watching with poor, suffer-

ing, teething children. Twenty-five cents

GREED OF GAIN and thirst for pleasure. The ruling passion of the human family. In grasping after riches the brain is taxed, the nervous system strained. In the pursuit of pleasure the bed is tortured by fashion's despotic sway; the hours designed for repose are devoted to ashausting revelry; the stomech is ruthlessly imposed upon; pure water, the natural drink for all created beings, is ignored, and liquid fire is substituted until, ere we aware of it, disease has fixed its iron grapupon us. Then we look for the "remedy."

To the victim of these follies, we commend Dr. Tut's Liver pills. They stimulate the liver, strongthen the nerves, restore the appetite and build up the debilitated body.

Tutt's Liver Pills MAKE A VIGOROUS BODY.

Price, 25c. Office, 39 & 41 Part Place, N. T. \$3.00 Atlanta to Chat tanooga and return. Tick ets on sale at R. D Mann & Co.'s Ticket Of fice, 4 Kimball House July 3d and 4th, via W. & A. R. R.

Liebig Company's

EXTRACT OF BEEF.

For improved and ecococy, use it for Soups, Sound Made Dishes. In flavor omparable, and dissolves pe comparable, and dissolves per clear in water. Makes dell Beef Tea and keeps in all clii for any length of time. I lb to 40 lbs of loan beef. Only nature of loan beef. Only nature is signature in the chast

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TANBURG. in Upper South

2.-[Special.]yesterday after-te of Newberry, oke. The day usually heated ding 92 in the s, Moore, Dean d at once to the He lay for several , but regained the aring the night,

[Special.]—Hear-he failure of the souses in this city, streets today and whether they had of them had not e of the principal cen visited. The colored men and with the city. It vill fall one fourth

ly 2.—[Special.]— being made for the s to take place on nd the teams from The visitors will and the advocates a treat of good arranged several

Spartanburg. y 2.—[Special.]— auditor, has so cates as to give a rtanburg's taxable e foots them up will r \$8,000,000. This fiscal year about

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e Company-Notice f five (5) per cent has stock of the company. JOEL HURT, Secretary.

Advice.—Thanks to OTHING SYRUP lieved from sleepless ng with poor, suffer-Twenty-five cents

FGAIN

The ruling passion grasping after richthe nervous system of pleasure the body despotie sway the bear of the recoment is ruthlessly water, the natural lings, is ignored, and duntil, ere we are for the "remedy" folilies, we commend They stimulate the rives, restore the appendebilitated body.

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OF BEEF.

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Dishes. In flavor—in, and dissolves perfectly
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MR. DEGIVE IS BACK AND TALKS THEATER

HE TELLS OF HIS RECENT TRII

And Describes Some of the Leading Theaters of the World.

THE BROADWAY IS THE BEST And Atlanta's New Opera House Will Be Like That.

Atlanlanta's new opera house will be Mr. L. deGive returned a few days

through the west and the principal cities of the east, and he has made up his mind upon some of the principal features of this new house.
"I went from here to Chattanooga," said Mr. DeGive in telling of his trip yesterday, and from there to Nashville, where I spent a day looking at the beautiful Vendome. It is a beauty indeed and I was especially struck with the arrangement of the boxes, which

in my opinion, the best of house which I saw anywhere. From Nashville I went to Evansville, Ind., where there is a perfect little gem of a theater Then I went from there to Cleveland, then for a week in Boston, and wound up with a week or ten days in New York. In all these cities I investigated the principal theaters, and learned much which will be of value to me."

"Which struck you as the best?"
"The Broadway theater in New York. The Trement at Boston, a new theater built by Messrs. Abbey & Schæffer is very fine, and so is the new theatre in Harlem and the new Amphion theater in Brooklyn. These are all built by the same architect, and are in my opinion as nearly perfection as anything

"And the Broadway you like best?" "Yes, and I gave the architects, Messrs. McElfatrick, orders accordingly. These gen-tlemen built the Broadway and the other theaters on the same plan that I have mencloned, and although I have had offers from other experienced architects to do it at lower figures, I have placed the work in the hands of these greatest of theatrical architects."

"The work will be begun?" "Mr. Goldsmith will vacate his home on the first of August, and will begin at once the work of tearing down and excavating for the new house. The architects will send on the founda-tion plan as soon as I have a profile of the land made, which will be within a few days." "Do you think, Mr. DeGive, that the Broadway theater is best suited to your prop-

erty here, and the wants of Atlanta?" "It seems to me so. My lot, which is ninetythree feet and a fraction frontage, is considerably larger than that occupied usually by theaters in large cities simply because they can't get the ground in a suitable location. I will have a greater seating capacity than almost any of the New York, Chicago and Boston theaters, with the exception, of course, of such wonderfully big concerns as the Auditorium in Chicago, the Metropolitan and the Grand in New York, the Boston theater and a Lew others of the same general style."

Then Mr. DeGive fell to talking adout some of the features of the northern theaters. One thing which struck me especially," he said. "was the lack of light in the theaters. For several years past the frescoing has been too dark in my opinion; now, however, they are changing that. But you will see in the principal theaters that there is scarcely any light burned on the audience, except for a few minutes between the acts. For of the time it was almost impossible for you to read the programme. I was rather surprised at that at first, but then I realized that this was due to the fact that the audiences in these cities are made up very largely of the travel-ing public, and at least that the people don't ow everybody like we do here in Atlanta, for instance, and they don't care to see who are in the audience. I was rather surprised to

\$200,000? The man who built that stage wen all over Europe investigating all the big stage of the world. The machinery is wonderful; I can't begin to describe it to you, but everything there was simply perfection. But do you know it is the opinion in Chicago and the same opinion is held by people who know it is the know, that this Auditorium will hurt the theaters in Chicago very much. It will have about the same effect upon the theaters tha Haverly's big minstrels did upon the other minstrel concerns of the day. It is too big for the others.

"Another wonderfully big affair is the new Madison Square garden. From the entrance the people on the stage look like men figures. I was there one night when Strauss's band was giving a concert, and even that magnificent band don't begin to fill the hall. I don't know whether the great arches and pillars injure the acoustic properties, but I imagine they

"Did you see any new attractions?" "In Chicago I saw James O'Neil's produc-tion of the Dead Heart, and let me tell you that is a wonderful success—a beautiful play, beautifully staged and with a splendid cast; it was clearly the reigning attraction in Chicago this summer. A play to magnificent business for five weeks is something I imagine which no other attraction of its class could have done. Mr. O'Neil and Mr. Cohen have, I feel certain, a great winner in the Dead Heart, perhaps a sec-ond Monte Christo. In New York there is a great deal of opera—the Casino, the De-Wolf Hopper Opera company and the new opera which Mr. Yale has, "The Sea King" I believe they call it. This last has the most music in it, but DeWolf Hopper and his company give the best entertainment. There is not much music in "Castles in the Air," but there is lots of fun in it. "The Brazilians," at the Casino is, of course, beautifully staged, but I don't think much of the play."

"What about our own season" "Well, Mr. Tannenbaum is in New York completing dates for the southern circuit, and the list is by no means complete as yet, but we will have some excellent attractions, and I think as a whole a better season than we had the last. Among the attractions already booked

"After Dark," Tin Soldier," Ferguson and Mack, Cleveland's Minstrels," "Twelve Temptations," "Fairies Well," Sol. Smith Russell, Frederick Ward, "The Great Metropolis," Effic Elisler, Milton Nobles, Patti Rosa, "Held by the Enemy," Conrad Opera company, Hess Opera company, with Pauline L'Allemand as prima donna, "Shenandoah," "The Little Tycoon," Rhea, Jefferson and Florence, "The Nabobs," Primrose & West's minstrels, Nelly McHenry, Pixley, "The Old Homestead," "The

Wife," James O'Nell, Stuart Robson, the great comedian; Roland Reed, "Paul Kanvar," Mantell, "The Corsair," "The Two Old Cronies," and many others which I do not eow recall.

THE TRACHERS' EXCURSION. They Leave Tomorrow Morning for St. Paul. The excursion of teachers will leave Atlanta

tomorrow morning at 7:50.

The teachers have chosen the well known and popular route over the Western and Atlantic, the Louisville and Nashville and the Bur-

lington route.

A large number of well known teachers have already registered to go, and by the time the train pulls out from Atlanta, there will be crowd in truth. They will be gone for quite a while, and certainly have a most enjoyable trip mapped

To Mr. B. F. Blake, the genial and efficient traveling freight and passenger agent for the Burlington route, is due much of the credit

for arranging the trip.

He is a railroad man of many superior qualifications, and teachers will not [suffer] for the] want of comforts or courtesies so long as he has charge of the party.

MILLIONS IN SIGHT.

Colonel Almarez Pounded Out Six Pounds of Gold in a Hand Mortar.

of Gold in a Hand Mortar.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 2.—Colonel Panifilo Almarez, of the American army, reached San Diego Wednesday, from Juarez, Lower California, and tells of a remarkable strike in the mountains near Juarez.

He found gold ore so rich that, with a hand mortar, he got six pounds of gold.

He declares that it is not a pocket, but there are millions in sight.

FROM OUR NOTEBOOK.

Home From St. Simons.—Mr. W. R. Crosby and Mr. H. B. Deas have returned from St. Simons, after a week's enjoyment on the coast. During their stay they killed an eight and a half foot alligator, and his skin is now being tanned to make slippers for the two nimrods and their wives.

Off for the Summer.—On Friday next Mrs. P. E. Brown and her daughter, Miss Daisy Brown, will leave for a visit to Chicago, Minneapolis and St. Paul. Mrs. Brown will spend some time in Chicago at the hospitals, studying the most improved methods of treating patients, under the direction of a number of prominent medical men with whom she is acquainted.

Bound Over.—Thomas Martin, the watchman, was bound over by Judge Landrum yesterday, on a charge of assault and battery preferred by Mrs. H. Leon, wife of the Chinese laundryman, on Marietta street.

Slowly Improving.—The last news from the bed-side of Dr. Word is that he is slowly improving, although he is not yet out of danger.

He Is Out.—Dr. Fred Palmer, the well known pharmacist, is out again. Dr. Palmer has been suffering for some time from old wounds received during the war. Dr. Palmer was one of the best soldiers of the south during the war, and was for long time a prisoner on Johnson island.

In the Georgia Division.—General Manager C. H. Hudson, of the East Tennessee, has issued a M. Hudson, of the Base Tellifester, and circular, saying:

"The line from Atlanta junction to Cleveland (hereafter to be known as Rome subdivision), and the Decatur branch, are-this day transferred from the Alabama division to the Georgia division, and will be in charge of the superintendent of that di-

Zouaves on a Lawn.-The Atlanta Zouaves are Zonaves on a Laurn.—The Atlanta Zonaves are rapidly becoming the most popular military company in Atlanta. Nearly every day the company receives an invitation to partake in an entertainment of some kind, but the constant drilling Captain Hollis is giving the boys for the exposition precludes an acceptance. Tomorrow night the company will vary its rule, however, and in full dress uniform will attend a lawn party given for Payne's chapel. On the lawn, under electric lights, the company will drill.

Saturdays Excepted.—The Young Men's library began closing early, Tuesday. From July 1st to October 1st, the hall will be closed at 7 o'clock in the evening. On Saturdays, however, the doors will rewain open until 9 o'clock.

Going to Asheville.—The Atlanta Zouave band will leave Atlanta this afternoon for Asheville, N. C., and will be absent several days. The band goes to the Monteford Park celebration on the 4th; E. F. Marsden, the leader, is making the Zouave band one of the best in the south.

An Infant's Death.—Hannah Minor, eighteen months old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stephens, died yesterday morning at their home, No. 23 Walker street. The funeral will take place from the family home this morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Stephens have many friends in Atlanta who will sympathize with them in their bereavement.

are in the audience. I was rather surprised to make the discovery about the lack of seating capacity of some of the principal theaters of the country. I will have in a few days the ground floor plats from which they will reserve seats, and this will show you just what I mean."

"And what did you think of the Auditorium?"

"It is a wonderful building, the most wonderful in some respects I have ever seen. I will ask you a question in return. What would you think of a theater upon the stage of which alone there had been expended nearly \$200,000? The man who built that stage went.

The Horticultural Society.—At the meeting of the Atlanta Horticultural society, esterday, W. Whidby and D. Morrison were elected delegates to the summer session of the State Agricultural society, at LaGrange, and Mr. A. W. Underwood and Mr. R. H. Huzza, alternates.

The design for a new seal for the society, reported by the committee on tent for floral show reported progress. They are canvassing for subscriptions or a general fund for purchasing a tent, stands, etc., and prizes for displays. The admission fee to visitors will be only 10c. Quite a large to visitors will be only 10c. Parties whaing to stand the seal or design for a new seal for the society, and Mr. R. H. Huzza, alternates.

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The Cass Was Settled.—Yesterday the case of W. H. Prichetts, as next friend, vs. the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, suit for \$15.000, was settled in city court, the road paying \$7,500. The suit, was based on the allegation that W. T. Prichetts, the fourteen year old son of W. H. Pricketts, was run over at the McDonough road crossing and badly injured. There was another suit brought, but it was included in the settlement.

Mr. Wallace Improving.—Mr. P. J. Wallace is slowly improving, and his friends hope for his speedy recovery.

JONASSON HOME.

His Story of His Imprisonment in Berlin-Still Under Bail.

New York, June 30.—Joseph Jonasson, who was arrested in Berlin, charged with having uttered disrespectful language against the emperor, returned from Europe last night and was seen at the office of Mayer, Jonasson & Co., 358 Broadway, of which firm he is a member this morning.

ber, this morning.
Scores of his business associates called to hear the story of his arrest from his own lips. He said that on the evening of June 1st, he He said that on the evening of June 1st, ne visited the theater in company with his brother. Subsequently, he entered a cafe alone to get a glass of beer. At a table sat several students under the influence of liquor. One of them remarked, "Here comes another — American." When Mr. Jonasson turned to look at him, he added, "We are Prussians, too."

To this remark Mr. Jonasson replied, "You must be something big then." The student who had spoken before retorted, "and so is our

who had spoken before retorted, "and so is our Emperor."
Mr. Jonasson made no reply but soon after left the place followed by the students. The latter caused his arrest upon a charge of talking disrespectfully about the emperor. He was kept locked up in prison for three days before he could communicate with his brother or friends, who were meantime visiting the hospitals and morgues, thinking he had met with some accident or been killed. In court the student who had made the charge admitted that he was intoxicated at the time and "could not remember what the defendant had said about the emperor. Mr. Jonasson was admitted to bail in 5,000 marks and returned to this country.

mitted to bair in o,000 in the country.

If the prosecuting attorney of Berlin decides to prosecute him, he will return and face the music. In any event, Mr. Jonasson will bring the attention of the United States government to the outrage and ascertain whether an American citizen shall be subjected to such treatment or not.

AFFECT SOCIETY.

PEOPLE COME AND PEOPLE GO

But Entertainments Are Few and Far Between.

SOME GOSSIP ABOUT ATLANTIANS And the Friends Whom They Are

Entertaining or Visiting.

Mr. T.E. Marsh, a well known traveling salesman, of Greenville, Tenn., was wedded to Miss Katle Cotton, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Cotton, who 'reside at No. 9 Hood street, at the Central Presbyterian church, Rev. Dr. W. B. Strickler officiating, at 9 o'clock last evening.

The wedding was quite a brilliant affair. The bride was attired in a rich dress of white silk, with orange blossoms. The attendants were Mr. Ollie B. Johnson and Miss Bessie Marsh, of Greenville, Tennesse; Mr. Henry G. Bean and Miss Evie Smith; Mr. T. J. Delbridge and Miss Mary Motes; Mr. Robert Wilson and Miss Luckie Jones;

Motes; Mr. Robert Wilson and Miss Luckie Jones Mr. William E. Johnson and Miss Mamie Berkele Mr. James Rankin and Miss Katie Osborne.

The ushers were Messrs. Peter Williams, Andy Smith and H. L. Marsh.

The church was beautifully decorated with ferns, palms and evergreens, and the lady attend-ants were dressed in white, blue and pink dresses, that showed off most elegantly in the train of the beautiful bride.

After the wedding an enjoyable reception was

given at the residence of the bride's parents, and the festivities were kept up until a late hour. Mrs. Clinton Bacon left for New York Sunday, to be gone several weeks.

Miss Carrie Crane left yesterday, to visit friends in Washington, D. C. She will be joined by Mrs. Smyth there in a few weeks, and they will go to

New York together.

Miss E. F. Andrews is spending a few days in the city on her way to the Monteagle chautauqua, where she goes to be one of the lecturers. Miss Andrews's lectures at the chautauqua at Salt Springs last summer will be remembered with great pleasure by all who heard them. Since then these lectures have been accepted for publication by several leading magazines. The one on "Fashions in Literature" recently published in the "Cosmopolitan" has been widely copied and commented upon. Mrs. Andrews has recently had the honor of being elected a member of the Torrey club of New York, one of the leading botanical clubs in the United States, and her contributions to botany through the "Popular Science Monthly" have placed her as one of the leaders in that science. After she leaves Monteagle she goes ence. After she leaves Monteagle she goes through Canada, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland to study the ferns and mosses of those countries.

Mrs. A. E. Grady and Mrs. Mattie Grady, who have been visiting Mrs. W. E. Peel, left for their home in Athens this week. Their visits to Atlanta are always a source of great pleasure to their friends and that they stay such a little time is re-

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Knowles and family left for the White Sulphur springs yesterday.
They take their carriages, horses and
servants with them, and will live there in elegant style for two months.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Spence and Mrs. John Paul Jones leave today for Charlestown beach to spend the summer. Mrs. Sallie Cooper Sanders, of Washington, Ga., is spending a few days in the city, on her way to St. Paul, Minn.

The many friends of Mrs. Charles Arnall will regret to know that she is quite sick.

Mrs. J. B. Cobb and her daughter, Miss Mary Cobb, who has just graduated with first honors at Wesleyan college, will arrive in the city today to be the guests of Mrs. James Jackson, on West

Miss Wildie Phillips, of Columbus, and Miss Martin, of Little Rock, are the guests of Mrs. The Misses Cooney, of New Orleans, are visiting their brother, Mr. Cooney, on Merritts avenue.

Miss Katie Stocking and Miss Nellie Block have

Mr. and Mrs. Ottley are spending the summer Mayor and Mrs. Glenn have moved from Merritts avenue to their new home on Forrest avenue the former residence of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Scott.

Judge Hopkins and family are at New Holland. Mrs. Welborn Hill and Mrs. Dr. Hugh Hagan

The lawn fete and social, given by the Christian Endeavors of the church of the Redeemer, Tuesday night, in the beautiful lawn and grounds of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Nelson, on the Boulevard, was Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Nelson, on the Boulevard, was also a reception to Miss Frankie Nelson, who has ust returned from the New England Conservatory of Music, at Boston, where she has been studying for the past year perfecting herself upon the piano, having rare talent in that direction. This was the last of a series of socials for the season, and was very largely attended and theroughly enjoyed.

thoroughly enjoyed.

Miss Franklin played several choice selections upon the plane and delighted her many friends by her artistic rendering of diffi-

Mrs. A. B. Carrier and daughter, Miss Gertrude Pearl, are spending the summer in the delightful climate of northern Michigan.

GRIFFIN, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Mr. John F. Dickinson, of this city, and Mrs. Mattie Malone, of Fayette county, were quietly married at Hampton this afternoon. The marriage was quite a surprise, and will be read in The Constitution

before it is in the city papers.

Mr. Dickinson is a brother-in-law of Hon. John
D. Stewart, and a well to do business man. The
bride is one of Fayette county's most estimable
ladies. Both Mr. Dickinson and his bride are to
be congratulated on the union.

Mrs. Forest Adair and children and Mrs. Minnie R. Ford are spending some time at Indian Springs. Mrs. D. M. Easton, of New Mexico, is visiting her father, Mr. E. Andrews, No. 313 South Pryor

Miss Sallie Selman, who had been the guest of Mrs. I. H. Gibbs on Highland avenue, has returned to her home in Monroe. Mrs. E. J. Downs and Mrs. J. M. Bell, of Gaines-ville, are the guests of Mrs. L.R. Allen at 175 Court-land avenue.

Mr. W. P. Sparks, of Albany, is in the city shaking hands with his many friends. Colonel C. Z. Blalock has returned to the city after a few days' visit in the country.

Miss Alice Curtis, of Columbus, Ga., is visiting Miss Wyoline Lowe, at the Leyden house. Mrs. Walter Curtis and Master Will Curtis, of Columbus, Ga., are at the Leyden house.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Spalding returned yester-day from New York, where they have been for the past ten days at the Hotel Brunswick. Mr. Spald-ing was attending the International Car Service association, of which he is president. The Ladies' Aid society of the Fourth Presbyta-rian church, resisted by the Christian Endeavor society, will give an ice cream festival on the lawn next to the church tonight (Thursday), at 8 o'clock

Several unique and attractive features will be introduced, and a good time is in store for all who attend. Come out and enjoy yourself, and at the same time aid in a good cause.

There will be a lawn party given at the residence of E. T. Payne, 389 Marietta street, Thursday evening, by Payne's Chapel (League, for the benefit of the new church.

Miss Annie Boyd is quite ill at her home on Personal.

Personal.

Professor S. B. Spencer, once mayor of Atlanta, and for many years a prominent attorney, but now of the Savannah public schools, is in Atlanta visiting his sons, Captain M. B. Spencer and Lieuteannt Spencer, of the Atlanta Rifles.

Hend Respess, of The Constitution's art department, left for a ten days' trip to New York today.

Apharetta, was in the city on protosocal mess yesterday.

MR.IG. A. SEYMOUR, of New York, an old and well known drummer, formerly of Atlanta, but now of New York, its spending a few days with his mother on Pulliam street.

MR. TOM BEARDER, of Baltimore, formerly connected with the old firm of Wyley & Green, spent the day in Atlanta yesterday.

THE REALIZATION STAKES.

Fournament Wins the Race-Lisimony Dving of Lockjaw.

New York, July 2.—The last of the spring meeting of the Coney Island Jockey club was about as disagreeable as it could be. Rain commenced to fall an hour before noon, and by racing time the track was quite heavy. This was doubly unfortu-nate, as the realization stakes was down for a de-cision, and while Crook's three year olds were not engaged, some very fast youngsters were down as probable starters, and a good contest was looked probable starters, and a good contest was the fourth race on the card. Green Morris had given his colt, Lisimony, special preparation for the race, and last night when he went into his stable he was fit to run for a man's life. This morning, when led out, he exhibited symptolockjaw. Since then the horse has not show improvement, and the opinion seems to be that he

First race, one mile, Diablo won, Reporter sec-ond, Granite third. Time, 1:41 2-5.

ond, Granite third. Time, 1:41 2-5.
Second race, straight course, nearly three-quarters of a mile, Russell won, Strath Meath second, Reckon third. Time, 1:11 1-5.
Third race, seven furlongs, Shot Over won, Vengeur second, Dalsyrian third. Time, 1:20. Fourth race, Realization stakes, for three year Fourth race, Realization stakes, for three year olds; special entrance with \$10,000 added, allowances, one mile and five furlongs, Tournament won, Her Highness second, Banquet third. Other starters: Jersey Pat, Palisade, King Thomas, Padishah, Rancocas, Torso. Time, 2:31.

Fifth race, one mile and a half, Cassius won, Prather second, Eon third. Time, 2:38 1-5.

Sixth race, futurity course, Lepanto won, Evangeline second, Servitor third. Time, 1:31-5.

Seventh race, two miles on the turf, St. Luko won, Little Jim second, Taragon third. Time, 3:35.

Washington Park Races.

Washington Park Races.
CHICAGO, July 2.—First race, five furlongs,
Bramblebush wen, Woodford second, Ed Leonard Second race, one and one-sixteenth miles, Rival won, Gymnast second, Ja Ja third. Time,

1:47.

Third race, half a mile, Pettiwit won, Silver Charm second, King Solomon third. Time, 49.

Fourth race, mile and seventy yards, Lizzie B won, Whitenose second, Workmate third. Time, 1:454/4—breaking the record—1:454/4—by Catalpa on this track June 27, 1890.

Fifth race, two miles, Outbound won, Hypocrite Second, Spokane third. Time, 3:32/4.

The Baseball Games. At Cincinnati—[League]—Cincinnati, 6; base hits, 8; errors 1. Brooklyn 1; base hits 6; errors, 1. Batteries—Foreman and Baldwin; Terry and

At Cincinnati—[League]—Cincinnati, 6; base hits, 6; errors, 1. Batteries—Foreman and Baldwin; Terry and Daly.

At Pittsburg—[Brotherhood]—Pittsburg, 2; base hits, 8; errors, 4. Boston, 4; base hits, 9; errors, 1. Batteries—Galvin and Quinn; Gumbert and Murphy.

At Chicago—[Brotherhood]—Chicago, 10; base hits, 12; errors, 4. Philadelphia, 3; base hits, 7; errors, 5. Batteries—King and Farrell; Sanders and Milligan.

At Chicago—[League.]—Chicago, 4; base hits, 5; errors, 2. Philadelphia, 7; base hits, 10; errors, 2. Batteries—Hutchinson and Kittredge; Vickery and Clements.

At Pittsburg—[League]—Allegheney, 13; base hits, 16; errors, 6. New York, 9; base hits, 11; errors, 3. Batteries—Gumbert and Decker; Burkeit and Murphy.

Buffalo—[Brotherhood]—Buffalo, 17; base hits, 17; errors, 4. Brooklyn, 11; base hits, 9; errors, 9. Batteries—Ferson, Haddock and Clark and Mack; Murphy and Daily.

At Louis-ville—Louisville, 5; base hits, 14; errors, 2. Brooklyn, 3; base hits, 8; errors, 1.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; base hits, 13; errors, 2. Rochester, 2; base hits, 8; errors, 3. Batteries—Wittrock and Munyan; Barr and McGuire.

At Columbus, 2; base hits, 8; errors, 2. Batteries—Wittrock and Munyan; Barr and McGuire.

At Columbus, 2; base hits, 5; errors, 2. Batteries—Wittrock and Munyan; Barr and McGuire.

At Columbus, 2; base hits, 5; errors, 2. Batteries—Krauss, Easton and O'Connor; Casey and O'Rourke.

At Toledo—Toledo, 5; base hits, 8; errors, 9. Hielic, 5; base hits, 9; errors, 2. Batteries—Bakely, Gruber and Sutelliffe; O'Day and Brown.

At Cleveland—[League, first game, 11 innings]—Cleveland, 4; base hits, 4; errors, 2. Base hits, 11; errors, 1. Batteries—Wadsworth and Zimmer; Getzlin and Bennett. Second game 11 innings—Cleveland, 4; base hits, 11; errors, 2.

base hits, 11; errors, 1. Batteries—Whusworth and Zimmer; detzlin and Bennett. Second game 11 innings—Cleveland, 4; base hits, 11; errors, 2. Boston, 5; base hits, 12; errors 2. Batteries—Lincoln and Zimmer; Clarkson and Bennett.

Horsemen Will Read This.

RICHMOND, Va., July 2.—[Special.]—Major Thomas W. Doswell, the turfman and horse breeder, of Hanover, in this state, who is known of by almost every lover of horses in this country, has been quite ill here for several days. At one time it was feared the major's malady would necessitate the amputation of a foot, but his physicians think this danger is past. The great horseman's friends all over the country, will be glad to hear that his condition is greatly improved today, and he pluckily says that he will get well. Horsemen Will Read This.

THE REUNION AT CHATTANOOGA. The City Decorated-The Grand Parade

CHATTANOODA, July 2.—The first general reunion of confederate veterans will commence in this city tomorrow, continuing three days. The city is brilliantly decorated with blue and gray bunting, the stars and stripes, and large pictures of prominent generals and other leading characters on both sides in the late war. Several thousand people are here from various southern states, among them being General E. Kirby Smith, General John B. Gordon and others prominent in war. Addresses of welcome and response will be made tomorrow. · Tomorrow.

tomorrow.

In the grand military parade Friday morning there will be 10,000 old soldiers and militia from all parts of the south. General Gordon, general commanding, will review the troops and deliver an address from the saddle. The Tennessee river, Cameron hill and Lookout mountain will be illuminated Friday night by a grand pyrotechnic display.

Killed by a Dynamite Explosion.
CHATTANOGA, Tenn., July 2.—[Special.]—
By an explosion of dynamite today, at Crawfish Springs, Ga., near this city, on the old Chickamauga battlefield, three convicts were killed and one wounded. The men were blasting out a foundation for a new hotel. Ten charges had been placed, but only six of them—fired. The men returned to work, and while sending a drill down the hole, which had not been discharged, an explosion occurred. Four men were thrown over the tops of the surrounding trees, killing two of the victims instantly, wounding one so that he died in a few minutes, and dreadfully injuring the fourth. An inquest will be held. Killed by a Dynamite Explosio

In Favor of the Bank.

RICHMOND, Va., July 2.—Judge Bond, of the United States circuit court, today on an appeal decided the case of the city of Richmond vs. the First National bank of Richmond in favor of the bank. The decision perpetually enjoins the city collector from collecting taxes on shares of stock of individual shareholders. He also decided that the act passed by the last legislature to legalize and confirm these taxes upon national banks was wholly invalid and ineffectual.

The Storm in Ohio.

Zanesville, O., July 2.—The loss in the county to bridges and roads by today's storm mill reach \$200,000. Several short connecting Ohio railroads have been totally abandoned on account of washouts.

The Trial of Archer.

BALTIMORE, July 2.—The trial of ex-State reasurer Archer, charged with the embezzlement of funds of the state, has been set down at Tuesday naxt.

SECRETARY BLAINE'S LETTER In Regard to Postal and Cable Communica-

In Regard to Postal and Cable Communication Between the Republics.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—President Harrison today sent to congress a message transmitting letter from Secretary Blaine upon the report adopted by the Pan-American conference, respecting postal and cable communication be tween the United States and parts of Centra and South America, which accompanied the letter. In his letter the secretary says:

The report of the committee on communications upon the guif of Mexico and Caribbean sea shows that Mexico and the republics of Central America, although containing population and wealth that are but a fraction of our own, and with public revenues that do not compare with those of the United States, are doing more than this government to maintain commerce that is of much greater importance and advantage to us than it is to them.

The report points out advantages that might be

to them.

The report points out advantages that might be derived from more rapid and frequent means of communication, not only with the ports of Central America and the Spanish main, but with those of the west coast of South America also, which has foreign commerce exceeding \$100,000,000

a year.

Representatives of the countries bordering on the Pacific also recommend the co-operation of the various countries for the establishment of one or more subsidized steamship lines of the first class between San Francisco and Valparaiso and intermediate points, each country to pay a share proportionate to its population. Between the United States and ports of Brazil, Uruguay and the Argentine Republic, it is recommended that a fast subsidized line be established.

The president in his message says:

I cannot too strongly urge upon congress the necessity of giving this subject immediate and favorable consideration, and of making adequate appropriations to carry the recommendation into effect; and in this connection, I beg leave to call attention to what was said on the subject in my annual message. The delegates of seventeen neighboring republics, which have so recently been assembled in Washington at the invitation of this government, have expressed their wish and purpose to co-operate with the United States in the adoption of measures to improve the means of communication between the several republics of America. They recognize the necessity of a frequent, regular and rapid steamship service, both for the purpose of maintaining friendly intercourse and for the convenience of commerce, and realize that without such facilities it is useless to attempt to extend trade between their ports and ours. The president in his message says:

CAINE TESTED THEM And the Result was a Gladstonian Takes the

Vacated Seat. London, July 2.- The parliamentary election at Barrow in Furness today, the outcome of which has been looked forward to with much interest and considerable anxiety by all par-ties, resulted in a victory for the Gladstonian candidate. The vacancy was caused by the resignation of W. S. Caine, liberal unionist, who wished to test the feeling of his constituency regarding the licensing clauses of the local taxation bill, relating to compensation of publicans, and who resigned just before the publicans, and who resigned just before the clauses referred to were dropped by the government. Returns from today's election place Caine at the bottom of the polls. The vote was as follows; Duncan, Gladstonian, 1,994; Wainwright, conservative, 1,862; Caine, liberal unionist, 1,280. In 1886 Caine was elected. for Barrow in Furness by a vote of 3,212, against 1,882 for Ainsworth, home rule candi-

MENENDEZ WAS ASSASSINATED. The Truth About the Revolution in San

Salvador. CITY OF MEXICO, July 2, via Galveston. senor Dieguez, Guatemalan minister, here, informs the Associated Press correspondent that he has just received a telegram from his government announcing that Presi-dent Menendez, of San Salvador, was assassinated and did not die a natural death. The telegram also states that the peo-ple of San Salvador are protesting against the usurpation of power by General Ezeta, who will not permit the truth to be published or sent out of the country.

FRANCE AND AMERICA.

France Uneasy About its Trade With the United States.

Paris, July 2.—A deputation of members of the chamber of deputies representing the departments of Finistere, Cotes du Nord and Loire Inferieure called upon M. Roche, minister of commerce, today, and urged that the government maintain the law prohibiting the importation of American lard. M. Roche replied that the vote on the McKinley bill had changed France's commercial position toward America. The prohibition of importation of American lard, he said, might have been one of the motives for the passage of the McKinley bill. The question of the admission of lard had become a secondary question, as compared with the whole trade between France and America; but, apart from what the government might decide upon, after further negotiation with but, apart from what the government imput decide upon, after further negotiation with America, France could not, at present, meet America's avowal of an economic war by concession. He assured the deputation that no immediate change would be made in the

existing position. The Panama Canal Report. The Panama Canal Report.

Paris, July 2.—The commission sent by the government to Panama to investigate the condition of the canal today, issued a further report, dealing with the defects and omissions of the four plans proposed for the completion of the canal. According to the first of these plans, the canal is to be isolated, no use being made of the existing waterways. The second plan proposes to make use of such waterways. The third provides for the ship railway as a portion of the interoceanic route, and the fourth for a tunnel through the highland at Culebra.

Will Make No Display.

VIRNNA, July 2.—The Cracow police have forbidden the display of the Polish revolutionary flag on the occasion of the reinterment of the remains of Poet Mickiewicz. Many deputations from Switzerland, France and America have, therefore, abandoned the idea of attending the ceremony. The archbishop of Lemberg has forbidden the clergy to refer to the poet, because Renan delivers an oration on the occasion of the disinterment of the remains at Montmorency.

They Groaned for the Queen.

London, July 2.—The staff of the Central telegraph office of London, numbering 400 persons, refused to cheer for the queen on invitation of the officials in honor of the postal jubilee. Instead of cheering they groaned for the queen. They also groaned for Postmaster General Raikes as a protest against his treatment of their demands for the amelioration of their condition. Dredging the Channel.

GREYTOWN, steam dredge Herbert, lately dispatched from Charleston, S. C., reached here today. The work of dredging the channel and harbor The Riot at Leeds.

LERDS, July 2.—A mob tonight broke all the gas work's windows and fired revolvers at the police. Soldiers suppressed the disorder. The Strike May be Deferred.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala, July 2.—[Special.]—
The strike of the coal miners will probably be settled or deferred. There is a strong disposition among the men to work on at the present prices until later in the season, when the chances of enforcing their demands will be better. Some of the operators are disposed to offer a compromise, and if this is not accepted, the strike will likely be deferred until August or September.

the strike will likely be deferred until August or September.

Intelligent People.

When an intelligent person makes up his mind to try Smith's Tonic Syrup, made by Dr. John Bull, of Louisville, Ky., he will not be persuaded by his druggist to take some other remedy. He will insist on his druggist getting the medicine he wants, even though he may have to wait a week for it. When a family has once used Smith's Tonic Syrup and experienced its quick effect in curing all symptoms of malaria, chills and fever, summer colds, etc., they never allow themselves to be without it. An intelligent father would as soon be without flour in the house as to be without Smith's Tonic Syrup. The children like it, and its effect is always satisfactory.

THEY WERE RELEASED.

The Original Package Decision Sustained by a Kansas Judge. TOPEKA, Kas., July 2.—Judge Foster, of the United States court, yesterday released E. E. Marshall, of Lawrence, and Julius Antoine and W. L. Burns, of this city, original package liquor dealers, after a hea habeas corpus proceedings. Attorney General Kellogg contended that the packages were not original since they were in convenient sizes to defendants, Judge Foster took occasion to say that the dissenting judges of the United States supreme court had made the scope of the Iowa decision and of the law, as it now stands, very clear, having expressly declared that whisky and beer might be imported from one state into another and sold by the keg, case, bottle, or in any quantity, large or small, just so it remained in the shape in which it was put up for shipment.

His Nose Cut Off.

Mashville, Tenn., July 2.—[Special.]—What is called the supreme lodge of the Independent Order of Immaculates, a negro society, is in session here, and had a street paradetoday. While passing across the square, James Hutchison's team became frightened, and the owner jumped down to keep them from running away. The horses reared and plunged and dragged him in the way of the procession, when an immaculate named Same procession, when an immaculate named Sam Toney grabbed him by the collarand, with one blow of a sword, nearly severed the man's nose from his face. Toney was arrested on a state's warrant, charging him with assault with a deadly weapon. Hutchison is a well to do

Kansas City's Figures.

Kansas City's Figures.

Kansas City, July 2.—The taking of the censes was practically finished yesterday. The count show the city to have a population of 133,000, an increase of 130 per cent over 1880. The final completion of the schedules will not be effected for two or three days, but the figures given will not peone hundred, more or less. Jackson county one hundred, more or less. Jackson county give the county a representative in sources. The failure to enumerate 150,000 residents in the city, has occasioned much disatisfaction, but in all likelihood no new census will be ordered. 'A Boston Blaze.

Boston, July 2.—A fire that caused three alarms and lighted up the entire city occurred tonight, when the territory bounded by Clinton and south Market streets, Quincy row and Atlantic avenue, was almost entirely burned over. Here were located a series of one story buildings occupied by Armour & Co., G. T. & E. Swift, and George H. Hammond & Co. dealers in Chicago dressed beef, hams, etc. The Heat in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 2.—There have been three fatal cases of sunstroke in this city during the past twenty-four hours,

From the Denver Times. New York gained in the ten years 420,978 and Chicago 696,825. If the two gain at the same rate in the future, the great city by the lakes will pass its only remaining rival probably in 1910. Anyhous Chicago is doubtless destined to become the greatest city of the United States and of the western continent, and possibly of the world.

The Manifest Destiny of Chicago

Cause of Special Wonder.
From the Detroit Tribune.
We read in the emotional appeals of the real estate men who are getting up the Grant-Lee Cumberland Gap colossal statue scheme that "the war is over and the north and south are now reunited in eternal bonds of love, of friend-ship and unity." And then we turn to the proceedings in congress and wonder if that's so

Pimples
Blotches

ARE EVIDENCE That the blood is wrong, and that nature is endeavoring to throw of the impurities. Nothing is so beneficial in assisting nature as Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) It is a simple vegetable compound. Is harmless to the most delicate child, yet it forces the poison to the surface and eliminates it from the blood.

I contracted a severe case of blood poison that unfitted me for business for four years. A few bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) cured me.

J. C. Jones, C'ty Marshal,
Fulton, Arkansas.

THE S.S.S. MATA

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mails ree: Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga. Call at R. D. Mann & Co.'s General Railway Ticket Office for \$3.00 tickets to Chattanooga and return, via W. & A.

R.R. HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY. 500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals, and Chart Sent Free. 500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CULES (Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation A. A. Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever. B. B.,—Strains, Lameness, Rheavantism, C.C..—Distemper, Nasal Discharges, D.D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms, E.E.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache, E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia, F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache, G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages, H.H.—Urlnary and Kidney Discases, I.I.—Exuptive Discases, Mange. J.K.—Discases of Digestion, Faralysis, Single Bottle (over 50 doces).

Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, 57.00 Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, 1.00 Sold by Daggists; or Sent Prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on Receipt of Price.

Humphreys' Medicine Co., 109 Fulton St., H. V.

HUMPHREYS HOMEOPATHIC 7 SPECIFIC No. GO d Prostration, from over-work or other cause per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for the SOLD BY DEBUGGETS, or sent postpaid on receipt ion.—Humphrays' Hedicise Co., 100 Pulics St., E. L.

ASK FOR "GLOVE THUMB"



Pears' Soap Scented and Unscented BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

STEPHENS.—The friends and acquaintss Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stephens are reque attend the funeral of their little da Hannah Minor, at their residence, Walker street, at 19 o'clock today.

The Democratic Mass Meeting of Carroll County Nominates Judge Harris for the Succession to Tom Grimes.

CARROLLTON, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]— There was a mass meeting of the democrats of Carroll county held in the court house today at noon, called by Hon. B. A. Sharp, chair-

The convention enthusiastically passed the

Sampson W. Harris, of this city:
Whereas, It is not known generally to the people or Carroll county that the friends of our fellow titteen, Hon. S. W. Harris, from various parts of titizen, Hon. S.; W. Harris, from various parts of this congressional district are urging him to be come a candidate for congress, and as we have known him for years, first as a soldier, brave and true, and since as an honorable and cultured gentleman and faithful public officer, he is one of Georgia's purest and noblest souls. His Integrity and ability are unquestioned. He is of the people and for the people, and if elected would make us a model representative. Now, Pherefore, he it.

refore, be it itsesoived, By the democratic party of Carroll unty in mass meeting assembled, that we prent the name of Hon, S. W. Hurris the democratic party of the fourth agressional district as a man eminently qualified

JUDGE HARRIS SPEAKS. After the resolutions were passed, Judge Harris was called for, and made a ringing ch, which was met with great applause by the large crowd that heard him.

the large crowd that heard him.

The following is Carroll's new executive committee, with Z. E. Grow as chairman; J. S. Travis, J. A. Murb, D. F. Peace, J. L. Veal, J. W. Pentecost, A. Coleman, J. T. Jones, L. Holland, J. Wann, N. A. Horton, John Broome, C. L. Doster, S. C. Candler, W. A. Cheaves, R. L. Rowe, E. L. Connell, S. H. Waldrop, H. W. Reik, J. W. Morris, J. Bryant, J. T. Aberrumbie, J. R. Barrow, H. M. Williams, W. B. Stephenson, J. P. Yates, W. M. Thomason, John Gammon, J. C. McGarity, E. S. Roberts, E. L. Jones, P. H. Chandler, John Bartlett.

A PRIMARY RECTION CALLED. new democratic executive committee at this evening and selected Monday, July 21st, as the day for each precinct in Carroll county to elect delegates to a county conven-tion, to be held in Carrollton on Tuesday, the to select delegates to the gubernatorial and congressional conventions.

Carroll is now in for Sampson W. Harris for engress and W. J. Northen for governor. Hon. John K. Roop, president of the Carroll County Farmers' Blliance, introduced the resolution indorsing Judge Sampson W. Harris for

ongress at a mass meeting today.

The friends of Dr. R. L. Rowe, of Temple, this county, have announced his name as a candidate for the legislature. There are a nber of gentlemen who are spoken of, and will possibly enter the race at an early day. The Campbell County Democracy.

FAIRBURN, Ga., July 2 .- [Special.]-The democratic executive committee of Campbell county met here yesterday and remained in session only a short while. The following lutions were adopted:

1. Resolved, That a primary election be held in each militia district in Campbell county, on the 24th day of July, 1830, for the purpose of ex-pressing the choice of the democracy of said county for candidates for governor and state house officers and congressman from the fifth district.

district.

2. That in said election all persons vote direct for the candidates, and that the person elected name his own delegates to the convention.

3. That no person be allowed to vote in said election except qualified voters who are democrats, and that said elections be held by three democrats.

democrats.

4. That one of the managers from each district carry the returns to Fairburn on Saturday following the election, and that the executive committee meet at Fairburn on that day to consolidate the returns and declare the results.

5. That a mass meeting of the democracy of Campbell county be called to meet at Fairburn at moon on Jaugust the 4th, 1879, to elect delegates to the spatorial convention of the thirty-sixth senatorial district, to meet at Fairburn on August th, 1890.

Waiting for Dorsey or Candler. McDonough, Ga., July 2 .- [Special.]-The

people of Henry county met at this place at the court house in mass meeting and elected a new executive committee. The committee new executive committee. The committee ordered a democratic primary nomination for governor, state house officers, and congressman, senator and representative. There was a large crowd in attendance and politics was right freely discussed. A great many voters are waiting for either Dorsey or Candler to announce for congress. The friends of Livanounce for congress. The friends of Liv-ingston and Stewart both claim the county. The County alliance will meet here tomor-row and it is highly probable that they will make some endorsements for senator and ntative.

Primaries in Franklin County. CARNESVILLE, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—
The democratic party of Franklin county met
and decided to hold primaries to elect delegates
to the gubernatorial and congressional conventions, and that the primary be held on the 1st
day of August. There was no expression as to
who is any one's choice. The candidates for congress are invited to visit our place and address the people upon the issues of the day.

There are more open expressions here for Frank Colley than for any other of the con-

onal candidates.

The Issues to be Divided. Marietta, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Owing to some dissatisfaction resulting from the recent meeting of the Cobb county democratic executive committee, by ordering primaries to nominate governor, state house officers, congressman and representatives to legislature, all on same day, and so early as July 5tir, caused Chairman W. R. Power to issue another call convening the committee. After other call convening the committee. After some discussion it was agreed that primaries be held for governor and state house officers on July 19th, for members of legislature August July 19th, for members of registrature 31st, and for congressman September 6th

A Congressional Primary for Habersham.
CLARKESVILLE, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—
At a democratic mass meeting help here today,
for the purpose of formulating plans for the
nomination of a candidate for congress, it was
decided to hold a primary election on the 25th
of July. Judge James Brown and Captain
Rufus Asbury addressed the people of Habersham on the issue of the day. Both of these
gentlemen have many friends in the county,
but it is yet impossible to tell who will secure
the congressional nomination. A Congressional Primary for Habersham

A Primary for Taliaferro. AWFORDVILLE, Ga., July 2.—[Spec The democratic executive committee of Talia-ferro county met here last evening, and de-cided to hold a primary on the 22d inst., to determine the county's choice for governor, and to elect a new executive committee. There will be no trouble about this, as Taliaferro county—silf vote almost solidly for Hon. W. J. Xorthen.

Hon. C. B. Wootten for Congress ALBANY, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—On Monday the Calhoun county democrats held a mass meeting at Morgan. The delegates were unanimously instructed for Northen for governor, and C. B. Wootten for congress. There is a strong movement favoring Colonel C. B. Wooten in this, the second congressional distinct

The Action of Harris County. CHIPLEY, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The emocratic executive committee of Harris county met in Hamilton today and named ally 26th for the day to hold a primary election to neminate a congressman in the fourth istrict. The Harris County alliance also met here today and endorsed Hon. W. J. Northen or croveror.

After Congressman Lester.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The lliance is said to be after Colonel Rufus E.

That is, some questions have been or are about to be put to him, and an allianceman ays that upon the congressman's answers depends the question of opposition to him.

If he answers satisfactorily to the alliance he will have a clear field, so far as the farmers

are concerned. If he does not reply to suit the alliance, it may set up a candidate of its ewn.

One of the questions put is to ascertain the colonel's position in regard to the subtreasury

Will Denning be Confirmed? Will Denning be Confirmed?

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—There is considerable discussion here as to whether J. T. Denning, who has been nominated by President Harrison for postmaster at Augusta, will be confirmed by the senate. Opposition is developing among the negro republicans and it is believed by many persons that Denning will never get the office that he has several times of late come so near to having in his grasp.

HARTWELL, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The democratic executive committee of Hart county convened at the court house today, and ordered a primary election to be held on the 23d instant, to nominate governor, state house officers, congressman for the eighth district, and senator for the thirty-first district.

Captain Wootten in the Race.

Albany, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Captain W. E. Wootten has been strenuously urged by his friends to make the race as representative from Dougherty county. He has consented, but as yet, has made no formal announcement. He has a host of friends in the city and country who admire his sterling qualities of mind and heart, and his race will be a strong one. Judge Lumpkin at Salt Springs,

Lithia Spainos, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—
Judge Samuel Lumpkin and wife, of Lexington, are registered at Sweet Water Park hotel.
Judge Lumpkin is a candidate for the supreme bench, and is very sanguine of success.
The judge has made an enviable record as a superior court judge. superior court judge. Talking Politics in Cumming. CUMMING, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Hon Thomas E. Winn, candidate for congress for

the ninth, spoke here today to a large crowd of our citizens. His speech was well received, and, it is said, strengthened him with the farmers. THE RACE IN THE FOURTH.

Yesterday THE CONSTITUTION published a dispatch from Newnan, giving the result of an alliance meeting in Greenville. The following story is so much in conflict with it that it is, also, given the benefit of publication:

The Action of Meriwether County in Dis-

GREENVILLE, Ga., July 2 .- [Special.]-The County Alliance met in Greenville vesterday. in response to a call from the president, two delegates from each sub alliance. The announced purpose was to select candidates for governor, congressman and members of the legislature who should be supported at the democratic primary election to be held July 24th. A portion of the delegates refused to go into the election of candidates. The other portion selected Northen for governor, Hunnicutt for commissioner of agriculture, Moses for congress, Snelson for state senator and R. D. Render and Dr. J. W. Taylor for the legisla-

ture.
The alliance meeting was held in the Masonic hall with closed doors. After the nominations were made the alliancemen repaired to the court house, where a large crowd was soon gathered, and the assemblage called to order. Colonel C. L. Moses, of Coweta, was introduced, and advocated his election for congress After his speech the crowd yelled long and loud for Hon. Henry R. Harris, who finally ascended the stand and told the crowd that after the regular programme was finished he would address his fellow citizens. Hon. A. J. Snelson, Hon. R. D. Render and Dr. Taylor then, in the order named, accepted the nominations in speeches defending their ecords and attacking Hon. J. M. Terrell.

Then the old yell for Colonel Harris was agained raised. In response Mr. Harris came forward and in a telling speech of thirty min-utes captured the crowd. He referred to his speeches and votes in congress that he had anticipated all the great questions of today, his forty-two years of farmer life. The crowd endorsed him by a large and most enthusiastic najority, alliancemen and non-alliancemen. After Colonel Harris, Hon, J. M. Terrell was loudly called for and for twenty minutes he vindicated his legislative course and the platform upon which he stood as a candidate. He met and refuted the charges against him in a most eloquent and satisfactory manner.

THE TENTH DISTRICT. The Convention to be Held in Harlem on

the 28th of August. AUGUSTA, Ga., July 2 .- [Special.]-The democratic executive committee for the tenth congressional district met in Augusta today, Hon. Joseph B. Cumming, of Richmond chairman, and Major Charles E. McGregor, of Warren, secretary. Harlem was selected as the place of holding the nominating convention, and 12 o'clock on Thursday, August 28th, was fixed as the time. The committee recommended that delegates to the convention recommended that delegates to the convention be elected by primaries in each county. There was no array of strength or clash between the Barnes and Watson members of the committee. There was no objection raised to either the time, place or primaries, and everything was transacted unanimously.

The Watson men claim the district, but the Barnes men have unshaken faith in the latter's success. Major Barnes is expected home in a few days, and when he comes there will be some lively work in the district.

For Cruelty to Animals.

ALBANY, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—On Sun, day Mr. W. L. Poore, of Mitchell county-hired a horse from Mr. George Swindell, a liveryman of this city. He kept him until Monday, bringing him back in a bad condition. Mr. Swindell issued two warrants against him—one for carrying concealed weapons and the other for cruelty to animals. Mr. Poore was arrested and jailed here and taken to Mitchell county this afternoon for trial.

Bought by Colonel Price. GAINESVILLE, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The Gainesville and Dahlonega railroad was sold here yesterday by Colonel W. A. Charters to the highest bidder and was knocked off to Colonel W. P. Price, president of the road, for the sum of \$4,000. The road cost \$68,000 in round numbers. The future of the road is shrouded in mysters. shrouded in mystery.

A Sudden Death.

CEDAR SPRINGS, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Young Thomas Busch, in the employ of Fort & Mims, turpentine distillers, of this place, died here at 6 o'clock p. m., very suddenly. with congestion. He leaves an aged mother and an invalid sister to grieve his loss.

The Victim Is Well.

Augusta, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Little George Robertson, who was bitten by a mad dog a few weeks ago, returned today from the Fasteur institute, New York, and is pronounced cured and safe from danger by Dr. Gliss.

The dealer who tries to persuade you to take something else when you call for Hood's Sar-saparilla, is evidently working for his interest, and not yours. Be sure to get Hood's, and no

WELLS' HAIR BALSAM. If gray, gradually restores color; elegant tonic dressing; 50c., \$1.00. Druggists, or \$1.00 size prepaid by express for \$1.00. E. S. Wells, Jersey City

PHILLIPS' DIGESTIBLE COCOA, is, easily digested and highly nourisl Children Enjoy

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of laxative, and if the farther or mother be costive or bilious the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

For ladies, the best and purest tonic is Angostura Bitters. It effectually cures dyspepsia, and tones up the system. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons Manufacturers. At druggists.

NORTHEN WILL RESIGN

THE PRESIDENCY OF THE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

o Be Succeeded Probably By Colonel John O. Waddell, Who Will Thus Be in the Line of Succession for Governorship.

Macon, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—As is generally known, Colonel W. J. Northen, the next governor of Georgia, is president of the State Agricultural society, an office he has faithfully, efficiently and energetically filled for several years. During his incumbency of the office he has conducted several state fairs with great success, which were a credit to Georgia, a pleasure to the people and a profit to the society of which he is the honored head. The annual election for president occurs at the state convention of the society, which meets at LaGrange in August next.

Your correspondent is positively and authoritatively informed that President Northen has stated that he will not be a candidate for election. It is suggested, however, that as Colo-nel Northen now has no opposition for gov-ernor, and will be elected in October and not inaugurated until November, an effort will be made to get him to consent to a re-election, and hold the office until after the state fair, in October. It is not known if he would consent to this or not.

The next interesting question that arises is who will succeed President Northen. There should be no difficulty in obtaining a good man, as the membership of the society is very large, and the presidency is regarded as a fine stepping stone to the gov-ornorship. It assisted materially in landing Mr. Colquit in the office and had done a good deal in placing Mr. Northen so far on the road

to the position of governor. The only name your correspondent has heard suggested for the presidency is that of Colonel John O. Waddell, who is now vice president of the society. Colonel Waddell has a position in the Georgia state agricultural department at Atlanta, and it is not known here whether or not that would interfere with his acceptance of the presidency.

of the presidency.

According to the traditions of the office of president of the Georgia Agricultural society, is Waddell to be a future governor of Georgia?

ALITTLE CONCIDENCE.

It is rather a coincidence that Hon. R. A. Nisbet, of Bibb, the popular and efficient sectary of the Agricultural society, should have sent in his resignation to take effect at the August meeting also, and he will thus retire with his president, between whom there is a strong bond of friendship. These gentlemen have relied considerably on each other in the discharge of their office and in the successful management of the state fair. management of the state fair.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY. It seems that Assistant Secretary R. W. Jemison, of Bibb, will succeed Secretary Nisbet. He has received many encouraging letters of support from the members of the society. He is an affable gentleman, very efficient and in every respect well qualified for the successful discharge of the duties of the office.

THE SIGNALS.

Macon's Signal Service Bureau Is Now in Full Operation.

Macon, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Macon has now a signal service bureau, and the signals were displayed yesterday for the first time. The signals are suspended from a wire stretched across Cherry street, between Jaques & Tinsley's and Johnson & Harris's buildings.
Manager Fellers, of the Western Union telegraph office, is in charge of the bureau and intends to make it as efficient as possible.

For the benefit of those who do not know

intends to make it as efficient as possible.

For the benefit of those who do not know the signals The Constitution is requested to publish the following. The signals should be read downward from the Jaques building:

No. 1, white flag, indicates clear or far weather. No. 2, blue flag, indicates rain or snow. No. 3, black triangular flag, always refers to temperature; when placed above Nos. 1 or 2 it indicates warmer weather; when placed below Nos. 1 or 2 it indicates colder weather; when not displayed the indications are that the temperature will remain stationary, or that the change in temperature will not vary four degrees from the temperature of the same hour, of the preceding day. Number 4, white flag, with black square in center, indicates the approach of a sudden and decided fall in temperature. This signal is not displayed unless it is expected that the temperature will fall forty-five degrees, or lower, and is usually ordered at least twenty-four hours in advance of the cold wave. When number 4 is displayed, number 3 is always omitted.

No. 1, alone, indicates fair weather, station-

No. 1, alone, indicates fair weather, station-No. 2, alone, indicates rain or snow, station-

ary temperature.
No. 1, with No. 3 below it, indicates fair No. 2, with No. 3 above it, indicates warmer No. 1, with No. 4 below it, indicates fair

weather, cold wave.

No. 3, with Nos. 1 and 2 below it, indicates warmer, fair weather, followed by rain or

Macon, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The funeral services of Mrs. J. W. Blount were held this morning at 10 o'clock from the Mulheld this morning at 10 o'clock from the Mul-berry Street Methodist church, and were largely attended. The ceremonies were im-pressively conducted by Rev. T. R. Kendall. The deceased was a lady of many Christian graces. Her death brings great sorrow to a large circle of relatives and friends. The pall-bearers were: J. M. Jones, W. G. Solomon, H. F. Hibner, George T. Beeland, W. P. Baldwin, W. H. Burden, J. W. Domingos.

Large Amount of Money. Large Amount of Money.

Macon, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The Macon and Savannah Construction company of the Macon and Atlantic railroad recently organized with a capital stock of \$1,000,000. Twenty per cent of this, \$200,000, was called in and paid on June 15th. Another twenty per cent will be called on July 15th. The building of the new road from Macon to Savannah is an absolute certainty.

The Order Stands.

Macon, Ga., July 1.—[Special.]—Judge D.
M. Roberts refused to modify his restraining order granted the Macon and Dublin road against the Macon and Atlantic, and the hearing will take place at Eastman on the 29th instant. In the meantime, however, the forces of the Macon and Atlantic are hard at work on the road. The situation is growing very interesting. The Order Stands.

In the Courts. Macon, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—In the city court today, Monk Brown plead guilty to

larceny.

Will Wilson, charged with receiving stolen goods, was dismissed from custody.

John Saunders, the white man charged with selling the cows of another, and taking the proceeds, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Motion will be made for a new trial.

General News.

General News.

Macon, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The remains of the late Albert R. Lamar, the able and fearless editor, will be removed from Macon to Savannah for burial.

During the month of June Ordinary Wiley issued thirteen white and twenty-five colored marriage licenses. Total, thirty-eight.

The remains of Mrs. M. E. Tomlinson, a most estimable lady, were taken today to Cedartown for burial.

The Macon Hussars will have a picnic and pistol practice at the park en July 4th.

Onite a large crowd will go from Macon on the 4th, to attend the celebration at Culloden.

The ice situation in Macon remains about the same. Cooler weather brought some reliet today. The supply is only about thirty-eight tons ber day, whereas the demand is fully sixty tons.

Thanks to the interest manifested by Alder.

tally sixty tons.

Thanks to the interest manifested by Aldeman Wing, the city council has decided to repaint the city bridge. It had become exceed

G. Keen, of Macon, and Miss Brown, of Fort Valley, were united in marriage.

Dr. John I. Baxter, one of Macon's wealth lest and most prominent citizens, has gone north, to try and negotiate a purchase of the Macon street railways, so it is reported, which are owned by the Work syndicate of Philadelphia.

Jowing to a defect in the new uniforms of the Macon Volunteers, the company will not have a pienic and target practice on July 4th, as was expected. The color and quality of the cloth do not come up to the standard ordered and the uniforms, will be sent back to the Cincinnati tailors.

During the month of June the letter carriers at the Macon postoffice handled 397,324 pieces of mail matter.

The newly elected democratic executive committee of Bibb county are requested to meet on Tueeday next, July 8th, at 12 m.; for organization.

Personal and Social.

Personal and Social.

Macon, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Mrs. Albert R. Lamar, after a shert visit to Macon, left for Rome this afternoon.

Mr. N. R. Winship and family left this morning for Lookout mountain. They will stop at Lookout inn.

Mr. S. R. Jaques and Miss Pauline Stewart will leave soon on a visit to New York.

Miss Emma Wise gave a delightful reception last night complimentary to Miss Bigsby, of Atlants.

Miss Bessie Williams, of Columbus, is visiting Miss Willie Tinsley.

Mrs. George C. Brown is gone to Vienna to sing in a concert at the myitation of admiring friends.

Mrs. H. M. Wortham, Misses Clara and Ilah Dunlap, of Macon; Mrs. Louis Stevens. of At-lanta, and Mrs. Ashton Starke, of Richmond, will leave next week for the Catskill moun-ains. These charming ladies are sisters.

THE STORM IN WARREN. A Terrific Display of Wind and Elec-

tricity. NORWOOD, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Quite a heavy rain, wind and electric storm visited our town and community this evening at 4:30 o'clock.

o'clock.
Dr. R. D. Nash's house was lifted off the pillars, and the chimney blown down. The stables of B. F. Hubert were demolished. Corn and cotton, in many places, were laid flat apon the ground, and the changed position of trees and fences bear testimony to the severity of the storm.

The rain leated about half an hour and was

The rain lasted about half an hour, and was decidedly the heaviest that has fallen here this year. Killediby Lightning ATHENS, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Vesterday afternoon, during a thunder storm, David Patman, a fifteen year old lad of Simpson district, Oglethorpe county, was struck by lightning and killed. The lad was on his way to the pasture to drive the cowshome when the flash

RICE BARNS DESTROYED.

A Loss of Twelve Thousand Dollars on DARIEN, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Two rice barns, owned by W. C. Wyly, on Broughton island, were destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock yes-terday. They were valued at \$12,000, and were the best on the Altamaha river. There was \$5,000 insurance on these barns, \$1,000 on the machinery and \$1,000 on the 17,000 bale of rice straw which were stored in the barns. The origin of the fire is not known.

Barn Burning in Spalding. GRIFFIN, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The barn and provender of Mr. John B. Mills, three and provener of Mr. John B. Mills, three miles from town, was destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning. The fire was clearly the work of an incendiary. The party was tracked from the barn, through plowed ground, for a considerable distance. From the tracks the party is evidently a white man, and it is believed the right party can be located.

The Savannah Jockey Club. SAVANNAH, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—The Savannah Jockey club has determined to accept the grounds of the Vernon Park association for its race course for four years. The acceptance was conditional. The association guarantees the building of a railroad to its park, four miles distant, by February 1, 1891. This condition was insisted upon by the ciub and was accepted.

The Mayor of Chipley Dead. CHIPLEY, Ga., July 2.—[Special.]—Captain L. L. Hardy died at his home in this place and was buried at the family burying ground a few miles above here, with Masonic ceremonies. He was mayor of this place at the time of his

If you are tired taking the large eld-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

Three months before my babe was horn, I was advised to use "Mother's Friend." I procured a bottle, which relieved me so much that I continued its use. My physician and nurse say mine was the most remarkable case they ever witnessed. At 10 o'clock I was in the parlar playing on the piano feeling perfectly well, and by 2 o'clock the mother of a fine boy. My recovery was rapid. I used "Mother's Friend" on my breasts, as directed, and had no trouble with them whatever.

MRs. H., Montgomery, Ala. Write The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atanta, Ga., for further particulars. Sold by all druggists.

SAN MARCOS, Tex., Sept. 17, 1887.

Dear Sir—The Microbe Killer, I find, is a splendid thing. Can I get the Agency here? My little boy that was affected with worms is cured and getting fat and rosy. My father is also using your medicine, and is improving very fast.

very fast.

Very respectfully, Mrs. ALICE LEE.

Very respectfully, Mrs. ALICE LEE.

For sale by W. F. Parkhurst, sole agent, 43

South Broad street, near Alabama.

Pledmont Chautauqua Programmes.

All who desire a programme of the Fredmont Chautauqua for the coming season, July and August, can obtain one by dropping a card addressed to J. S. James, general manager Lithia Springs, Georgia, formerly Salt Springs, Georgia. The programme is full and complete. It will be brim full of good things from the opening day until it closes. Send for programme and post yourself on the great attractions at the Chautauqua for this year.



They are sure to be Healthy if the LIVER acts properly.

For to cure the Liver is to cure the Kidneys. If the Kidneys do not act properly the following symptoms will follow:

Headache, Weakness, Pain in the Small of the Back and Loins, Flushes of Heat, Chills, with disordered Stomach and Bowels.

"I have suffered a thousand deaths since I left the army, and a more diseased Liver and Kidneys you never heard of. I tried a number of different remedies and spent \$1,800, but I obtained no real benefit until I bought a dozen bottles of Simmons Liver Regulator. This preparation cured me, and I must say it is the only medicine I would give a cent for its my case."—G. H. HEARD, Richmond, Ind.

Chatten and Spent St. School and St. School and St. School and Spent St. School and School and St. School and Sc

Chattanooga and return only \$3. Tickets on sale at R. D. Mann & Co.'s General Railway Ticket Office, 4 Kimball House, July 3d and 4th, via West ern and Atlantic railroad

EECHAM WORTH A GUINEA A BOX. FOT BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS SUCH

Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc., ACTING LIKE MAGIC on the vital organs, strengthening the muscular system, and arousing with the rosebud of health
The Whole Physical Energy of the Human Frame.

Beecham's Pills, taken as directed, will quickly RESTORE
FEMALES to complete health.

SOLD BY ALL DRUCGISTS. Price, 25 cents per Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

F. ALLEN CO., Sole Agents for United States, 365 & 367. Canal St., New Pic, who (if your druggist does not keep them) will mail Beecham's Pills on the control of the party of the control of the party.

MY GOODS ARE ABSOLUTELY PURE. THOMPSON, JOSEPH

Distiller and Wholesale Liquor Dealer! SOLE AGENT FOR RHINE MADERIA SHERRY OLD FORRESTER CLARET SAUTERNES MARYLAND CLUB

ALL - LEADING - BRANDS - CHAMPAGNES - KEPT - IN - STOCK HAVE A FULL LINE OF FINE DOMESTIC WINES. IMPORTED GIGARS RECEIVED MONTHLY SOLE AGENT FOR ANHAUSER BUSCH BEER.

JOSEPH THOMPSON 21 AND 23 KIMBALL HOUSE, - - - - ATLANTA, GA april 6-dly

Dealers in all kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber. Large stock

Office and Yards Corner Humphries and Glenn Sts., on East Tenn. Railres

This is the week for big Bargains in very fine Grand Rapids Furni ture; also 50 new Parlor Suites, over 100 handsome Sideboards and Dining Tables. Five thousand dollars worth sold during the past week. Will open on Monday morning: 100 cheap Oak Suites, 20 handsome Couches, Folding Beds, Hat Racks.

n all kinds of Furniture for a few days, 200 Oak Suites, on time; 50 Parlor Suites, on time; 25 Folding Beds, only \$10 per month. The Handsomest Stock Grand Rapids Furniture in the South.

P. H. SNOOK

HALL COUNTY, GA.

Open for the Season July 1st Unrivaled in its advantages as a Health Resort and in the Medi-

the waters. Extensive alterations and improvements have just been effected thereby adding to the convenience and pleasure of the guests. The hotel and cottages have been fitted throughout with electric bells. Western Union telegraph office in the hotel.

This beautiful and romantic place is situated fifty-seven miles from Atlanta, on the Rich-cond and Danville system; is well known throughout the south, and is a favorite resort for the est class of southern society. It is cool and pleasant in the hottest wealther. Special attention is paid to the table. An abundance of the best varieties of fresh vege-Special attention is part to the state.

Analysis of the special attention is part to the state is produced on the property.

Colonel Bouton, the well-known hotel manager, will have charge of the hotel, and will de everything possible for the entertainment of the guests.

On and after July 1st, the hotel hacks will meet all trains arriving at White Sulphur Station, on the Richmond and Danville railroad.

Horses and carriages kept at the springs for the convenience of Rates range from \$40 to \$60 per month, according to location of

room. Satisfactory rates for shorter periods. Special rates for families For further particulars, address OHN MARTIN,



Charter Oak Stoves and Ranges with Wire Gause Oven Doors, are Manufactury the Excelsion Hannfucturing Co., St. Louis, Mo., and Sold by UNNICUTT & BELLIEGRATH, Sole Agts., Atlanta, Gaussian Co., 2018.

BRIGHT

One of piece of po "My moth little broth

. FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS.

BRIGHT AND INTERESTING LETTERS FOR THE COMING MEN AND WOMEN

BY AUNT SUSIE.

This is a corner set aside for the Little Folks of THE Constitution for their entertain ment and development in the art of letter-writing.]

One of our little friends asks me to print the piece of poetry I give you below. He says: "My mother wrote it years ago, just after my little brother and sister died; so I asked her for a copy of it, and won't you let it go in THE CONSTITUTION?" Yours,

WILLIE STEBBINS, Darien, Ga.

THE WHIPPOORWILL. Sitting by my cottage door, Pines behind and pines before; Darkness gathering fast and deep, And my little ones asleep; Saying to my heart "Be still,"

Listening to the whippoorwil Dark above me gloom the trees Sadly moaning in the breeze; And one solitary star, Which gleameth from afar; While I say, "Sad heart be still," Heed not the lone whippoorwill.

Bird of sorrow, bird of wail, How thou makest my cheeks grow pale: Forcing memory by thy spell, And her anguished tales to tell; While in vain I cry, "Be still," Sad, thy spell oh! whippoorwill.

All alone I sit, and sigh, Listening to thy plaintive cry; Many bitter tears I shed, Weeping for my early dead, While in vain I cry, "Be still," 'Tis thy spell, oh whippoorwill. W. E. S.

CORRESPONDENCE.

T. S. Hardaway, Canaan, Miss.: From time to time have I examined these columns critically, and I've never been able as yet to find one single letter contributed to them by any person with whom I am acquainted. I have staunch remembrances of friends, and especially those who were in my classes when I was in school (Iuka Normal nstitute, luka, Miss.) who struggled with me over natitute, taxa, alss., hereism, planes, tangents, etc.
My attention is arrested by nearly every letter the
girls write, in which they charge the boys with bashfulness, and say they are getting ahead of them. Though you may be ahead of us as to that, I cannot say, but if you surpass us in anything more than soliciting correspondents, it has not come to my notice. We do not regard this corner come to my notice. We do not regard the case a medium through which to correspond. Recently, after looking over one of the papers, I decided to count the letters, given respectively by the girls and boys, and to my utmost prodigy, I found that out of the whole number of the girls' letters, sixty per cent of them called for correspondents. No letter in the boys' list said anyspondents. No letter in the boys thing about them. Whenever we wish to correspond with anyone, we write to that person, thus ignoring the medium which you have selected. Bashfulness! bashfulness! Afraid of the girls! Led by an Attila, and in armies as innumerable as those of the ancient Huns, you may charge upon us with all the valor hordes of troops ever posses-sed, yet one nerve will not be excited. You are "Huns" inspiring no terror, and of whom we have no fear. That you would think boys bashful is utterly surprising. That the boys, "the bravest of the brave," would exhibit a down-east face, or even feel embarrassed in the least degree in your presence, is a question whose fallacy is generally acknowledged. At the close of your letters this expression is fast becoming proverbial: "Corres-

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Some time ago this problem was given by J. A. Smith, of North Carolina: "What length of rope will fasten a pug to a stake in the center of an are of potatoes so that it can root them up and no more?" The acre must necessarily be in the form of a circle. The length of the control of the control of the control of the circle. of a circle. The length of the rope is 391/4 yards

Hattie and Alma Williams, Mildred, S.C.: Here comes two North Carolina girls knocking for admittance into the immense circle of boys and girls. I (Hattie) have been visiting lately, and was not at home when the dear old Constitution came, and you have no idea how glad I was to read the cousins' letters, and especially the letter written by Aunt Susief I am Il years old. I (Alma) hope waste basket will be full when Aunt Susie Treads our letters, so there will not be room in it for this letter. Sister Hattle and I have a doll, and we play with them most all the time. Each one of us has made a bed quilt. We have no pets except a little gosling and nine little motherless chickens. I am 10 years old. Goodby, cousins.

Marion Noland, Evergreen, Ala.: That mystic ret has heretofore kept me from writing, but now I face the danger with a hope. I like to read The Constitution, especially the children's column; then I like to peruse Bill Arp's philosophy, and the pieces of that typical Georgia cracker, Plunkett. I wish that some of the consins who have never been south could see the beautiful magnelias that grow in this portion of the state. Their dark green leaves interspersed with large cup-shaped flowers outlined against the southern sky makes one almost imagine it an enchanted land, while the gentle zephyrs whispers fill one with ideas of mortal houri. I love nature and delight to revel in its beauties. I am 16 years old. Would like correspondents.

Annie Browning, Jasper, Fla.: Our school is out and I have been on a visit to my little Cousin May, and oh what a pleasant week I spent swinging, riding horseback, and we assisted the milk maid in milking. I do love the country. I will send a recipe for making nice cake. As old colored auntie gave Cousin May and myself some turtle eggs we decided to try our hand at cooking: One cup sugar ½ cup butter, 2 cups flour, 3 turtle eggs; flavor with lemon. Now, we are at a lost to nar our recipe. Please, Aunt Susie, decide; shall it be shell cake, after the old turtle coat, or cooter cake? We all hail THE CONSTITUTION with de-light. Grandma gets it every Wednesday, and she wishes it would come twice a week. Age 16.

L. Thorne Nelson, Laneville, Ala.: I will not be four years old until the 27th of September, so my mama is writing this letter for me. Mama read the letter you wrote to the children to me yesterday, and I want to tell you that little swans are called "cygnets." One day, more than six months ago, mama read to me about swans and told me the young ones were called cygnets. I did not forget it, so when she asked me your question yesterday I told her right away. I have a little sister name Jamie Prosser; she and I have nice times together. We enjoy our flowers very much. Our me indma lives in North Carolina, but she is Staying some with us now; we love her so much; she gave me a vase the other day and I keep it filled with lovely flowers. We have the sweetest little baby cousin, named Sallie Lee, and we have beautiful colt, which we call "Loma Doone."

Maggie Willett, Wichita Falls, Texas: It has been over a year since I enjoyed a chat with Aunt some over a year since I enjoyed a chat with Aunt Susie and the cousins. I enjoy living in the wort so much; the prairies are simply beautiful; we can ride a long distance on horseback and never lose sight of dear old home. Wichita is 118 miles wet of Fort Worth. Did any of the cousins visit the Spring Palace at Fort Worth? I did, and oh what a time I did have, but after all my trials and tribulations I got back home the next morning at Rockets. Pear cousing I tail you I was a sleare. Bo'clock. Dear cousins, I tell you I was so sleepy that I really didn't know whether I was at home or not. I want to exchange some in trunental music with the cousins for silk and velvet pieces. My music is very nice, has never been used any to soil. How many of the cousins ever saw a prairie dog? they are a great curiosity to the people from the old states.

Florence Mann, Evansville, Ind.: I am a Kentucky girl and live across the river from the upper part of the city of Evansville, so Evansville is our postoffice. My greatest pleasure is to go to the city with my father and help him row there and back, as it is my favorite exercise, and I think a very pleasant one. Girls, I think we are getting far ahead of the boys in letter-writing, and they amust improve or we will crowd their letters entirely out. The older consins, both boys and girls, seem to be standing back and allowing the little ones take their places. Now cousins, this will

never, never do; we must give the little ones chance, but, at the same time we must make our page as interesting as possible. And boys, don't be so hard on the girls and their pets, as some girls have very interesting ones and we will be pleased to hear of them. The boys have pets too, and we all know it, and they might as well tell about them. Cousins, did any of you ever sit on the river bank by a fire until nearly one o'clock at night? I have. by a fire until nearly one o'clock at night? I have-Last Saturday night a friend of mine went home. he boat was to have landed here at seven o'clock that evening, and we went to the river (which is only a short distance from the house) before that time and built us a fire, and there we waited until between twelve and one o'clock that night before she came. I would like to have a correspondent among the boys and girls. I wrote to John L. Clyde, Fort Wingate, New Mexico, but never re-

ceived an answer. Now cousins, if you will write to me I will not do you that way. Walter W. Conner, Glenville, Miss.: Have you room for another farm boy? I read in last week's CONSTITUTION eighteen letters and only one was written by a boy, and that was just a little more than I could put up with. Boys! boys! are you all asleep? wake up and don't let the girls beat us that bad. I'll not sit in the corner any longer, and I've got five brothers that I'll press into service if no other boys will come to the front. I know the girls can beat us in composition, but don't become discouraged boys, "we'll get there bye and bye." Well, I believe 'tis customary to say something, about our pets; I have only one, a dear little duck; she is such a sweet little creature that I could not hely loving her if I should try ever so hard, for

"Love you know is a curious thing, Shaped just like a lizard; It curls it's tail upon it's back And creeps into our gizzard."

I enjoyed Miss Pearl Langston's letter so much; write again, Miss Pearl; I'm sure you will always be welcomed. Would you be offended if I came up some time to go fishing with you and your chum? Well, 'tis nearly one o'clock, time to go to work. I don't agree with the poet who wrote, "Men work from sun to sun, But woman's work is never done."

Now, Aunt Susie, just please ma'am don't look so cross; I'm going to stop. Will some of the cousins between 16 and 25 years of age write to me?

May Reid, Eatonton, Ga.: I live in the country, and say to those who do not, you don't know what real pleasure is. Loften visit cities, but it is such a rest to get home again. I can ride and shoot and do most anything else a country girl ought to know how to do. The farmers of our community are having a splendid season for their cotton and corn. There was a hall storm in the lower part of our county a few days ago and it is said to have injured the cotton considerably. I don't agree with Cousin Arthur Vaughn in regard to cards, even as a pastime; they do us no good, and if carried farther will certainly do us harm, and besides I think our time could be employed more advantageously. I too, am a novel reader, but can't say I have not read any trash, although I don't prefer that kind. I have read several of the standard works and think some of Dickens' novels are splendid, but if I had my preference of all authors I would take E. P. Roe and Miss Alcott. I wish all the cousins could read "Opening a Chestnut Burr;" such books as that will never do us any harm. I think George Rhea has the right idea about prohibition. The 'Grady Club' if rightly upheld will be a grand thing for this country. Eatonton is a pronibition town, which is a blessing to the county. I will be pleased to correspond with some of the cousins near my age, which is 14.

Ivary Alden, Gan-Eden, Texas: In persuing the columns of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION my eyes fell upan the Young Folks' department, and, being greatly charmed therewith, I present myself ing greatly charmed therewith, I present myself for membership. What has become of H. E. Leckenby? Write again, H. E. L., and tell us more of Cal and Pinkie Hudson. You too, have been absent for quite a while. Do any of you larger girls and boys like reading? I have quite a library, and can imagine nothing more desolate than life without books. Have lately read "Looking Backward" by Edward Rellany. Have any of ing Backward," by Edward Bellamy. Have any of pou read it? There is nothing more improving than the study of good books, and yet we let so many golden moments in the stream of life rush past us, utterly unimproved, thinking of pleasure, naught but pleasure, when, if we could only real-ize it, there is no real pleasure in the heedless life a great many of us lead. Giles tells us that "the pungency of pleasure is as transient as the foam that mantles round its brimming cup." Some day all the wasted moments of our life will rise before us as phamtoms of neglected duty, and then, when it is too late, we will in vain strive to grass them. Some of you large cousins write and lets see how interesting we can make our corner.

asked quite often in THE CONSTITUTION why the old consins do not write. I will say they are too timid and afraid Aunt Susie's waste basket will be their destiny. Nevertheless, I will venture in and give you a bit of my mind, although I am not very old, not considered a bachelor by any means. I am a farmer and live on Tugaloo river, but am very often found in some shady nook fishing in the beautiful stream, which abounds in quite a variety of fish; or gliding over the smooth waters in my bateau. I know many of the cousins would enjoy a while on the river when muscadines and watermelons are ripe, as they both ripen about the same time, and we generally have them in abundance. Cousins, do you like music? I am fond of music, especially instrumental, but I very rarely ever sing. Would like correspondents.

Mary Howard, Connellsville, Aa.: I'm a big girl 14 years old. I thought I would try my skill at ariting a letter. All the other cousins write such lovely ones. To introduce myself, I say I am just the reverse of the Indian girl who wrote for last the reverse of the Indian girl who wrote for last week's Constitution. I can't play the harp, piano, paint, embroidery, or speak French; but one thing I can do (and I pity those who have to do it) and that's wash dishes, which I do detest; "honor bright" girls, don't you ail hate it? Boys are lucky, they don't have to do it. I will answer the Indian's question: The largest deposits of anthractic coal are in Eastern Pennsylvania. The largest suspension bridge is the Brooklyn bridge. Now I'll ask some constitute. I'll ask some questions: Why did the boy stand on the burning deck? Why is the horse the most curious feeder? Why does a chimney smoke? If this letter is not counted among the number to be thrown into the waste basket I'll call again.

Hagh McCadden, New Salem, N. C.: I am farmer boy 13 years old; mama and I living alone on the farm. I do all the out-door work; such as on the farm. I do all the out-door work, such as planting and cultivating the crop, and will make corn and wheat enough this year for our support. We don't raise cotton here. My neighbors say I am doing right well for a boy. My nearest neighbor (and a good neighbor he is) is one of the honest, plous people called Quakers. He helps me a reat deal and gives me much good advice, which I highly appreciate. I don't agree with Walter S. Copeland, who says he had rather fish than to eat cake. I would rather work in my wheat field and Copeland, who says he had rather fish than to eat cake. I would rather work in my wheat field and "make" cake than to go fishing and have fisherman's luck. But I echo Alice Hammon's question when she asks, "What has become of Richard the Greek?" That statement of his was indeed a finely written composition, and I have been closely watching The Constitution, hoping to see some fine specimens of literature from his pen, but have seen nothing as yet. Cousins, lets call him out. The children of Atlanta are to have an elephant. Can't the country cousins have a literary Greek? Come forth Mr. Richard and relate that "biographicol story strangely and strongly tinged" biographicol story strangely and strongly tinged with both the romantic and realistic," or some-

thing else.

Etna Tucker, Emma Fields and Mamie Hodges, Marion, Ala.: We will not attempt to give a full description of our "city," but will just say that it is a flourishing little town with four fine schools, the Seminary, Sudson Institute, Military Institute and the Academy; we have also four large churches. The climate is very healthy and the land is fertile, and the farmers around Marion have splendid crope. Since we have been writing a storm approached, and a cloudy canopy o'erhangs the world; the vivid lightning flashes their fiery darts upon the earth; the deep-toned thunder rolls along the vaniled sky, the elements are

Leon Reid, Autun, S. C.: No doubt, dear cousins, you have forgotten this palmetto boy, for it has been quite a while since he has had the pleasure of writing a letter to the cousins of the dear old Constitution, nevertheless he has read very closely the Young Folks' corner. Perhaps he would not have written this time had he not noticed how The Constitution girls were perplexing The Constitution boys. They give us the very mischief, but I know they don't mean it. They wanted to see what we would say, and we just stand back and say nothing. Boys, we must do bette. Come now and lets tell the little maidens what we think about these questions. "Texas Bob" has it down to my notion. I advise all the cousins who have not read his letter to look up the last number and read it; see what he has to say in last number and read it; see what he has to say in reference to the southern boys. I would like to correspond with some of the cousins, especially the girls; will answer all letters. I want to ask the cousins a question. What state is called the

Toinmie Whitsett, Cordele, Ga.: Live in two miles of Cordele, a thriving little town which has sprung up in about two years. The old Joe Brown mansion has been removed for the purpose of building a \$50,000 hotel. Cordele, the magic city of the pines, has 2,000 inhabitants and has many manufactories. I have three pets, a shbpard dog, a cat and a gopher. The gopher is very annoying, troubling mother's chickens. I would like to correspond with some of the cousins about my age which is 14.

E. Adelaide Shepherd, Mt. Airy, N. C.: Being a reader of THE CONSTITUTION I feel that I w reader of THE CONSTITUTION I feel that I would like to be a cousin. My home is in Virginia, but I am spending the summer here in Mt. Airy. We are having some very warm weather here, but it rains about every other day. I wish some of the southern cousins could see some of our beautiful mountains, and that I could see some of their flowers. I get somewhat lonely sometimes, so won't some of the cousins please write to me (the larger cousins) and cheer me up. I have some real cousins in Atlanta, to whom I would write if I knew their address.

E. C. Ivey, Leesburg, N. C.: I will not say anything about the value of The Constitution, but I heartily endorse everything that can be said on the subject. I see some enquiries in the paper why it is that the boys do not write oftener. My solution may not be correct, but I think that they do write, but write so bad that Aunt Susie cannot read it: Boys can beat the girls in a great many things, but there is no doubt that the girls can beat them writing. I recognize this fact, and am therefore with great labor writing this on my brother's type-writer. It looks better than writing, but it takes a long time to write it. To the boys I will say, that I have some foreign the boys I will say, that I have some foreign stamps to exchange for confederate money, and to the girls, that I would be pleased to correspond with some of them, and to all—out of North Carolina-I ask what gret event occurred on the 20th of May in revolutionary times?

Hiram A. Coleman, McDaniel, Ark. : I am a North friam A. Coieman, McDaniel, Ark.: 1 am a North Carolinian; come to this state last October. If the the country pretty well, but think they try to raise too much cotton and not enough of small grain and vegetables; there are just thousands of acres of cotton. I went out to the Mineral springs acres of cotton. I went out to the Mineral springs on last Sunday and had a nice time; had a free dinner on the grounds and plenty of lemonade. There were a great many people there. There is a dancing hall and ten pin alley. This is a fine farming country; the land is just as level as a table and produces well—corn from 30 to 40 bushels per acre, cotton from half to a bale per acre. I would like to have a correspondent from people. would like to have a correspondent from each

Henry T. Cannon, Abbeville, S. C.: I am quite a small boy to my age. I am 10 years old and weigh only 30 pounds. I am going to school and study geography, arithmetic, reading and writing. I am also going to Sunday school and always have perfect lessons. I want to tell the cousins about my pet lamb. It was given to me when it was only three days old, now it is nearly four months old. I composed and wrote this myself.

Laura McLemore, Eva, Ga.: Aunt Susie, papa gave me a cotton patch this year; I'm going to school, but I hoe every morning and evening. I am so anxious to make a little money all by myself, but don't know how to spend it; will you please tell me? I would like very much to corre-spond with some of the cousins.

W. R. Smith, Coyville, Kan.: While I may be recognized by some of your many readers as rather an old boy, yet I assure you that my heart is as young as it ever was. Being a prohibition voter, I would like to see all the people of The Constitution formed into a "Grady Prohibition Club." As a great admirer of the late H. W. Grady, I do not think that a nobler or more enduring monunot think that a nobler or more enduring monu-ment could be erected to his memory than the formation of a prohibition club in his honor. Its influence would be for good, and could the sainted Grady speak from his home in the many mansions to his former young people, I think it would meet with his entire approval, while its effects on the es and characters of the members would be as lasting as all the beautiful ages of eternity. No one can engage in a nobler work than in helping suppress the one great evil of our land and banish from our midst the saloon and liquor traffic. The victims it wrecks and destroy for time and eternity are counted by thousands every year. The young must be educated to see the misery, sin, wretchednes and ruin it only brings to the toiling milions of earth. All hail then the coming of that grand and glorious time when the people of this land shall rise in their might and say that the saloon shall go, and that "God and home and native land" shall be reverenced, honored and protected from the monster demon intemperance. Mrs. Prentis, of Newton, Kan., I believe would make a grand and noble president for the club. airs. Frentis, of Newton, Kan., I believe would make a grand and noble president for the club, and I would suggest the name of George L. Rhea, Selden, Texas, as its worthy secretary, believing him capable and well qualified for that position. If such a club is formed and my age does not behar me from membership, I desire that my name be placed on its roll of honor.

Mollie Wentworth, Bexar, Texas: I am always anxions for Friday to come, for it always brings THE CONSTITUTION. We have a croquet set and have lots of fun playing. We gave a croquet party not long ago and had a real pleasant time. My sister Lucy and I went to San Antonio last month on a visit to our cousins and had a splendid time. We were there on Decoration day, where they decorated the graves of the dead; had three bands of music and several speeches. After the speeches, everybody helped to decorate the graves, which was followed by the fireing of the cannons. and then the ceremonies of the day were over. Cousin Grace Wentworth came home with us and spent a week. Our Sunday school is going to give a picnic before long; we anticipate a nice time.

The Only Pure Baking Powder.

(From Hall's Journal of Health.) We feel it our duty to state that of a number of different kinds of Baking Powder purchased in a neighboring city for examination, the only one we found made of Pure Grape Cream of Tartar. and that did not contain any Alum, Acid Phosphates, or Ammonia, and that was absolutely

free from adulterations, was Cleveland's Superior Baking Powder.

MADE BY SPECIAL PROCESS--THE BEST.

Cocoa is of supreme importance as an article of diet. Van Houten's has fifty per cent. more flesh-forming properties than exist in the best of other cocoas.

N HOUTEN'S COCOA

The tissue of the cocoa bean is so softened as to render it easy of digestion, and, at the same time, the aroma is highly developed.

BT VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA ("once tried, always used ") is the original, pure, soluble Cocon, invented, patented and made in Holland, and is to-day better and more soluble than any of the numerous imitations. In fact, a comparative test will easily prove, that no other Cocoa equals this Inventor's in solubility, agreeable taste and nutritive qualities. "Largest sale in the world." Ask for VAN HOUTEN's and take no other.

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14 WEST ALABAMA STREET.

ENGINES, BOILERS & STEAM PUMPS FOR EVERY SHAFTING. PULLEYS AND HANGERS.

Friction Clutch Pulleys, Rubber and Leather Belting,

PACKING. HOSE,

* NACHINERY Injectors - Inspirators. FEED WATER HEATERS, Railway, Mining, Machine Shop, AND MILL SUPPLIES AND TOOLS.

R. H. RICHARDS & CO., 59 S. Broad St., ATLANTA, GA

APPOINTED APPRAISERS

The President Appoints the Appraisers of Merchandise. Merchandise.

Washington, July 2.—The president today nominated, to be general appraisers of merchandise under the provisions of the act of congress approved June 10, 1890, George C. Tichenor, of the District of Columbia; George H. Sharpe, of New York; James A. Jewell, of New York; Charles H. Ham, of Illinois, and Joseph B. Wilkinson, Jr., of Louisiana.

Secretary Windom said this afternoon that the customs appraisers nominated today under the provisions of the McKinley customs administrative bill, were selected solely with reference to their fitness for the places, and without regard to political considerations, except as provided in the bill. George Tichenor is one of the assistant secretaries of the

reference to their fitness for the places, and without regard to political considerations, except as provided in the bill. George Tichenor is one of the assistant secretaries of the treasury, and is regarded as one of the best informed men in the country on all questions affecting the customs service.

George H. Sharpe is a resident of Kingston, New York, and has at different times served as a member of congress, member of the state legislature and speaker of the state house of representatives. He was surveyor of customs at New York when Arthur was collector, and during the latter's term as president he was a member of the Venezuela claims commission. He is a lawyer by profession, and belongs to what is known as the stalwart Conkling wing of the republican party. Senator Hiscock is credited with his appointment.

C. H. Ham, of Chicago, is a native of New Hampshire, but has been a resident of Illinois for a great many years. He was the law partner of Chief Justice Fuller when President Grant selected him for appointment as appraiser of the port of Chicago. He held office up to the beginning of the last administration, and since then has devoted himself principally to literary pursuits. He was an editorial writer on the Chicago Tribune, and has written several works on the subject of "Manual Education." Senators Farwell and Cullom and Chief Justice Fuller were his principal supporters.

The three gentlemen named were appointed as republicans. The two democratic representatives on the board are James A. Jewell and J. B. Wilkinson, Jr. The former is a resident of Buffalo, N. Y. He served during the war as lieutenant-colonel of the New York Volunteers, and has subsequently been identified with the management of the Coleman house of New York, Grand Union hotel of Saratoga, St. James of New York and other hotels. He was appointed special agent of the treasury during the last administration, and still holds that position. He served at Boston and at New York, and was made chief of special agent of the treasury during th mendation of ex-President Cleveland, ex-secretary Fairchild and other prominent democrats. Mr. Wilkinson is a native of Louisiana and a brother of Representative Wilkinson, of that state. He was formerly engaged in sugar planting, but has lately devoted most of his time to newspaper work and the study of economic questions. He was very strongly endorsed by prominent southerners of both parties. The remaining four members of the board will probably be appointed the last of next week.

Among the Guests at Sweetwater Park Hotel Mrs. Aaron Haas and children, of Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. W. A. Moore, Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. William W. Austell, Evelyn Austell, Eale Austell, Mrs. T. C. Austell, Alfred Austell.

The Atlanta district conference and Sunday school of the Atlanta district of the African Methodist Episcopal church, convened at St. James' African Methodist Episcopal church on the corner of Gullatt and Biggers streets, yesterday at 10 s. m., with Rev. S. H. Robertson, presiding elder of the district, in the chair.

Rev. A. L. Gaines was elected secretary and Rev. T. W. Stule, assistant secretary.

The morning session was spent in organization. In the afternoon Bishop W. J. Gaines, D. D., and Bishop H. M. Turner, D. D., LL. D., addressed the assembly, and in a very interesting manner.

Buy the Powers Street Lot Today Of Sam'l W. Goode & Co. See advertisement in their column.

Suwanee Sulphur Springs Water
Will cure Bright's disease, or any urinary trouble
For evidence of same, write for testimonials ar
full particulars to
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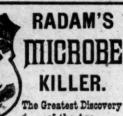
L. W. Scoviller,
Suwanee, Fla.

OFFICE OF FULTON COUNTY COMMISSIONers of Roads and Revenues, July 2, 1830.—A petition having been filed in this office, praying for the
opening of a public road i from near Rock Spring
church, on the Plaster's Bridge road, to the Peachtree road, near the residence of John N. Wood,
passing through the lands of Mrs. Bearse, J. M.
Liddell and G. W. Collier; and the Road Commismissioners, to whom the same was referred, having reported recommending the same, this is,
therefore, to notify all persons to file their objections, if any they have, by or before the first
Wednesday in August sext, else said road will
then be finally granted if no cause to the contrary
be shown.

JOHN T. COOPER,

JURY COMMISSION.

OFFICE OF FULTON COUNTY COMMISSION.



FITTINGS,

IRON AND BRASS VALVES.

of the Age. OLD IN THEORY, BUT THE REMEDY RECENTLY DISCOVERED.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

CATARRH, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, HAY FEVER. BRONCHITIS, RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, CANCER, SCROFULA, DIABETES, BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

MALARIAL FEVER, DIPTHERIA AND CHILLS. In short, all forms of Organic and Functional Disease. The cures effected by this Medicine are in

MIRACLES! ~

Sold only in Jugs containing One Gallon.

Price Three Dollars—a small investment when Health and Life can be obtained. "History of the Microbe Killer" Free.

CALL ON OR ADDRESS W. F. Parkhurst, Sole Agent. 43 South Broad street, near Alabama, and 68 Richardson street. 6-10-90-ly tues fri sun n rm

Only \$3 Atlanta to Chattanooga and return. Tickets on sale at R.D. Mann & Co.'s ticket office, 4 Kimball House, July 3d and 4th, via Western and Atlantic railroad.

Help Wanted-Male.

WANTED-A PRACTICAL AWNING MAKER. Call or address S. A. Fuller, 47 Decatur st. A SALESMAN WANTED IMMEDIATELY— A Permanent position to the right party. Call upon P. F. Collier, 12 E. Hunter st. WANTED-A FIRST CLASS PRESSMAN WHO is competent to take charge of cylinder

W is competent to take charge of cylinder presses. Apply, at once, to W. C. Dodson, 23 East Mitchell street. 7-3-dtf WANTED—A TRAVELING SALESMAN FOR Georgia; one thoroughly acquainted with stationery, printing, binding and lithography, and having a good acquaintance throuhout the stationery, required. Walker, Evans & Cogswell Co., Charleston, S. C.

WANTED—DRUG CLERK, OF BEST HABITS and experience. Applicant must have testi-monials as to character and fitness. Address W. E. Pelham, Asheville, N. C.

WANTED-TWO GOOD BENCH HANDS, AT Gohlstin, Haas & Guthman, 214 Marietta street.

thr sun

WANTED—SALESMEN ON SALARY OR COMmission fo handle the New Patent
Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The greatest
selling novelty ever produced. Erases ink
thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion
of paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit. One
agent's sales amounted to \$620 in six days;
another \$32 in two hours. We want one energetic
general agent for each state and territory. Sample by mail 35 cents. For terms and full particulars address The Monroe Eraser M*Fg Co., LaCrosse, Wis. CONTRACT OF GRADING TO LET ON DUMMY line from Atlanta to Decatur in quantities t suit bidders. Apply at once to 11 Cornelia stree Atlanta, Ga., or on the work. Patrick Keiley. 5t RUG CLERK-A COMPETENT MAN WANTED at once; apply with references, salary expected a; position must be filled immediately. Georgi ghes, Jacksonville, Fla. 2t

WANTED-AT GRAND VIEW HOTEL, TALLUlah, Ga., a first-class meat and pastry cook. W.D. Young.

WANTED—ONE FIRST CLASS MASON TO DO
first class bridge work. None but a quick;
one but a quick;
one for the first class bridge work. None but a quick;
one for the first class bridge work. None but a quick;
one first class bridge work. None but a quick;
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WANTED-2 FIRST-CLASS JOB PRINTERS. Good and permanent situations. Apply to G. W. Wilson, foreman Constitution Job Office. WANTED AT ONCE—FIVE GOOD COLLAR makers; good wages and steady employ-ment. Flor & Estes, Buford, Ga. 6-26-1w

Help Wanted-Female.

wish to employ a few Ladies on salary to take charge of my business at their comes. Light, very fascinating and healthful. Wagers \$10 per week. Reference given. Good pay for part time. Address with stamp, Mrs. Marion Walker. Louisville, Ky. Money to Loan.

ONEY TO LOAN.—CITY LOANS OR FARM ans promptly negotiated in any part of a. Francis Fontaine, 481/4 Marietta street G TIME LOANS ON ATLANTA REAL ES

Wanted-Boarders.

DESIRABLE ROOMS WITH BOARD, AT 2 PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARD AT 28 and 28 North Forsyth street. The best are commodations.

Situations Wanted-Male.

WANTED SITUATION—A TRAVELING MAN well acquainted in Georgia and Alabama desires a situation; best references. Address Al-

A versity of Virginia, of much experience, sires a situation as teacher. Teaches Latin, Gr French, German, Mathematics. Best referen Address Language, Elkton, Va. ju 29-d sun tu thur. CITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERT ACCOUNTANT and book-keeper of long experience. A New York man of thorough business qualifications. Highest testimonials and satisfaction guaranteed. Terms moderate. Address Palmer. P. O. box 435, Knoxytile, Tenn.

GENTLEMAN, EDUCATED AT THE UNI-

Situations Wanted-Female. WANTED-BY LADY OF EXPERIENCE, SIT-

music teacher by a young lady in school or col references exchanged. Address Miss L. R., Mr. Bob Shepherd, Madison, Ga. thur sun fri sun-4t. WANTED—A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DE sires a situation as nurse or companion to the sick; will also care for children; seven years experience; wants work immediately. Apply 5 Luckie street.

WANTED-A SITUATION AS NURSE OR chambermaid, by a young white woman willing to work. Address or call at 153 Mangum.

Wanted-Agents.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE PINLESS.

Cloths Line; the only line ever invented that holds the cloths without pins; a perfect success patent recently issued; sold only by agents. It whom the exclusive right is given; on receipt of 50 cents we will send a sample line by mall; also circulars; price list and terms to agents; secury your territory at once. Address the Pinles Clothes Line company, 17 Hermon street, Warchester, Mass.

Jun 20—6m thur sun LADY AGENTS COLNING MONEY.

ADY AGENTS COINING MONEY—WOND ful new rubber undergarment; sella Proof free. Address Little & Co., 216 Clar Chicago, Ill. AGENTS-WANTED ON SALARY. \$75 PEL Month and expenses paid any active man or woman to sell our goods by sample and live as home. Salary paid promptly and expenses in advance. Full particulars and sample case free. We mean just what we say. Address Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass.

For Sale-Real Estate. OFFER FOR SALE THE PROPERTY ON which I reside. It fronts on Forest avenue its feet and 192 feet on Courtland avenue. It is in every respect one of the choicest and most desirable places in the city, Jno. L. Hopkins: tu-th-su-tf

POR SALE-NO. 37 MERRITT'S AVE., SEVEN From house, gas and water. Apply to Porter King, 41 Merritt's ave., or 9½ Peachtree.

100 ACRES NEAR EAST POINT, 50 ACRES from Atlanta, half mile from railroad, at low 150 ACRES NEAR EAST POINT; 6-ROOM house, orchard, well watered; 60 acres timber; bargain; grand investment.

1050 ACRES NEAR MADDOX PARK, ON Attanta and Florida railroad; has frontage of five miles on railroad, both sides; well watered and finely timbered; this tract of land can be bought low for a few days.

50 ACRES SEVEN MILES FROM CITY, ON mile below East Point, 14 mile from new town of Manchester; lies beautifully. Price, \$1,500; easy terms. 70 ACRES 3/2 MILE FROM HAPEVILLE, ON Jonesboro road; five-room house; this place can be bought for only \$30 per acre. The hourly train is now running to Hapeville.

WE HAVE A BEAUTIFUL PLACE OF 112 acres 300 yards from depot at Hapeville, te tween city and Hapeville; 3-room house; good orchard. Come and see us about this.

WE CAN OFFER SOME BARGAINS INCITY property; one five-room and one two-room house on lot 75x154 on Pryor street dummy line; houses rent well now; this is a bargain at \$4,500; assay torms.

3-ROOM HOUSE, CORNER VINE AND DEL-bridge; \$50 cash, balance \$12 per month. OUTSIDE PROPERTY IS "THE THII now; 47 acres on Howell mill road, 25 a cleared; balance well timbered; 2-room ter house; small orchard; about one mile from For Sale-Horses, Carriages, Etc.

ONE HUNDRED HEAD OF INDIAN PONIS and horses for sale. McClendon's stable West Peter street. DeBray & Boucher. 71. For Rent-Houses, Cottages, Etc. POR RENT—RESIDENCE, 83 CAPITOL AVE-party leaving the city; will sell carpets and kitchen complete. Apply on premises from 10 to 6 POR RENT—A DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY RES.
I dence of eight rooms, including bath rooms
with water, stable, etc., near city, till Novembel
1st. Apply to C. J. Kamper, 369 Feachtree st.

Rooms.

LOR RENT-TWO ELEGANT, UNFURNI

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM TO LET Table board can be had next door. Inquire I Pryor street, opposite Kimball. 6-27-dtf

Wanted-Houses. Rooms, Etc. WANTED TO RENT-ONE HOUSE OF FIVE six or seven rooms, all on one foor, with modern improvements, on prominent and in good neighborhood. Apply or addreone, 24 South Broad street.

WANTED-TO RENT, DESK ROOM IN attorney's office. Address E. F., 14 S.

DOOKS—THE ALDEN PUBLISHING CO., AS 73 Whitehall st., have made the greatest reduction in the price of standard literature eve known. This special reduction is good for this week only, and is intended as a Fourth of July treat to the lovers of good literature. NJECTORS—GEO. R. LOMBARD & CO., gusta Ga., are headquarters for the best heapest made.

THE BEST FRESH AND SMOKED MEAT OOR SALE-EVERYTHING IN THE TY

of SALE-EVERYTHING IN THE writer and stenographers' supply line for large illustrated catalogue of suppl samples of typewriter linen. Great barg second-hand typewriters of all makes, mens of work mailed on application. A Typewrite Exchange, 613 Pine street, St. Mo.

Machinery for Sale.

cars, Five 20-ton freight locomotives,
Five 20-ton freight or passenger locomotive with Westinghouse air brakes,
Five 20-ton passenger locomotives,
Westinghouse air brakes.
Apply for particulars to McDUNUUGH & davannab, Ga.

may 15—d Legal Blanks.

RONCLAD NOTES WAIVING ALL THE EN emptions in books of 100 sent postpaid upon recipt of 40c; a book of 50, same notes sent for 20 mortgage notes with three lines blank for descrition of property, 100 in a book for 40c; 50 in book for 5c; same note except seven lines space idescription, 100 for 60c or 50 for 33c, postpaid praft books of 100 for 25c. Receipt books of 10 for 25c. These are all the best forms. Send can with orders, as we keep no account on these smattems. Address Constitution Job Office.

Business Chances. WANTED—AN ENERGETIC, RELIABLE I son to rent a hotel in a live town near anta, \$25 per month; no other hotel in town; sell carpets and furniture for \$5,000. Addresouth Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

OOR RENT_TWO NEW 4-ROOM COTTA water and gas; Fulton st., between Crew (ashington. Address Mrs. M. R. Luckie, 15) of avenue.

THE CONSTITUTION.

LISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

OLUNIEER contributions for which compensatis desired must be marked with the price ex-

teep copies of articles. We do not undertake to THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

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THE- SUNDAY CONSTITUTION. \$2 A YE/R. SENT TO MANY ADDRESS

ATLANTA, GA., JULY 3, 1890.

Discrediting Southern Republicans. The attitude of the republican leaders ward the force bill has developed one rearkable and important fact-namely, that views of southern republicans, when ey clash with the preconceived views of northern republicans, are of no more ight than those of southern democrats.

As instances of this queer condition of ngs, take the protests which have been by Mr. Ewart, of North Carolina, and r. Coleman, of Louisiana, two well known thern republicans. These protests have d no effect whatever on the republican ramme. In the face of the facts which two southern republicans clearly and

stakably sea forth, they have had no whatever on the attempts of the majority to set in motion the chinery of their infamous election meas-

In other words, Reed and the men whom controls do not desire to know the truth. have tried to impress the people of e north with the idea that the force bill is sary for the protection of the negro. then the southern republicans explode this ory and show that the measure is not nly unnecessary, but that it will work imurable harm to every southern interest, ncluding, of course, the interest of the roes themselves, no halt whatever is in the republican programme. The uthern republicans are snubbed, and are ainly given to understand that no true ublican is expected to tell the truth about situation at the south.

In their partisan eagerness to override the ats of the people and to insure their rty a long lease of power, Reed and other in in control turn a deaf ear to the warnof these southern republicans and say, effect, that a northern republican like Mr lee who knows no more of the south han he does of the center of Africa, is more illiar with affairs here than even the thern republicans who make their homes

A Faithful Officer.

following complimentary notice of the collector of Cobb county we find in The rietta Journal:

our very efficient tax collector, J. V. Stanback, s been frequently asked how he stands with the tte. It can be seen from the following very mplimentary letter from Comptroller Wright at he makes a showing that is very creditable raiseworthy. The letter speaks for itself: ANTA, Ga., January 23, 1890.—J. V. Stanback, Collector Cobb County. Dear Sir: I exam-your final statement and find it correct and l your final state ed your final statement and find it correct and tisfactory in every particular. The promptness the which it is made, considering the large count of the large count of the large count of the large with the large tidence of your energy and efficiency is own by the fact that the amount of taxes colted not on digest nearly doubles the amount of ur insolvent list. This has rarely, if ever, hapmed before. I am very respectfully,

W. A. WRIGHT, Comptroller-General.

We print this letter of Comptroller-General 's to emphasize his remarks about the thful conduct of this efficient officer, with hope that it will lead others to do like-Too many men in this office discharge eir duty in a perfunctory manner. It is an e that requires the utmost diligence. sty and efficiency, and Captain Stanback to have performed his duty so well as ing a letter of commendation from Compr-General Wright, and all who kno fr. Wright will understand the fact that the uld have been written if he did not w the compliment was deserved, and e who are acquainted with Captain Stanack will know very well that it is a complint well deserved.

Attempts to Crush Stanley.

When Explorer Stanley achieved his first at success by finding Livingstone, several rican newspapers endeavored to crush

It was charged that Stanley, as a reporter n this country, had been notorious for his s, that he had deserted from the confede es to the federals, and finally that he had owed several hundred dollars from the R. J. Morris, of Philadelphia, and had er made any effort to repay the debt.

All this looked pretty black, but an an er came from an unexpected quarter. Mr. ris, the injured creditor, came out puband said that all these facts did not do with the greater fact that Stanley had n unsurpassed judgment, nerve, courand devotion in penetrating the wilds of ca in search of Livingstone. The exer had shown himself to be so great and we a man that the world could overlook ots on his record, and, so far as the ot due to himself was concerned, he cared ng about it. Mr. Morris further said. his singular defense of Stanley, that a fle, a turn of fortune, or a change of conas might transform a blackguard into a and a gentleman, and he protested mainst dragging up a man's early crimes ad follies after he had signalized himself a truly great achievement, and laid the

d under tremendous obligations. This generous and remarkable plea for the rer was made by a scholar and a genin, an ex-foreign minister, and its eft was felt at once. The newspapers quit apping and snarling, and Stanley became hero of the hour.

spite all that was said by Mr. Morris fact remains that desertion from one y to the enemy is the meanest, blackest most unpardonable of all offenses) in eyes. We cannot see how any fine n talk can whitewash the deserter. The thing that can be said in this case is Stanley was a mere boy when he deed. He was a foreigner, and felt little in the issues at stake. He went into war just as he went to Africa-to gratify of adventure, and did not care th flag he fought under. In his later s he has turned out the greatest explorer ne age, but this distinction does not

e it certain that a man is altogether ad-

mirable and worthy of imitation. However, it is plain enough that all the attempts to crush Stanley have failed.

Swigging Rum Punch.

It is said of Nero, who was a gen eminent among the barbarians, that he took down his fiddle and played "Sally in the Wildwoods," or some other lively tune while Rome was burning. Being a barbarian by birth and a lusher by profession, Nero is not to be too harshly criticized, and even the most philosophical historians are inclined to tread lightly over his grave.

Another fact that should be borne in mind

when we refer to the barbaric episode in which Nero figured is that he has, in a mild way, his modern prototypes. According to our telegrams from Washington, while an amendment to the infamous election bill, which would have been fatal to the bill, was pending, eight democrats, seven from the north and one from the south, were in the congressional barroom sucking rum punches. They were away from their seats engaged in enjoying one of the many delights to be found in Washington.

While they were tippling, the amendment came up and was defeated, and they swaggered to their seats too late to take part in the vote. The names of these men ought to to be printed, so that the people may identify those who are so careless of the best interests of the country.

A Source of Coolness and Comfort. During the present-or shall we say recent?-heated term a great many people kept wonderfully cool and happy by turning to the Georgia watermelon for relief. It is possible, under the melon dispensation, for people to fret and worry and still keep cool.

It may be said, however, that those who keep the coolest and enjoy themselves the most are not the ones who insist on having their melons ice-cold. In a refrigerator, or in direct contact with ice, this delicious fruit soon begins to deteriorate and lose its flavor. It is as sensitive as it is luscious, and even in a cold spring loses its crispness. Still an icethose who eat of it plentifully in the heat of the day and note results will be astonished to find how comfortable he is in comparison with those who eat no melons

What is the secret of its cooling power? Go to the negro, thou doubter! Behold him, when he ceases from work at midday, greedily scoop out the heart of a luscious melon and make way with it! After destroying a melon or two, and taking a nap in the sun, he is ready to resume his labors, cool, refreshed and happy. With the exception of the nap in the sun, let us all try to emulate his example, and thus remain cool and serene during the hottest weather.

An Act of Grace.

About the oldest claims against our government are those known as the French spoliation claims.

Nearly one hundred years ago we settled with France for the spoliations alleged to have been committed by that country, and ever since that time we have neglected to divide the boodle with such American citizens as were entitled to it.

There has been pretext after pretext and delay after delay, until the original claimants all died, and new sets of heirs came to the front to ask for justice. In every new congress this spoliation business comes up, and the claims passed upon by the proper court are referred back, and time is allowed for the presentation of new claims.

Our republic owes money to these people and has owed it for a century. It ought to settle the bill or repudiate. There is no sense and no justice in monkeying with it so long. But last week the matter came up again and congress passed a bill extending the time twelve months as an act of grace for filing additional French spoliation claims.

There should be a general protest against this dishonest shirking of debt-paying by the federal government. We defrauded the original claimants and then defrauded their children, and now their grandchildren are about to sink into their graves without any satisfaction. If the whole conduct of the federal government in this matter has not been something very like embezzlement, we do not know what to call it. If a private citizen acted in such a fashion, he would be regarded as a thief and dealt with as such. Let us get rid of the old claims-pay them off, and lose no more time in discussing the

Curiosities of Heat.

A sunstroke may fail to kill a-man one year, and yet linger in his system and kill him the following summer.

Here is a case in point. Joseph Heiss was prostrated by the heat in Indianapolis one year ago and narrowly escaped death. The other day the hot weather brought on a return of his former symptoms. While suffering this way he entered a hotel, seized a carving knife, and cut his throat from ear to

So atrocious are certain recent crimes that The New York Herald asks: "'Is crime a disease?" It certainly is during such weather as we have been afflicted with lately. A man in a hot city, exposed to the heat, and working hard six or seven days in the week, is liable at any moment to yield to a temporary whirl of the brain and do anything that

s destructive, violent and abnormal. It has long been known that the most horrible and unreasonable crimes are committed in hot weather. They are committed openly,

without any attempt to escape, and without either explanation or defense. With these facts before us it is a man's irst duty to keep cool, but just how the toilers and men penned up in blistering

cities are to do it is a very puzzling question. Rough Words for the West.

The western newspapers have been taking Rev. Sam Jones to task for some remarks of

his in reference to that part of the country. It is charged that Brother Jones said recently that "the Saxon hell is located in the west," and now the Omeha World-Herald and other indignant representatives of western journalism are laboring to prove that it

is not. The World-Herald says that this statement was applauded and believed in the east, but that Mr. Jones knows that it is no hotter in the west than anywhere else, and he went too far in locating the sinners' here-

after there. We are glad, however, that Mr. Jon made the remark, for our western contemporary has been constrained thereby to place the west in a very good light before the very excellent country, and not one whit behind the south and east in matters of civilization and general prosperity.

Replying to Mr. Jones, our contemporary

destructions han the east or north or south. He knows that in the west there are more school-houses and churches than there are in the south or east. He knows, too, that communities cannot be very bad where schoolhouses and churches are in plenty. The people of the west may be more natural about their sinning, if they do sin. They may not attempt to cover it up. They do what they do above board and in the sight of all men. But they pay their school teachers and their min. But they pay their school teachers and their min-isters, and have made Mr. Jones much better off financially. The average western man is free to give to charity; he reaches out his hand to the fallen and does not feel disgraced because he has done some such Christian act. The people of the east are more straight laced. They pretend to be pious, and rob men. They drop a penny in the urn of poverty with one hand and with the other take a shilling out.

The "Saxon hell" must certainly be a

great distance from the place which is described above. But what is the east going to do about it? In replying to Mr. Jones, our contemporary has preferred a charge against the east which places it in a ques tionable light before the country. Jones, by that little statement of his, has stirred a hornet's nest. Let us hear what the east has to say about it.

THERE are ten thousand negro voters in to District of Columbia who have no right to vote. There is no republican kick up over

EDITOR HALSTEAD, of the Brooklyn Stand ard-Union, is beginning to fret himself over the intense statesmanship of some of his New York contemporaries. A long season of yexation stretches out before him.

It is said that President Harrison refuses to perspire, even in this hot weather.

THE eight tippling democrats who by their absence enabled the republicans to have their way in the house Tuesday ought to have their names engrossed on parchment and hung ur in a gold frame.

THE congressional bar seems to be a great aid to the republicans.

Eight democrats, full of rum punch, saun tering in to gaze on a defeat which their abence had rendered possible, is not an inspiring spectacle.

Some temperance democrats should order rum punches for Reed and his gang.

EDITORIAL COMMENT. DROP! drop! drop! So it goes in Chicago. Horses drop dead; then the men who drag them off drop dead in turn. We hear of few such fain the south. Heat kills in the north. The south is the only genuine summer resort.

A WRITER in the Cornhill Magazine says : Everybody must have noticed that there were no "Eng-lish" (Christian names, as we would call them nowadays, anywhere in English history before the battle of Hastings. John, Robert, Henry, Thomas, Richard, Roger, Guy, and Peter—in fact, the common assemblage of English society generally -all came over, as might naturally have been ex-pected from gentlemen of such high respectability with William the Conqueror. Before the conquest the true-born Englishmen bore without exception those uncoulh and unprenounceable crackjaw names which we now, condescendingly describe as Anglo-Saxon. To be sure, these are the only true English names in existence—the only ones formed directly from English [roots and smacking of the soil where those roots grow as naturally as dandelions or daisies, while all the rest that we bear nowadays are in the lump High German or else Hebrew by origin, as much aliens in the land as the Caroline and the Augustuses, the Alexanders and Dagmars, that have come over in later times with Tentonic or Scandinavian princes or princesses. Most of these true old English names were ugly enough in all conscience. Take Ælfthryth, for example, as a charming title for the heroin of a novel, of Godgifu as the orig nal of our modern Lady Godiva. But, pretty o ugly, they all went down together as soon as the Normans came. The native Englishman, with gennine British snobbery, no sooner felt the heels f the Williams and the Henrys pressed firm up his neck than he took his revenge-how? Why, by christening his own ignoble Saxon brats William and Henry, just like their Norman overlords. Even so the despiser of our bloated aristocracy in the east at the present day end sends Percy and Bertie to the board school around the corner, while Gwendoline takes out Leopold in the broken go cart, and Gladys stops at home in the general living room to mind Algernon and peel the potatoes. WHILE in Canada the marchioness of Lorne

"GATH" writes: "I was talking a few days ago with persons in Washington conversant with our state affairs, who related how strangely gov-ernments confer their honors in return for politi-cal assistance. My friends were saying that when the Cuban revolt broke out General Grant, Genthe Caban revolt broke out General Grant, General Rawlins, General Banks and the leading men in our government had resolved to give belligerent rights to the Cubans and let them gain their independence, so that the \$40,000,000 we were paying to tha island in trade every year might in some way come back to us, instead of being stolen by the Spanish officials, and conveyed to the frugal shops of Spain. The secretary of state at that time, Mr. Hamilton Fish, had resolved to make the policy of the administration the settlement of the Alabama the administration the settlement of the Alaba claims, but found that in order to get the Ala-Cuban independence. All we obtained for the Alabama claims was about \$15,000,000, whereas our trade with Cuba is very generally \$37,000,000 year, and we pay cash for the most of it. Ir is said that a genuine Spanish bull fight will be given at a sporting resort near Washington

City this fall. THE WEEKLY EDITORS.

The editors are busy this week ironing their free passes and starching their linen dusters. A Georgia editor, writing to his paper from Cumberland island, says: "For once in my

life I am in the swim." The weather is too warm for celluloid colars. One "took fire" recently and blew a

Georgia editor up. Editor Kersh, of the Fort Valley Enterprise, has composed the following ode of welcome for

the Georgia editors: Come, brethren, from all about, Wherever ye may roam; Come one and all and eat us out

Of house and home! Editor Cook, of Leroy, who will make an impromptu address before the Weekly Press association, has written sixty pages of it and is

now reciting it in the woods. The warm weather doesn't worry the La Grange Reporter man one bit. While all the people are perspiring, he is getting out the news in the coldest manner possible, and

plenty of it at that. The following from the Buena Vista Patriot

will be endorsed everywhere:

O, for an iceberg in some boundless sea,
Where the wild winds howl in majesty! O, for an hour In some such bower,

How happy and jolly and cool it would be! Somebody has made a great mistake. The other day Editor Graves, of the Tribune of Rome, published a long obituary on John G. Rome, published a long obituary on John G. Taylor, formerly business manager of that paper, in which he stated that Taylor had died a natural death in Marlin, Texas. We copied the item; it was seen by Taylor's home paper, the Marlin Ball, which says:

"John G. Taylor is neither dead nor sleeping. He is editing his uncle's cotton patch near Mar-

fellow, and his experience in Georgia journ ism convinced us that he would tile hard, not at all. We are glad to hear this. Taylor is a go

COL. HULSEY'S CARD.

HE SAYS HIS SAY TO THE VOTERS OF THE FIFTH.

The Announcement of His Candidady for onOn-All Matters Concerned.

Colonel W. H. Hulsey has given his anncement to the public and is now squarely congressional race.
announcement is couched in plain

inguage.

The colonel expresses his allegiance to the democratic party and says that he enters the

ace under that fing.

His name he submits to the democratic congressional convention.

But here is Colonel Hulsey's card. It tells

the full story:

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District: Replying to the request of my friends to allow my name presented for congress from the 5th district, I have to say that I have had the asterunder consideration for some days past, and ifter a careful survey of all the surroundings, I have at length determined to comply with their vishes and declare myself a candidate, subject to he action of the monimating convention of he full story:

have at length determined to comply with their wishes and declare myself a candidate, subject to the action of the nominating convention of the district. I trust that I subject myself to no just criticism, when I say that in so announcing myself I am moved by no undue ambition to aspire to high place because of any benefit to me personally; but only to contribute, if elected, whatever I may be able to the well being of the people amongst whom I have spent my life.

I believe in the principles of the democratic party, pure, and simple, and maintfin that in them and in them alone are found the rules for the safe government of the people; and further, that wheever else may be excused for withdrawing his allegiance from the party, no southern man, in view of the questions that confront us, can be pardoned. The maintenance of our rights, and the safety of our homes, lie in our willingness to touch elbows in the democratic line with our neighbors. If we but be patient and stand united, it will, with the utmost speed that safety will admit of, remedy the most, if not all, the ills we complain of. If elected, I would contribute my all and the utmost to the maintenance of democratic understand.

But along with our duty to maintain democratic or considering our covernment, comes the duty of considering our covernment. ocratic principles.

But along with our duty to maintain democratic government, comes the duty of considering our business interests, that we may devise plans and adopt methods that will add to our material welface, and while I would advocate no measure that could be considered class legislation, I do most earnestly insist that such action as would make all the business interests stand upon the same footing, should be had. The avenues to every houses vocation and calling in this country should be opened and kept open to all alike. To this end I would favor the free coinage of silver and the repeal of the national bank act in so far as it prevents banking under state laws. If the doing of these two things failed to give to our agricultural interest the relief, demanded, I would strive to find such other lawful and just means as would meet the demands of the times.

On the anextion of the revision and reduction of

On the question of the revision and reduction of e tariff which is so rightfully engaging the pub-On the question of the revision and reduction of the tariff which is so rightfully engaging the public mind. I am in full sympathy and accord with the democratic party. I believe that no more revenues should be gathered into the national treasury than are required for the legitimate and economical administration of the government, and that whatever sum the government collects in excess of this administration of the government, and that what-ever sum the government collects in excess of this is money wrongfully collected from the people. Besides such large sums gathered and hoarded in the national treasury, is a standing temptation to the wrongful and reckless expenditure of the people's money. And it is likewise liable to be used to perpetuate corrupt men in high places by illegal expenditure from the public money. The enormous sums that the government has been and is expending for pensions evidences the recklessness with which hoarded money is ex-pended.

Indeed, the evils of collecting money from the

Indeed, the evils of collecting money from the people, for which the government has no legitimate use, under a proper administration, are too numerous to mention; and among other evils that it fosters its tendencies are decidedly in the interest of trusts and combinations against the interest of the people.

In conclusion, pardon me if I add, should I receive the nomination and be elected, to the utmost of my ability will I serve the people who confer on me such distinguished honor. Very respectfully, WILLIAM H. HULSEY.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

-Colonel Thomas E. Winn, democratic candi date for congress, from Gwinnett, will speak this week at Canton, Hickory Flat, Dawsonville, Dahlonega, The Glades and Homer. Mr. N. F. Cobb, is a candidate for county commissioner of Polk county.

A primary election will be held in Catooss inty, on August 15th. The General Opinion: The man who says that the next three months will not be lively in poli-tics in the seventh congressional district, exhibits an ignorance that is indeed pitiable.

-Mr. W. O. Watson, in a card to the Albany News and Advertiser, says that for reasons per-fectly satisfactory to himself, he has decided to make the race for the legislature.

-Ringgold New South: The present indica tion shows that there will only be two candidates for senatorial thonors from this district. Robert Dougherty and R. M. W. Glenn are the only names we have heard associated with the position They are both from Walker county.

-Thomasville Times: The date of the primary will be fixed by the mass meeting, called for the been a number of years since the inauguration of the primaries. In fact, Thomas was one of the first counties in the state to lead off on the new line, and she has never had any cause to regret

cently been in conference and correspondence with alliancemen from nearly every county in the district, and we find the farmers, to a man, in favor of Mr. Broughton for congress. It will not be necessary for this gentleman to even make canvass of the district, for his name and well known position on the subtreasury bill is all the alliance asks. It is late in the campaign to begin the fight, but the field is yet open, and in a week's time Mr. Broughton can have the alliance gripped to him with hooks of steel.

—Macon Telegraph: Mr. Walter de Wolf of the state agricultural department, arrived in Macon last night, and his happy looks showed plainly that he feels certain that Judge Hender-

on will be elected.
He was asked, how is the race for con

"So far as Commissioner Henderson is con-corned, yery satisfactorily. The counties are in-structing for him as rapidly as the primaries are held. He carried everything last Saturday, with the single exception of Coweta, Mr. Hunnicutt's

own county. "In the conduct of the affairs of the depart. "In the conduct of the analyse of the department of agriculture, Commissioner Henderson has been governed by the single desire to subserve the interests of the people, and, recognizing this, there seems to be a general determination to express their approval by electing him to succeed himself. Of course this does not please the gentlement of the want the place themselves, but the tlemen, who want the place themselves, but the people of Georgia are slow to set aside a faithful public servant to make place for new and untried

The alliance seems to be voting almost solidly

"That is but natural. He has been a member of the order since early after its introduction into the state, and has given his personal and official influence to all the measures advocated by the

GENERAL GEORGIA NEWS

-It is rumored that a vein of rich green paint stone has been discovered on Cumberland island. It is said that similar veins are found along

It is said that similar veins are found along Satilla river.

—The common council of Cedartown has passed an ordinance exempting all manufacturing plants hereafter located there from municipal taxes for a term of eight years.

—It is reported that northern lumbermen are making extensive purchases of the pine lands in the south, with the view of occupying them in the early future. This has resulted in an advance in the price of timber lands.

—A party of prospectors has been at work in the marsh between Cumberland and Cabin Bluff for several days. They have driven many stakes, and it is thought that they have struck in rich vein of phosphate.

—The seven year old son of Hugh Appleby, of Pendergrass, Hall county, had the misfortune to break one of his legs in two places by a fail, last Friday.

—In Augusta last Wednesday a negro girl, seven years old, was bitten by a mad dog. The white people of the city immediately raised a fund and sent the girl to New York to be treated. An exchange says that this is one way of solving the race problem, and it is a good way. Let alone, the two races in the south would rarely, if ever, have a collision

—Albany News: Some of the growers are shipping very inferior melons just now, as well as some of the finest ever grown in southwest Georgia. A car was shipped from these parts Saturday containing 1,650 melons weighing less than 19,000 pounds. This would make them average less than twelve pounds each.

—Augusta Evening News: The Augusta postoffice question has not yet been finally settled,
and it now becomes a republican political puzzle.
The appointment of Captain Denning does not
seem to have pleased some of the negroes in
Augusta any more than it does the whites, and
there is, in consequence, a split in the grand old
party here, and a fight will follow over the confirmation of Denning by the senate. Professor R. firmation of Denning by the senate. Professor R. R. Wright, a leading negro teacher and politician, has gone on to Washington, and has had the confirmation held up nutil charges, against Denning can be heard. It is said that he has strong repub lican backers, and also that First Assistant Post lican backers, and also that First Assistant Four-master-General Clarkson, who favored the reton-tion of Major Boyce, will oppose Denning's con-firmation. Denning, meanwhile, has the Lacking of "Boss! Binck and of Postmaster General Wana-maker, and the fight is a very pretty one as it stands, without any interference from democrat

SOME GOSSIP THAT IS AFLOAT.

"I've come to Georgia to get cool. Simply can't stand it up in Chicago," was the greet-ing of "Sandy" Cohen, as he stepped from a Western and Atlantic train yesterday. "I've been away eight weeks and haven't had a comfortable day in all that time. I never saw any thing to compare with the heat up there People talk of heat in the south-why it's nothing when compared with that."

Then the conversation turned upon Mr. James O'Neill's production of "The Dead Heart," in which Mr. Cohen is financially in-

terested.
"I suppose," he began, "you have read the newspaper criticisms upon the play and know of the great success it has made. The praise of the papers has been unanimous, and it was not at the first alone, but right through the five weeks' engagement. we closed the papers gave us an even more enthusiastic send off than that they gave us at first, if that were possible. All pronounced the production a success in the highest sense of the word.' "And financially?"

"It was thoroughly successful financially That is remarkable, too, for a melodrama of this class in the hot weather, when the fancy of the people naturally turns to thoughts of comic opera and burlesque. Yes, Mr. O'Neill certainly has cause to feel happy over "The Dead Heart," which is certainly a second "Monte Cristo.

Mr. Cohen has booked the new play for eason of week stands in the principal cities of country. "We have held open three weeks for the south in case we feel that we can come," he said. I am anxious to come, for I want my friends to have an opportunity of witnessing the production."

"Sandy" is a hustler and no mistake. Four wrecks between Chicago and Atlanta tried to keep him from getting here but he "got" all the same. In Nashville he had "only four minates," I believe he said, "to go from one depot to the other," but he made it and caught his train. He got to Atlanta at about noon, and made a call upon his friends in The Constitution office, went to Northen headquarters and made a speech for the next governor, then a half a dozen business calls. All the time and on all sides finding friends with whom a pleasant word or two was exchanged, dinner at the Kimball and then he was off to Augusta, where he will remain on his "native heath" for several weeks. will have charge of the business end of Mr. O'Neill's attraction next season. It is understood that he has a splendid arrange with Mr. O'Neill, and he is undoubtedly an excellent man for the position, involving, as it does, great responsibility.

They were discussing the eighth district ace-in the Markham house corridors this

"I noticed in THE CONSTITUTION a few days ago," remarked a gentleman from Eatonton, reference to the fight being made upon Frank Colley In general, I endorse what Judge Little and Colonel McWhorter said, but that was calculated to create a wrong impression. Judge Lawson, as I know of my own knowledge, has had nothing to do with the fight Colonel Colley. He was asked to speak at Washington and couldn't help doing so. He was given assurances of support that were gratifying to him, but he has always conceded Wilkes to Colonel Colley. We expect the Wilkes people to be for Colley just as we are for Judge Lawson—enthusiastic. And we're

going to put him through." Nominate him?" "Yes, I firmly believe so. I see by THE CON-STITUTION that Colonel Broughton, of Monroe will not be a candidate. That will help Judge Lawson, for, without a local candidate, Monroe will go for Lawson. We believe he will lead when the convention assembles."

An interested spectator at the Livingston-Stewart discussion was Colonel John S. Candler.

It is too early for congressional lightning to be flying through the air. "What are Hulsey's chances?" was the

question asked of the politicians yesterday. THE CONSTITUTION'S announcement Colonel Hulsey's determination to enter the race, made the talk,

"I think Hulsey will win." "I think that is a hard blow at Stewart." "I think it wipes away Livingston's

chances."

Those are simple answers. The question was asked up at the capitol and here is the way one who is supposed to know the ground pretty well put it:

"Stewart will have Spalding and Walton Hulsey will have Fulton and DeKalb; Livingston stands the best chance for the other votes. That gives Stewars, 6; Hulsey, 10; Livingston, 14. Made up as that conven will be, it is anybody's fight. Look out for

rsing Hon. C. L. Moses, of Coweta, in prefce to Hon. Henry R. Harris, created a good deal of talk. Every body was surprised.

"And the Meriwether Alliance failed to enderse Joe Terroll for the legislature; that surprises me even more," was the comment of west Georgia statesman.

The action of the Meriwether Alliance in en-

It is a year of surprises.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

THE NEW OFFICER BEGINS HIS OFFICIAL CAREER.

He Reports at the State House Where Quarters are Assigned Him-

How He Will Work. The geological department of Georgia is now

well under way. Geologist Spencer's rm of office began according to the act creating it, yesterday, the list day of July. He was on hand ready and well equipped for the work before him.

Yesterday at noon the advisory board created by the act which revived the office of state geologist, held its first meeting with Professor Spencer. The members of this board are this board are Governor Gordon, Treasurer Hardeman, Commissioner Henderson, School Commission Hook, Comptroller General Wright and Attorney General Anderson. These gentlemen met the geologist yesterday, and a long conference was the result.

Governor Gordon presided. Professor Spencer had prepared a long list, showing what was necessary for a survey of the state. The act providing for this survey says that it must commence simultaneously in each of the three sections presided over respectively by the geologist and his two assistants, and \$1,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary shall be applied to each of these sections for an outfit and necessary expenses incident to the prosecution of the work in each section. As can be readily understood such a survey is no small matter, and in order to get over the ground the surveying parties must be equipped with horses, wagons, tents and other things going to make up a camping outfit, as well as with scientific aparatus.

well as with scientific aparatus.

All of these were included in Professor Spencer's list. The board discussed the amount of money to the work in hand, \$8,000 a year" and the amount which should be expended for the outfit necessary in making the survey. Finally the governor appointed a subcommittee con-sisting of Treasurer Hardeman and Commis-sioner Henderson to look thoroughly into the matter with a view to ascertaining just exactly what was indispensable. This committee will confer with Professor Spencer and the three gentlemen will report at the next neeting of the board which is to be called by

Always Get the Best.

From the Lincolnton, Ga., News.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is one of the larg-

est, newsiest and most progressive papers in the south. In evidence of this fact, see its issue of Sun lay, the 15th, of twenty-four pages; you will therein find statistics, secured at large expense, showing the improvement in the farming interest from every county in the state for the last five ears. These returns were collected by THE CON-STITUTION through her agents, at its own expense, and given for the benefit of its readers and the world at large. It claims a larger circulation than that of any daily published between Baltimore and New Orleans. Its weekly circulation reaches 150,000, making it one of the best mediums for advertising in the south. If you want a real live paper, with all the latest news, subscribe for THI

A DYING BOY.

The Sad Sequel of a Hunting Holiday at Charles Hillsman Powell, the fourteen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Powell, of Lithonia, is

dying at Providence infirmary.

Seven months ago yesterday the little fellow returned from a hunting excursion with his father, near Lithonia.

When he reached home the yard dog was tearing a pet pig, and the boy, afraid to the dog for fear of killing the pig, clubbed his gun and when he struck the dog the gun broke at the breach, and one barrel exploded, the charge entering his left thigh.

The wound was a terrible one, lacerating the muscles and crushing the bone near the hig Dr. Trotter was called and did all he could

for the wounded boy, and after months of suf-fering his father and mother decided to send him to the city for treatment. Two weeks ago he was carried to Providence infirmary, and since his arrival there Drs. Nicolson, Elkin, Gaston and others have

done all that they could do to save the life of the bright little boy, the youngest born of his

parents and one of the brightest boys in community where he was born and bred. But despite all their efforts he has been wasting Last evening Mr. J. W. English, Jr., his cousin, called to see him, and even amid the gathering gloom, the little suffered laughed and chatted, expressing the hope that he would soon be up and able to ride out

But the physicians had given him up, and the heart broken mother sat weeping by the bedside of her darling boy. "Tell mamma not to cry so," he said, "for I

will soon get well, and I will make up for all

this time." Mrs. Captain J. W. English, who is a sister of Mr. Powell, remained by the bedside during the night.

The case is a very sad one, and Mr. and Mrs. Powell have the sympathies of many triends in their create sympathies.

riends in their great sorrow. It was hoped last night that the little fellow might live through the night, but his disease is such that he cannot survive many hours. LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Mr. Oldham Was Misunderstood. EDITIOUS CONSTITUTION—You are in error when you say that my recent communication regarding clay floors in the south the intimation is made that the instance cited "with all the beautiful appointments set forth, is a negro institution identified with the blacks and their past more careful reading of the short note printed in your columns will show no such intimation, and is consequently unworthy the imputation you place upon it. The domicile described was not occupied by a negro, but was, as stated, the cating apartment of a southern ante bellum planter in well to do circumstances. That similar floors, bare of the artistic embellishments enumerated, were frequently found in the negrocabins of the south before the war, was a fact which the writer plainly presented, and which The Constitutions still seems in willing to believe exist only in "the imagination of northern readers," though deliberately making the concession that "many a white person in this country has lived and done well on clay floors." The stating of a simple fact is not "catering" to any thing, but the truth. EDWARD A. OLDHAM. occupied by a negro, but was, as stated, the ent-

The County Comm

The County Commissioners.

The county commissioners held their monthly meeting yesterday morning.

There was quite a lot of routine business transacted, but nothing of special importance.

Commissioner Murphy introduced a resolution to confer with the railroad authorities with a view to bridging the Central railroad crossings at Bellwood and Collins, or to provide means of some kind to prevent loss of life at those dangerous points. The resolution was adopted.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

indlessager.—The widow of Senator Riddle-berger has taken charge of the Shenandoah Here ald.

chilential.—A German named Lillienthal, after experimenting twenty-three years with artificial wings, bas succeeded in raising himself, weighing 100 pounds, with the aid of a counted weight, lifting eighty pounds. How to lift the other eighty pounds is still beyond him.

PIELD.—Justice Stephen J. Field has one of the finest houses in Washington, and yet is the poorest man on the supreme bench.

RAYMOND.—When Henry J. Eaymond was doing the best work of his life on the New York Tribune he got only \$15 a week.

HE GRA Warm

ATTERS OF

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Yesterday v nuch concern A meeting itary con ations took p

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tering" to anyA. OLDHAM.

Senator Riddle

Aggregate. Total one run, 24.
Rest possible three runs, 72.
When each trooper of a team has finished his bree runs, the team shall again be presented to the judges, and then conducted from the course by tax commander. nas one of the yet is the poor

THE EXPOSITION FAIRLY BOOMING.

A Warm Discussion About the

Grady Cadets.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE MILITARY.

The Interstate Tilt and Other

Military Matters,

Yesterday was a great one for the manage-

ment and brought many transactions that

A meeting of the executive committee, the

military committee and the committee on invi-

tations took place in the office of the exposition

tompany.

The purpose of this meeting was to settle

atisfactorily several very important matters

about the management, to arrange for further

additions to the military and amusement lines,

and to finish the work of the committee on in-

There was a full meeting of the committees,

and the proceedings were marked with great

mthusiasm for the success of the next expo-

Will the Grady Cadets be, allowed to enter

That was a question that brought forth

auch discussion yesterday among the mem-

Everybody was heartily in favor of

admitting the company, but the trouble was that, owing to the fact that the boys do not belong to the

drill, by virture of the first law governing the

Rule 1st. "Companies entering the contest

The Grady Cadets are not members of the

board has declined to allow them to

enter, for the reason that the military funds

are not such as will warrant admitting any

It is known that the Grady Cadets are well

drilled, and stand an excellent chance for best

prizes in the infantry state drill, if they were

dmitted. For this reason they are making

desperate effort to become members of the

After much discussion on the feasibility of

admitting the company, the members of the exposition executive committee postponed ac-

Another question arose in the meeting as

to whether any company that entered the state drills could enter the interstate drills, and was decided in the affirmative.

But there are three Georgia companies ex-

eluded from the state drills, which are the At-

lanta Rifles, Gate City Guard, and the South-

These companies are excluded because they

The military committee has reported the

llowing "Regulations" to govern in the in-

he following "Regulations" will govern in the prestate tilt, to take place in the city of Atlanta,

erstate tilt, which takes place on the exposi-

on ha 28th of October next, under the auspices of

on he 28th of October next, under the auspices of the Pisdmont Exposition company:

1. The decision of the board of judges will be absolute and final, and no appeal which seeks to alter or change the same, will be entertained.

2. A commissioned officer must be in command of the team or teams entered by any troop, though he will not be required to tilt.

3. A team shall consist of five troopers, who shall be bona fide members of the troop they represent. Any troop may enter one or more teams, provided that no trooper, shall be a member of more than one team.

more than one team.

4. Teams will be required to wear the "uniform" of the troop they represent.

5. Any line or staff officer may attach himself to the team of any one company in his command. Commissioned officers may wear their fatigue

6. The commissioned officers in charge of the several teams shall draw for their relative positions in the contest in the presence of the mintary committee, at such time as may be named by them.

7. All the trams will be required to meet at the place of rendezvous designated in the orders of the day, and march in a body to the exposition

bard.

Time ends at the last head.
Time between troopers to be determined by single runs until decided.

10. From starting point to finish shall be 125 yards. Distance between points, twenty-five yards. Time from starring point to last head, eleven seconds, and if any trooper should fail to make the run'n this time, he shall receive zero for his score on that round.

11. All pegs must be struck by the edge of the saber and clearly severed, otherwise will receive zero.

The infantry head must be the edge of the saber,

or no score, 12. All rings taken shall be discharged with an

12. All rings taken shall be discharged with an upward motion of the wrist.

13. No trooper shall shout at or strike his horse with his saber, or go upon the judges' stand during the contest unless requested to do so by the judges.

14. If a horse bolts between the start and the first post the trooper can return and commence his run anew. This will not, however, be allowed if the horse bolts after passing the first post.

15. No mount shall be less than fourteen hands high, and no two troopers shall ride the same horse.

horse.

16. The order of exercises shall be as follows:

1. Seven (7) inch wood head, supported by a northern pine peg, three-quarters of an inch in diameter, three inches exposed, on a post six feet six inches high, to be taken with "right cut"

To count.

To count.

To count.

Ret from the ground, from herizontal bar, to be taken in "quarte point."

To count.

Seven (7) inch wood head, supported by a northern pine peg, three-quarters of an inch in diameter, three inches exposed, on a post six feet ben inches high, to be taken with "left cut."

To count.

Ring, three inches in diameter, suspended even feet from the ground, from horizontal bar, to be taken in "Tierce Point."

To count.

Leather head, six inches in diameter, on post heen inches high, to be taken with "Right Cut at Infantry."

To count.

n grounds on the 28th of October:

THE INTERSTATE TILT.

ore companies at present.

ion until another meeting.

have drilled for interstate prizes.

ern Cadets.

te volunteer forces. The advisory

ast belong to the volunteer forces of their

boys do not belong to the militia, they could not be let into the

the state drill at the exposition?

ers of the executive committee.

The exposition is booming on.

much concern the coming exposition.

President Wylie has lately received a large number of letters from commanding officers all over the country, asking for the rules gov-THE GRAND MILITARY DISPLAY. erning the drills, and the prizes offered.

The captain of the Kansas City Marmaduke

Guards wrote a letter suggesting that the first prize in the interstate drill be reduced to \$2,000, and several smaller prizes be offered pesides this.

OTHER MILITARY MATTERS.

He said that a number of western companies would enter the drill if this alteration was

The executive committee, however, left the

rizes as they already stand. MUSICAND LIGHTS The matter of securing music for the exposition was taken up, and it was unanimously decided to leave the matter with President

It is probable that an elegant band of eighteen peices will be engaged for the whole time the exposition is in progress, togeth with others that will be engaged on special occa-

It was the sense of the meeting that this should made a special attraction of the exposi-tion, and President Wylie was unlimited by any specified price in his choice of a superb

The matter of lighting the grounds also was decided upon and the contract let to the same company that has heretofore lighted the place. The lights will be turned on five days before the exposition opens, so as to allow all of the exhibitors to place their fixtures in thorough preparation for the opening day.

THE COMMITTEE ON INVITATION. The committee on invitation was instructed to invite the American Poultry association to hold its annual meeting at the exposition

Mayor Glenn, chairman of the committee, took the matter in hand, and it is more than probable that the meeting will be appointed for Atlanta during the exposi-tion, as a letter has already been received showing a preference for this city on the part of the association.

The committee on invitation will in due time visit President Harrison, Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Blaine and Governor Campbell to ask them formally to come to Atlanta.

MRS. JONES'S FUNERAL. Laid to Rest in Oakland Cemetery Yesterday

Morning. The remains of Mrs. S. D. Jones were laid

to rest in Oakland cemetery vesterday, The services were conducted by Right Reverend John W. Beckwith, bishop of Georgia. in a most touching manner.

The pallbearers were Messrs. H. Castleman,

The palibearers were Messis, H. Castleman, R. C. Clark, Fulton Colville, T. D. Meador, Morris Brandon, W. H. Rhett, A. E. Calhoun and T. L. Langston.

The funeral was largely attended by relatives and friends of the dead lady, whose beautiful life and pure Christian character endeared her to many friends.

her to many friends.

Mrs. Jones was sixty-six years old, and was the mother of Mr. Charles Henry Jones, of the St. Louis Republic, Dr. J. M. Jones, of Florida, Miss S. E. Jones, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mrs. Duck, of Edgewood.

For seventeen years she has made her home with Mrs. Henry Porter, and on Thursday of last week she went to Mrs. Porter's summerhome, "Hill Top," near Clarkesville for rest and recreation.

and recreation.
On Saturday she was stricken with paralysis, and on Sunday her friends were notified of her condition. Mrs. Henry Porter hastened to her bedside, and remained there until she died.

Her son, Dr. Jones, of Florida, was also notified, and he hastened to the scene, and remained with her until she passed away.

The sad intelligence of her illness had scarcely reached the city, ere the tidings of her death followed.

She died suddenly at A clock Tuesday.

She died suddenly at 4 o'clock Tuesday The remains were taken in charge by Messrs. C. H. Swift & Co., and brought to the city for burial, the funeral taking place as above

Mrs. Jones was an earnest Christian, and a lady of more than ordinary breadth and depth of character. Her death is deplored by a large circle of friends in and around the city.

MR. RICE'S FUNERAL.

He Will be Laid to Rest by His Friends

Today. The funeral of Hon. Z. A. Rice will occur at the first Presbyterian church at 9:30 o'clock. The following order has been issued from the Confederate Veterans' association of which he

was an honored member:
ATLANTA, Ga., July 2, 1890.—Ordered: That M.C. Kiser, George Winship, D. H. Dougherty, Charles D'Alvieny, W. P. Mitchell, T. H. Williams, W. H. Roche, J. N. Langston, M. C. Casey, J. F. Alexander, Vol Dunning, Philip Poedd, L. J. Gartrell, C. R. Hanleiter, W. L. Hubbard, Harry Krouse, James W. Loyd, H. J. Orme, V. P. Sisson and C. W. Wells act as a detail to aftend the funeral of Major Z. A. Rice, a deceased member of this association, and pay the last tribute of respect to the memory of our comrade. Funeral from the First Presbyterian church at 9.30 tomorrow.

W. L. CALHOUX, President.

The Atlanta chamber of commerce took acthe day, and march in a body to the exposition grounds.

8. At the sounding of the assembly at the judges' stand, the team whose turn it is to tilt will form and report to the judges for inspection within ten minutes after said signal. After inspection, the commander of the team will conduct it to the starting point. At the sound of the bugle, the trooper on the right will make his "tral" run, sabre at a carry. Returning, he will form on the left of his team, and will be followed in like manner by the other members' of the team.

The judges at the respective heads or wings will see that they are all in position, and at the signal of the bugle the trooper on the right will begin his run for "scogs," followed by the other members of the team, as before.

9. Each trooper shall be allowed three (3) runs, and shall be equipped with saber, belt and scab bard.

Time ends at the last head.

First Presbyterian church at 9.30 tomorrow.

W. L. CALHOUN, President.

The Atlanta chamber of commerce took action on the death of Colonel Rice, who was a permanent member of that body, and issued the following:

ATLANTA, Ga., July 2, 1890.—The following gentlemen are appointed an escort from the Atlanta chamber of commerce to attend the funeral of the late Z. A. Rice. The escort will meet at the residence at 9 o'clock a. m., Thursday, July 3d: W. J. (Harrett, J. H. Porter, Green P. Dodd, K. D. Spalding, M. C. Kiser.

The committee on resolutions will consist of W. H. Hulsey, chairman; C. W. Hunnicutt, R. J. Lowry, who will take suitable action, and report at the next regular meeting of the chamber.

J. G. Oglesby, President.

H. G. Saunders, Secretary.

H. G. SAUNDERS, Secretary.

The Masons of Atlanta, of which he was a prominent member, will also attend his funeral.

Colonel Rice was well beloved by a large circle of friends in the city, and every feasible

effort will be made to pay due respect to the life and work of the good man that is gone.

THE WEST END ACADEMY.

Professor Landrum Elected to the Princi palship Yesterday.

Professor Landrum Elected to the Principalship Yesterday.

Professor L. M. Landrum, who was elected to the position of principal of the West End academy Tuesday evening, will accept.

This morning his resignation as principal of Walker Street school will be handed to President Hemphill, of the board of education.

The election of Professor Landrum by the trustees of the West End academy to become the head of that institution is, under the circumstances, a fitting compliment to one of the most efficient educators in the city.

For five consecutive years Professor Landrum has been principal of Walker street school, which carries the banner among the public schools for the large proportion of honor graduates it has been sending to the high schools for years past.

Professor Landrum was re-elected to his old place at the recent meeting of the board of education, and said yesterday that at that time the idea of giving up his work in Walker street was entirely foreign to his purpose.

He has been urged to take carge of West End academy a great deal during the past few days, and when an increase of £200 in the compensation was offered him he accepted.

Manchester Markets. Manchester Markets.

Manchester, July 2.—The Guardian's commercial article, reviewing yesterday's market, says:

"There was little change in the market. Producers were firm. The demand for India and China was siack. There was a moderately steady demand for smaller foreign markets, notably Brazil, and small orders were placed. There was little home buying, but the demand was sufficient to support current prices.

but the demand was sumerent to support prices.

"The efforts of buyers to break prices were not successful. Export yarns were mostly neglected, but occasional moderate griers for the continent and India were placed. Little was done for China and Japan. The home market hought fairly. Cloth was quiet. Prices occasionally weakened. Still, there was undoubtedly firmness where abundant forward orders were held. India and China staples ruled strong. Shirtings were slightly easier. The inquiry for plain and heavy goods was poor, but moderate. Sales were made at a trifle less than Friday's prices."

TOASTING NORTHEN.

The judges, as far as possible, shall be officers of the United States army. By order of military committee. JOHN A. MILLER, Chairman. THE NORTHEN CLUB AROUSED WITH JOYOUS EXULTATION.) Eloquent Speeches by the Friends of Mr.

Northen-His Campaign a Grand Tri-umph-His Many Virtues Extolled.

Hon. William J. Northen was toasted in ine style by the Northen Campaign club yes-The fact that he will be the next govern

of Georgia was never more forcibly impressed than by the eloquence that fell from the lips

of the speakers yesterday.

The club rooms were crowded with enthusiastic friends of Mr. Northen all the morning, and when Hon. F. P. Rice called the meeting to order at 12 o'clock, there were a large number of people there to do honor to Georgia's prospective governor.

They had all read in the morning Consti-

rution about Colonel Hardeman's resignation, and, while they regretted this turn of affairs, because of Colonel Hardeman's ill health, they were merry and enthusiastic over the smooth sea that confronts Mr. Northen.

THE SPEAKING BEGINS.

When Chairman F. P. Rice called the meeting to order, he announced that there was no business whatever before the Northen Campaign club, but the session would be given over entirely to those who had a word to say about Hon. William J. Northen, Georgia's

It did not require any hesitancy in the proceedings of the meeting for the speakers to make up their minds to speak. So soon as they were called upon they spoke

in the following order: Mr. John Clay Smith, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Culberson, Mr. W. R. Hill, Mr. P. B. Neal, Colonel West, Mr. S. H. Cohen, Mr. J. K. Ohl, and Mr. F. P. Rice. All of the speakers rejoiced with eloquence and wit in the glorious sunlight that beams

success on every side of Mr. Northen in the pathway of his candidacy.

Everybody spoke the same way, for everybody was prompted by the same feelings, and those feelings were naught but joyous exulta-tion at the grand triumph of Hon. William J.

A MASQUERADING NEGRO,

And How His Festive Career Came to a

Yesterday morning Sam Ramie was one of the passengers in the Black Maria, en route to On Ramie and his ride there hangs a small

Several days ago Ramie stole a basket from a fish dealer. It was a petty theft, but the police were instructed to run the offender in,

if he could be found.

Ramie is very familiar in police pickings, being of a turn of mind strongly disposed to amateur detective work. The bent of his detective instinct was usually turned toward the discovery of places wherefrom the sable youth could put in his finger and pull out a plum. In short, his passion for the belongings of others was the father of his cultivated detective

Hence the disappearance of the aforesaid basket with its contents. sket with its contents.

For a day or two after this triumph of the youthful detective's prowers, Ramie was lost to sight. Apparently, he had concluded that

secretion was the essence of valor in such

But he was rescued from oblivion, torn from the ragged disguise of a crippled, deformed beggar. Policeman Henry Abbott was the redoutable individual whose evening watch eye penetrated the flimsy fraud of disguise, whose stout, double acting arm, with its patent improved twirk, snatched the cripple whole again, and scared the sight back into his green goggled eyes.

This happened Monday.

Duly the African edition of great Pinker, ton's genius found his avoirdupois pressing close to the damp iron of a station house cell. The station house atmosphere, of a kind not balmy, neither frequenting the shore of the briny deep, settled upon Ramie's lungs. But he did not die, nor did his throat become incapacitated for the transmission of sounds.

On the contrary the station house night was made hideous by the howls and screeches that rend the air-that gushed in profane profusion from the liver lipped mouth of the masquerading prisoner.

Then and there a case for disorderly conduct in the station house was written

him.

Also a detachment was sent to Ramie's cell for an investigation. The spoils of this secret star chamber seene was a long billet of wood taken from the inside of the negro's pants

taken from the inside of the negro's pants leg. It had been bound about his leg to produce the deformity which he exhibited to the passersby on Whitehall street, to the total receipt of twelve cents before his capture.

Ramie's career does not end its interest here.

Before Recorder Kontz he cut a caper that added to his fame, and not only to his fame, but to his flue as well.

In the monotony of routine Judge Kontz pronounced:

"Let the defendant, Sam Ramie, serve fifteen days on the public works. Next!!"

Here the masquerading darky bobbed up in a vocal role.

Here the masquerading darky bobbed up in a vocal role.

"Judge," he exclaimed with, an expression on his black face that words cannot transcribe to paper, "Judge, you'd do dat to yo' own."

"Let the prisoner's sentence be doubled—thirty days."

And the recorder ran his finger down the docket till it stopped on a plain drunk, as a nerve steadier.

nerve steadier. Ramie, Uncle Jim Parrish says, was the spryest man at the rock pecking academy yes-terday.

In Exchange for Improved City Property A gentleman owning 240 acres of good hammock land in the county of Sumter, in the state of Florida, between the Withlacoochee river and Lake Panasoffkee, with a landing upon the Withlacoochee river, would exchange the same for improved city property. situated in Atlanta or any thrifty near-by town. About 75 acres of the 240 acres are set in the finest varieties of oranges and lemons, and about one-third of the 75 acres comes into bearing this year.

The section of country situated between the Withlacoochee river and Lake Panasoffkee is admittedly the very finest in the state of Florida for the cultivation of eranges and

Fine help to care for the grove is already in charge of the property, and arrangements can be made to transfer this help to the party who may purchase.

The gentleman who owns the property is compelled, by reason of large business engagements which claim his attention elsewhere, to place this valuable property on the market. This presents a first-class opportunity to any persons threatened with puldisease to fully recuperate their health. There are parties now living in the immediate con are parties now living in the immediate community who are living witnesses of the healthgiving properties of this climate for all lung
diseases, one a reverend gentleman from near
Atlanta. Correspondence solicited. Address
"North Carolina," care Atlanta Constitution,
Atlanta, Ga. 6-24-d&w-lun
The Georgia Cadets.

Editorior Constitution: The Georgia
Cadets will parade the 4th of July, at 7 o'clock
a. m., afterwards returning to armory for refreshments. In afternoon, entertainment.
W. H. Mathews,
Color Sergeant.

The ice manufacturers are protesting against he complaint, or rather the talk of an ice amine.

famine.

There is no such famine, there has been none, and unless something unforeseen occurs, there will be none, they say.

"As an ice manufacturer who handles a large percentage of the ice sold in Atlants," said Mr. M. Benjamin, yesterday, "I want te have a word in this thing—this ice famine talk."

talk."
"Just what is the situation, so far as you are "Just what is the situation, so far as you are concerned?"

"I want to deny positively any of the assertions claiming that we are having, or have had an ice famine here," continued Mr. Benjamin. "We have had all the ice we needed, and to spare up to last Saturday, since which time it has been a fittle scarce, but nothing appreaching a famine.

"Why, fally ninety-five per cent of the habitual ice consumers of the city have been regularly surgered all along, and are getting it now just the same as ever. During the few hottest summer days it would be almost impossible to serve everybody, even if we were overstocked with ice.

But about this present, or now recent

possible to serve everybody, even if we were overstocked with ice.

But about this present, or now recent scarcity. You see for the past thirty days the cities surrounding us have had a very noticeable shortage in their ice supply. Macon and Athens have been almost totally without ice, from their regular sources of supply, and have been compelled to draw upon us to supply their demands. Taking this into consideration together with the extremely hot weather we are having, and the temporary lack in ice supply by one of our factories through closing down for necessary repairs, I don't think there has been any room at all for all this tajk. This factory has now started up again, and if need be we can turn out one hundred tons of ice per day by the combined capacity of our works.

"As to the ammonia trust, we are certainly paying considerable more for that article this year than we paid last year, but it is by no means the fault of the trust that any factory should be without ammonia. Every

means the fault of the trust that any factory should be without ammonia. Every ice manufacturer knows that he must have ammonia to do his freezing as well as coal to make his steam. One is as easily obtained as the other, and it is but a sorry management that will permit business to stop for the want of either. What matters it if ammonia be a little high. We must liave it. To shut up shop and kick on the price at this critical time, the very busiest season of the year, would be worse than folly on the part of ice manufacturers."

"Is there any chance that the price of ice will be raised?" will be raised?"
"I can't say positively, but I think not. On
the let of April all the Atlanta manufacturers agreed upon a scale of prices.
That scale has up to the present time been rigidly adhered to, even though we have had many orders from outside points offering retail prices for carload lots. The Atlanta people are our customers and we propose that their wants shall be fully satisfied before we ship our ice to other markets, even though we lose money by it."
So far there has been no suffering or loss in Atlanta for ice, and the probability is that from now on we will have all the ice we want.

BOSS BUCK'S DILEMMA.

HE CALLS A MEETING OF HIS STATE SUBCOMMITTEE

And Discussesm the Feasibility of Putting Out a State Ticket-No Convention,

No Tikeket-Discouraging Results.

There will be no republican state ticket. And consequently no republican convention

in Georgia this year. So declares the republican sub-committee. which met yesterday in the federal court

The meeting was that of the sub-committee of the grand central committee of Georgia, and its purpose was to decide upon the ques-tion of holding a state convention to put out a republican state ticket for the coming cam-

members, mostly negroes—one from each congressional district, two from the state at large, and as a matter of course, Boss A. E. Buck, ex-officio chairman and lord high executioner.

The meeting was called by Buck for the pur-poses named, and he presided over the deliberations of the meeting.

After stating the objects for calling his peo-

ple together, he conducted the meeting through such discussions of the situation as resulted in the passage of the following resolutions:

resolutions:
DISCUSTED WITH THE DEMOCRATS.
Whereas, The election machinery of this state is wholly in the hands of the democratic party, and on account of their methods of conducting election, a free ballot and fair count are impossible, therefore be it
Resolved, That the republican state central committee deem it inexpedient to call a state convention to nominate a state ticket.

The exchange of opinions by the various members of the committee—white and black—

from all accounts was rich and highly sensa-

The whole matter, when sifted down, is but little more than Boss Buck's mutterings against the democratic party because of the absolute discouragement of republicanism in Georgia. The resolutions tell this in no mistaken ac-

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES The following resolution was passed by the

committee unanimously:
Resolved, That this committee most earnestly recommend that a republican candidate for congress be run by republicans in every district in this state.

this state.

There is but little to this, however.

It was generally conceded among the members of the committee that no congressional candidate would hardly be put in the race, except Colonel S. A. Darnell, in the ninth. Since Bill Pledger got his Washington job he will not run for congress from the eighth, and he was the moving spirit in the matter of

Free from Lime and Alum

ROYAL is the only Baking Powder Absolutely Pure.

The only Baking Powder yet found by chemical analysis to be entirely free from both lime and alum and absolutely pure, is the "Royal." This perfect purity results from the exclusive use of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes which totally remove the tartrate of lime and other impurities. The cost of this chemically pure cream of tartar is much greater than any other, and it is used in no baking powder except the "Royal."

Dr. Edward G. Love, formerly analytical chemist for the U.S. Government, who made the analyses for the New York State Board of Health in their investigation of baking powders, and whose intimate knowledge of the ingredients of all those sold in this market enables him to speak authoritatively, says of the purity, wholesomeness and superior quality of the "Royal":

I have tested the Royal Baking Powder, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substance.

"E. G. LOVE, PH. D.,"

Late U. S. Government Chemist. Prof. Love's tests, and the recent tests by the Chemical Division of the Agricultural Department of the United States Government, show the Royal Baking Powder to be superior to all others in strength and leavening power.

At Wholesale by B. C. Boydtonand Shropshire & Dood, Atlanta, a

≪HAVE YOU SEEN OUR NEW ENAMLED STEEEL WARE?>>

This is of a beautiful shade of blue enamel on the outside, and white enamel lining. We are the only Atlanta dealers in this

FINE GRADEOFIMPORTED WARE It has been THOROUGHLY TESTED for years in GERMANY and BELGIUM, where it is made. Try it and be convinced that it is the best ware for household utensils ever brought

--- "THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST."-We can furnish the following 5 sizes of WASH BASINS. (These we have also in nicely stiled blue and white,)

3 styles and 14 sizes of KETTLES.
4 sizes ROUND BAKING PANS.
4 styles and 17 sizes SAUCE-PANS.
Also pie plates, cups and saucers, pu 3 styles and 4 sizes of KETTLES.
4 sizes ROUND BAKING PANS.
5 sizes ROASTING PANS.
4 styles and 17 sizes SAUCE-PANS.
Also pie plates, cups and saucers, pudding pans and oval dish pans, etc., etc. Just the thing for private families, bearding houses and

KING HARDWARE CO., 49 Peachtree St.

Was well taken by a Judge in a Georgia city recently. A highly respectable and usually prompt citizen, who had been summoned to serve upon the jury, depended upon a cheap watch, and arrived twenty minutes late. The Judge promptly fined him \$50, indicating that in this age of fine watches at reasonable prices, his excuse was not sufficient to relieve him of the fine.

This expense would have been avoided if the citizen had been wearing a Stevens Watch. They lead all others for durability and accuracy, and prices are very low. Call on J. P. Stevens & Bro., Jewelers, 47 White-

\$3, Atlanta to Chattanooga and return. Tickets on sale 3d and 4th; Western and Atlantic railroad, only line running four daily passenger trains in longer. Be wise. each direction, leaving both Atlanta and Chattanooga at seasonable



12 Whitehall St.

Our stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing at one-fourth off still continues, and though our stock is a little broken, you will find mighty good picking here yet. The sale will not last much

FETZER'S CLOTHING STORE

12 Whitehall.

putting out a congressional ticket all over the

Nothing will be done, perhaps, in this line.

The plan is to have conventions of republicans in each congressional district to put out its candidate for that district.

The chances are that none of these conventions will be held except the one to nominate Darnell.

EXPRESSING THEIR OPINIONS. REPRESSING THRIE OPINIONS.

Here's another remarkable resolution:
Resolved, That in our opinion it was necessary
for the passage by congress of the election bill
now pending before the house of representatives
or some such measure, and hope that this congress
will not adjourn without taking some efficient
action.

win not adjoirn without taking some encient action.

It has always been known that Colonel Buck was a great advocate of the federal election bill, and, perhaps, his recent visit to Washington brought about such a conference with President Harrison as to make him a more earnest worker for the bill than ever before:

And still another resolution:
Resolved, That we, as southern republicans, condemn the course pursued by such representatives as Coleman, of Louisiana, and Ewart, of North Carolina, in joining the democrats to fight the pending election bill.

All in all, it was a gloomy meeting, with but

All in all, it was a gloomy meeting, with but little enthusiasm and less importance.

Do not endure the terrific pains of piles, use Pond's Extract.

Have You Registered?

The total registration for the coming elec-

The books close this week.

If not, go do so at once, as you will want to

Members of wholesale firms had better give this their attention, as the bookkeeper who pays the tax can't register for him.

SCHEDULE

FULTON COUNTY ST., R. R. CO.

TO GO IN EFFECT JULY 1ST. 1890. All Cars Leave City at Junction of Marietta and Broad Streets.

Cars on all lines leave at 6 o'clock a. m., and run 15 minutes schedule till 11 o'clock p. m. First car our Houston Street and Boulevard Line leaves at 5 o'clock a. m. This car goes to the Plant via, Fonce de Leon, and is a special car for the accommodation of those who desire to visit the Spring and take an early ride.

Last car on Houston and Boulevard Line will leave junction of Marietta and Broad Streets at 11:45 p. m., going direct to plant.

"BIG CIRCLE" CARS. Cars leave junction of Marietta and Broad Sts. for the "Big Circle" at 6 o'clock a. m., and run a 15 minutes schedule till 10 o'clock p. m.; the last car returning to the city at 11 o'clock p. m.

The hour and half-hour cars go straight out Highland Avenue through Edgewood and return via Exposition grounds.

The cars on schedule 15 minutes after and before the hour go down Eoulevard and return vis Edgewood. L. D. NELSON, Superintendent.

FACTS!

That our special sale of spring Cassimere Suits IT IS A FACT. is attracting an intelligent class

values are not

and \$15 Suits at

unappreciated.

of buyers.

That the success with which our 'mark-down IT IS A FACT, is meeting has shown that good

That we do interest you by IT IS A FACT. selling \$10, \$12,

\$7, \$8 and \$10.

That you can verify all these IT IS A FACT. facts by personal investigation if you wish to be convinced.

A. ROSENFELD & SON

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters,

24 Whitehall. CORNER ALABAMA STREET.

The Alaska

Possesses the Following Points

OVER :-: ALL :-: OTHER :-: REFRIGERATORS

1st. The preservation of perishable foods. 2d. The disposal of the foul vapors which onstantly exhale from provisions.

3d. Dryness of atmosphere in the provision 4th. Low and unvarying temperature.

5th. An economical use of ice. 6th. A rapid and perfect circulation of air from the provision chamber to the ice chest. 7th. The provision chamber of the Alaska never coats from condensation, but is always clean and free from foul ologs:

8th. The flues of an Alaska do not require cleaning, as do other makes, because it is so PERFECTLY and SYSTEMATICALLY constructed that the cold. dry air, by its constant circula-tion, keeps them sweet and clean.

9th. It will keep provisions longer and bet-ter, using less ice, than any other refrigerator. 10th. It is better made, better finished, and ives better satisfaction. SOLE AGENTS,

DOBBS, WEY & CO., 45 Peachtree Street, Atlanta,

GRAPES FOR SALE.

THE CONSTITUTION.

LISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY Weekly (12 Pages)..... Fditions Sent Postpaid.

NTEER contributions for which compensa is desired must be marked with the price ex-

copies of articles. We do not undertake to

HE DAILY CONSTITUTION. INCLUDING THE SUNDAY EDITION, e delivered to any address in the city a

TWENTY CENTS PER WEEK.

THE-SUNDAY CONSTITUTION \$2 A YE/.R. SENT TO ANY ADDRESS

ATLANTA, GA., JULY 3, 1890.

Discrediting Southern Republicans. The attitude of the republican leaders ard the force bill has developed one rerkable and important fact-namely, that views of southern republicans, when clash with the preconceived views of northern republicans, are of no more ght than those of southern democrats.

As instances of this queer condition of ngs, take the protests which have been by Mr. Ewart, of North Carolina, and . Coleman, of Louisiana, two well known thern republicans. These protests have no effect whatever on the republican ramme. In the face of the facts which two southern republicans clearly and stakably set forth, they have had no whatever on the attempts of the majority to set in motion the hinery of their infamous election meas-

In other words, Reed and the men whom controls do not desire to know the truth. ey have tried to impress the people of north with the idea that the force bill is sary for the protection of the negro. en the southern republicans explode this bry and show that the measure is not y unnecessary, but that it will work imtrable harm to every southern interest, cluding, of course, the interest of the oes themselves, no halt whatever is in the republican programme. The thern republicans are snubbed, and are ainly given to understand that no true lican is expected to tell the truth about

situation at the south. In their partisan eagerness to override the hts of the people and to insure their rty a long lease of power, Reed and other in control turn a deaf ear to the warns of these southern republicans and say, effect, that a northern republican like Mr. dge, who knows no more of the south an he does of the center of Africa, is more liar with affairs here than even the uthern republicans who make their homes

A Faithful Officer.

The following complimentary notice of the x collector of Cobb county we find in The ietta Journal:

ar very efficient tax collector, J. V. Stanback been frequently asked how he stands with the mplimentary letter from Comptroller Wrigh at he makes a showing that is very creditable eworthy. The letter speaks for itself: ATLANTA, Ga., January 23, 1800.—J. V. Stanback, x Collector Cobb County. Dear Sir: I exam-ed your final statement and find it correct and co your man statement and mot it correct and interpretable instactory in every particular. The promptness the which it is made, considering the large countreplected, is very commendable, but the large with the large of your energy and efficiency is the state of the second of the large with the large of companies.

We print this letter of Comptroller-General tht's to emphasize his remarks about the ithful conduct of this efficient officer, with e hope that it will lead others to do like-Too many men in this office discharge r duty in a perfunctory manner. It is an that requires the utmost diligence. sty and efficiency, and Captain Stanback ns to have performed his duty so well as ing a letter of commendation from Comper-General Wright, and all who know Ir. Wright will understand the fact that the would have been written if he did not the compliment was deserved, and who are acquainted with Captain Stanck will know very well that it is a compli-

at well deserved. Attempts to Crush Stanley,

When Explorer Stanley achieved his firs at success by finding Livingstone, several erican newspapers endeavored to crush

was charged that Stanley, as a reporter this country, had been notorious for his s, that he had deserted from the confedees to the federals, and finally that he had wed several hundred dollars from the E. J. Morris, of Philadelphia, and had er made any effort to repay the debt.

All this looked pretty black, but an ar came from an unexpected quarter. Mr. is the injured creditor, came out puby and said that all these facts did not do y with the greater fact that Stanley had wn unsurpassed judgment, nerve, cournd devotion in penetrating the wilds of ca in search of Livingstone. The exer had shown himself to be so great and e a man that the world could overlook pots on his record, and, so far as the ot due to himself was concerned, he cared ag about it. Mr. Morris further said. his singular defense of Stanley, that a , a turn of fortune, or a change of conns might transform a blackguard into ro and a gentleman, and he protested rainst dragging up a man's early crimes and follies after he had signalized himself a truly great achievement, and laid the under tremendous obligations.

This generous and remarkable plea for th rer was made by a scholar and a genn, an ex-foreign minister, and its efras felt at once. The newspapers quit ig and snarling, and Stanley became hero of the hour.

alte all that was said by Mr. Morris fact remains that desertion from one y to the enemy is the meanest, blackest ost unpardonable of all offenses) in We cannot see how any finetalk can whitewash the deserter. The thing that can be said in this case is Stanley was a mere boy when he ded. He was a foreigner, and felt little t in the issues at stake. He went into ar just as he went to Africa-to gratify of adventure, and did not care ag he fought under. In his later he has turned out the greatest explorer age, but this distinction does not s it certain that a man is altogether adit is plain enough that all the attempts to crush Stanley have failed.

Swigging Rum Punch.

It is said of Nero, who was a gentleman eminent among the barbarians, that he took down his fiddle and played "Sally in the Wildwoods," or some other lively tune while Rome was burning. Being a barbarian by birth and a lusher by profession, Nero is not to be too harshly criticized, and even the most philosophical historians are inclined to tread lightly over his grave.

Another fact that should be borne in mind when we refer to the barbaric episode in which Nero figured is that he has, in a mild way, his modern prototypes. According to our telegrams from Washington, while an amendment to the infamous election bill, which would have been fatal to the bill, was pending, eight democrats, seven from the north and one from the south, were in the congressional barroom sucking rum punches. They were away from their seats engaged in enjoying one of the many delights to be found in Washington.

While they were tippling, the amendment came up and was defeated, and they swaggered to their seats too late to take part in the vote. The names of these men ought to to be printed, so that the people may identify those who are so careless of the best interests

of the country. A Source of Coolness and Comfort. During the present-or shall we say recent?-heated term a great many people kept wonderfully cool and happy by turning to the Georgia watermelon for relief. It is possible, under the melon dispensation, for people to fret and worry and still keep cool.

It may be said, however, that those who keep the coolest and enjoy themselves the most are not the ones who insist on having their melons ice-cold. In a refrigerator of in direct contact with ice, this delicious fruit soon begins to deteriorate and lose its flavor. It is as sensitive as it is luscious, and even in a cold spring loses its crispness. Still an icecold melon is better than no melon at all, and those who eat of it plentifully in the heat of the day and note results will be astonished to find how comfortable he is in comparison with those who eat no melons.

What is the secret of its cooling power? Go to the negro, thou doubter! Behold him, when he ceases from work at midday, greedily scoop out the heart of a luscious melon and make way with it! After destroying a melon or two, and taking a nap in the sun, he is ready to resume his labors, cool, refreshed and happy. With the exception of the nap in the sun, let us all try to emulate his example, and thus remain cool and serene during the hottest weather.

An Act of Grace.

About the oldest claims against our government are those known as the French spoliation claims,

Nearly one hundred years ago we settled with France for the spoliations alleged to have been committed by that country, and ever since that time we have neglected to divide the boodle with such American citizens as were entitled to it.

There has been pretext after pretext and delay after delay, until-the original claimants all died, and new sets of heirs came to the front to ask for justice. In every new congress this spoliation business comes up, and the claims passed upon by the proper court are referred back, and time is allowed for the presentation of new claims.

Qur republic owes money to these people and has owed it for a century. It ought to settle the bill or repudiate. There is no sense and no justice in monkeying with it so long. But last week the matter came up again and congress passed a bill extending the time twelve months as an act of grace for filing additional French spoliation claims.

There should be a general protest against this dishonest shirking of debt-paying by, the federal government. We defrauded original claimants and then defrauded their children, and now their grandchildren are about to sink into their graves without any satisfaction. If the whole conduct of the federal government in this matter has not been something very like embezzlement, we do not know what to call it. If a private citizen acted in such a fashion, he would be regarded as a thief and dealt with as such. Let us get rid of the old claims-pay them off, and lose no more time in discussing the matter.

Curiosities of Heat.

A sunstroke may fail to kill a man one year, and yet linger in his system and kill him the following summer.

Here is a case in point. Joseph Heiss wa prostrated by the heat in Indianapolis one year ago and narrowly escaped death. The other day the hot weather brought on a return of his former symptoms. While suffering this way he entered a hotel, seized a carving knife, and cut his throat from ear to

So atrocious are certain recent crimes that The New York Herald asks: "Is crime a disease?" It certainly is during such weather as we have been afflicted with lately. A man in a hot city, exposed to the heat, and working hard six or seven days in the week, is liable at any moment to yield to a temporary whirl of the brain and do anything that

is destructive, violent and abnormal. It has long been known that the most hor rible and unreasonable crimes are committed in hot weather. They are committed openly, without any attempt to escape, and without

either explanation or defense. With these facts before us it is a man' first duty to keep cool, but just how the toilers and men penned up in blistering

cities are to do it is a very puzzling question Rough Words for the West.

The western newspapers have been taking Rev. Sam Jones to task for some remarks of his in reference to that part of the country,

It is charged that Brother Jones said re cently that "the Saxon hell is located in the west," and now the Omeha World-Herald and other indignant representatives of west ern journalism are laboring to prove that it is not.

The World-Herald says that this state ment was applauded and believed in the east, but that Mr. Jones knows that it is no hotter in the west than anywhere else, and he went too far in locating the sinners' here after there.

We are glad, however, that Mr. Jo made the remark, for our western contem porary has been constrained thereby to place the west in a very good light before the country, and proves conclusively that it is a very excellent country, and not one whit be-

mirable and worthy of imitation. However, hind the south and east in matters of civilization and general prosperity.

Replying to Mr. Jones, our contemporary

Mr. Jones knows that the west is no nearer destruction than the east or north or south. He knows that in the west there are more school-houses and churches than there are in the south or east. He knows, too, that communities cannot be very bad where schoolhouses and churches are in plenty. The people of the west may be more natural about their sinning, if they do sin. They may not attempt to cover it up. They do wha they do above board and in the sight of all men But they pay their school teachers and their min-isters, and have made Mr. Jones much better off financially. The average western man is free to give to charity; he reaches out his hand to the fallen and does not feel disgraced because he has done some such Christian act. The people of the east are more straight laced. They pretend to be pious, and reb men. They drop a penny in the

urn of poverty with one hand and with the other take a shilling out.

The "Saxon hell" must certainly be a great distance from the place which is described above. But what is the east going to do about it? In replying to Mr. Jones, our contemporary has preferred a charge against the east which places it in a ques tionable light before the country. Jones, by that little statement of his, has stirred a hornet's nest. Let us hear what the east has to say about it.

THERE are ten thousand negro voters in the District of Columbia who have no right to vote. There is no republican kick up over

EDITOR HALSTEAD, of the Brooklyn Standard-Union, is beginning to fret himself over the intense statesmanship of some of his New York contemporaries. A long season of yexa-tion stretches out before him.

It is said that President Harrison refuses perspire, even in this hot weather. THE eight tippling democrats who by their

absence enabled the republicans to have their way in the house Tuesday ought to have their names engrossed on parchment and hung up in a gold frame. THE congressional bar seems to be a grea

aid to the republicans. Eight democrats, full of rum punch, saur tering in to gaze on a defeat which their absence had rendered possible, is not an inspir-

ing spectacle. Some temperance democrats should order rum punches for Reed and his gang.

EDITORIAL COMMENT. DROP! drop! drop! So it goes in Chicago. Horses drop dead; then the men who drag them off drop dead in turn. We hear of few such fatalities in the south. Heat kills in the north. The south is the only genuine summer resort.

A WRITER in the Cornhill Magazine says : Everybody must have noticed that there were no "Eng-lish" (Christian names, as we would call them nowadays, anywhere in English history before the nowadays, anywhere in English history before the battle of Hastings. John, Robert, Henry, Thomas, Richard, Roger, Guy, and Peter—in fact, the common assemblage of English society generally—all came over, as might naturally have been expected from gentlemen of such high respectability with William the Conqueror. Before the conquest the true-born Englishmen bore without exception those uncouth and unprenounceable crackjaw nambe which we now condescendingly describe as Auglo-Saxon. we now condescendingly describe as Anglo-Saxon.
To be sure, these are the only true English names in existence—the only ones formed directly from English [roots and smacking of the soil where those roots grow as naturally as dandelions of daisies, while all the rest that we bear nowadays are in the lump High German or else. Hebrew by origin, as much aliens in the land as the Carolines and the Augustuses, the Alexanders and Dagmars, that have come over in later times with Teutonic or Scandinavian princes or princesses. Most of these true old English names were ugly enough in all conscience. Take Ælithryth, for example, as a charming title for the herolne of a novel, of Godgifu as the original of our modern Lady Godiva. But, pretty o ngly, they all went down together as soon as the Normans came. The native Englishman, with genuine British snobbery, no sooper felt the heels of the Williams and the Henrys pressed firm upon his neck than he took his revenge—how? Why, by christening his own ignoble Saxon brats William and Henry, just like their Norman overlords. Even so the despiser of our bloated aristocracy in the east at the present day end sends. Percy and Bertie to the board school around the corner, while Gwendoline takes out Leopold in the broken go cart, and Gladys stops at home in the general living room to mind Al-gernon and peel the potatocs.

WHILE in Canada the marchioness of Lorne learned to paddie her own canor

"GATH" writes: "I was talking a few day ago with persons in Washington conversant with our state affairs, who related how strangely governments confer their honors in return for political assistance. My friends were saying that when the Cuban revolt broke out General Grant, General Rawlins, General Banks and the leading men in our government had resolved

our government had resolved to give beligerent rights to the Cubans and let them gain their independence, so that the \$40,000,000 we were paying to that island in trade every year night in some way come back to us, instead of being stolen by the Spanish officials, and conveyed to the frugal shops of Spain. The secretary of state at that time Mr. of Spain. The secretary of state at that time, Mr. Hamilton Fish, had resolved to make the policy of the administration the settlement of the Alabama claims, but found that in order to get the Ala bama claims forward he would have to retire the Cuban independence. All we obtained for the Alabama claims was about \$15,000,000, whereas our trade with Cuba is very generally \$37,000,000 a year, and we pay cash for the most of it.

Ir is said that a genuine Spanish bull fight will e given at a sporting resort near Washington

THE WEEKLY EDITORS

The editors are busy this week ironing their free passes and starching their linen dusters. A Georgia editor, writing to his paper from Cumberland island, says: "For once in my life I am in the swim.'

The weather is too warm for celluloid collars. One "took fire" recently and blew a Georgia editor up. Editor Kersh, of the Fort Valley Enterprise

as composed the following ode of welcome for the Georgia editors: Come, brethren, from all about, Wherever ye may roam;

Come one and all and cat us out Of house and home! Editor Cook, of Leroy, who will make an impromptu address before the Weekly Press asiation, has written sixty pages of it and is

now reciting it in the woods. The warm weather doesn't worry the La-Grange Reporter man one bit. While all the people are perspiring, he is getting out the news in the coldest manner possible, and plenty of it at that.

The following from the Buena Vista Patriot will be endorsed everywhere: O, for an iceberg in some boundless sea Where the wild winds howl in majesty

O, for an honr In some such bower, How happy and field and cool it would be! Somebody has made a great mistake. The cohereday Editor Graves, of the Tribune of Rome, published a long obtinary on John G. Taylor, formerly business manager of that paper, in which he stated that Taylor had died

a natural death in Marlin, Texas. We copied the item; it was seen by Taylor's home paper, the Marlin Ball, which says: "John G. Taylor is neither dead nor sleeping. He is editing his uncle's cotton patch near Mar-

We are glad to hear this. Taylor is a go fellow, and his experience in Georgia jo ism convinced us that he would die ha not at all.

COL HULSEY'S CARD.

HE SAYS HIS SAY TO THE VOTERS OF THE FIFTH.

The Announcement of His Candidady for Congress Gives the Voters His Posi-tionOn All Matters Concerned.

Colonel W. H. Hulsey has given his an

n the congressional race. His announcement is couched in plain

The colonel expresses his allegiance to the emocratic party and says that he enters the

race under that flag.

His name he submits to the democratic conressional convention.

But here is Colonel Hulsey's card. It tells

the full story:

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District: Replying to the request of my friends to allow my name presented for congress from the 5th district, I have to say that I have had the matter under consideration for some days past, and after a careful survey of all the surroundings. I have at length determined to comply with their wishes and declare myself a candidate, subject to make the contraction of the monimating convention of the

after a careful survey of all the surroundings, I have at length determined to comply with their wishes and declare myself a candidate, subject to the action of the nominating convention of the district. I trust that I subject myself I on just criticism when I say that in so announcing myself I am moved by no undue ambition to aspire to high place because of any benefit to me personally; but only to contribute, if elected, whatever I may be able to the well being of the people amongst whom I have spent my life.

I believe in the principles of the democratic party, pure and simple, and maintin that in them and in them alone are found the rules for the safe government of the people; and further, that whoever else may be excused for withdrawing his allegiance from the party; no southern man, in view of the questions that confront us, can be pardoned. The maintenance of our rights, and the safety of our homes. He in our willingness to fouch elbows in the democratic line with our neighbors. If we but be patient and stand united, it will, with the utmost speed that safety will admit of, remedy the most, if not all, the ills we complain of. If elected, I would contribute my all and the utmost to the maintenance of democratic principles.

But along with our duty to maintain democratic government, comes the duty of considering our business interests, that we may devise plans and adopt methods that will add to our material welfare, and while I would advocate no measure that could be considered class legislation, I do most earnestly hasist that such action as would make all the business interests stand upon the same footing, should be had. The avenues to every housest vocation and calling in this country should be opened and kept open to all alike. To this end I would favor the free colinage of silver and the repeal of the national bank act in so far as it prevents banking under state laws. If the doing of these two things failed to give to our agricultural interest the relief demanded I would strive to find such other la

and just means as would meet the demands of the times.

On the question of the revision and reduction of the tariff which is so rightfully engaging the public mind, I sm in full sympathy and accord with the democratic party. I believe that no more revenues should be gathered into the national treasury than are required for the legitimate and economical administration of the government, and that whatever sum the government collects in excess of this is money wrongfully collected from the people. Besides such large sums gathered and hoarded in the national treasury, is a standing temptation to the wrongful and reckless expenditure of the people's money. And it is likewise liable to be used to perpensate corrupt men in high places by illegal expenditure from the public money. The enormous sums that the government has been and is expending for pensions evidences the recklessness with which hoarded money is expended.

recklessness with which hoarded money is ex-pended, Indeed, the evils of collecting money from the

terests of trusts and combination to the people.

In conclusion, pardon me if I add, should I receive the nomination and be elected, to the utmost of my ability will I serve the people who confer on me such distinguished honor. Very respectfully.

WILLIAM H. HULSEY.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

-Colonel Thomas E. Winn, democratic candidate for congress, from Gwinnett, will speak this week at Canton, Hickory Flat, Dawsonville, Dahlonega, The Glades and Homer.

—Mr. N. F. Cobb, is a candidate for county commissioner of Polk county.

county, on August 15th. The General Opinion: The man who says that the next three months will not be lively in polities in the seventh congressional district, exhibits an ignorance that is indeed pitiable.

-A primary election will be held in Catoosi

-Mr. W. O. Watson, in a card to the Albany News and Advertiser, says that for reasons per-fectly satisfactory to himself, he has decided to make the race for the legislature. -Ringgold New South: The present indica-

ion shows that there will only be two candidate or senatorial thonors from this district. Robert Dougherty and R. M. W. Glenn are the only names we have heard associated with the position. They are both from Walker county. —Thomasville Times: The date of the primary will be fixed by the mass meeting, called for the

been a number of years since the inauguration of the primaries. In fact, Thomas was one of the first counties in the state to lead off on the new line, and she has never had any cause to regret -Athens Banner: The Banner editor has re

cently been in conference and correspondence with alliancemen from nearly every county in the district, and we find the farmers, to a man, in favor of Mr. Broughton for congress. It will not be necessary for this gentleman to even make a canvass of the district, for his name and well known position on the subtreasury bill is all the alliance asks. It is late in the campaign to begin the fight, but the field is yet open, and in a week's time Mr. Broughton can have the alliance gripped

to him with books of steel. -Macon Telegraph: Mr. Walter de Wolf of the state agricultural department, arrived in Macon last night, and his happy looks showed plainly that he feels certain that Judge Henderon will be elected.

He was asked, how is the race for commissioner

"So far as Commissioner Henderson is cor corned, very satisfactorily. The counties are in-structing for him as rapidly as the primaries are

held. He carried everything last Saturday, with the single exception of Coweta, Mr. Hunnicutt's own county. "In the conduct of the affairs of the depart-

ment of agriculture, Commissioner Henderson has been governed by the single desire to sub-serve the interests of the people, and, recognizing this, there seems to be a general determination to express their approval by electing him to succeed himself. Of course this does not please the gentlemen, who want the place themselves, but the people of Georgia are slow to set aside a faithful public servant to make place for new and untried

"That is but natural. He has been a member of the order since early after its introduction into the state, and has given his personal and official influence to all the measures advocated by the order." The alliance seems to be voting almost solidly

GENERAL GEORGIA NEWS

-It is rumored that a vein of rich green paint stone has been discovered on Cumberland island It is said that similar veins are found along

It is said that similar veins are found along Satilla river.

—The common council of Cedartown has passed an ordinance exempting all manufacturing plants hereafter located there from municipal taxes for a term of eight years.

—It is reported that northern lumbermen are making extensive purchases of the pine lands in the south, with the view of occupying them in the early future. This has resulted in an advance in the price of timber lands.

—A party of pruspectors has been at work in the marsh between Cumberland and Cabin Bluff for several days. They have driven many stakes, and it is thought that they have struck is rich veiln of phosphate.

—The seven year old son of Hugh Appleby, of Pendergrass, Hall county, had the misfortune to break one of his legs in two places by a fail, last Friday.

The Times says it is no good.

—In Augusta last Wednesday a negro girl, seven years old, was bitten by a mad dog. The white people of the city immediately raised a fund and sent the girl to New York to be treated. An exchange says that this is one way of solving the race problem, and it is a good way. Let alone, the two races in the south would rarely, if ever,

—Albany News: Some of the growers are shipping very inferior melons just now, as well as some of the finest ever grown in southwest Georgia. A car was shipped from these parts Saturday containing 1,650 melons weighing less than 19,000 pounds. This would make them average less than twelve pounds each.

—Angusta Evening News: The Augusta postoffice question has not yet been finally settled,
and it now becomes a republican political puzzle.
The appointment of Captain Denning does not
seem to have pleased some of the negroes in
Augusta any more than it does the whites, and there is, in consequence, a split in the grand old party here, and a fight will follow over the condrmation of Denning by the senate. Professor R. Wright, a leading negro teacher and politician R. Wright, a leading negro teacher and politician, has gone on to Washington, and has had the confirmation held up until charges, against Denning can be heard. It is said that he has strong republican backers, and also that First Assistant Fostnaster-General Clarkson, who favored the retention of Major Boyce, will oppose Denning's confirmation. Denning, meanwhile, has the Lacking of "Boss" Buck andof Postmaster General Wanamaker, and the fight is a very pretty one as it stands, without any interference from democrats here at home.

SOME GOSSIP THAT IS AFLOAT.

"I've come to Georgia to get cool. Simply can't stand it up in Chicago," was the greeting of "Sandy" Cohen, as he stepped from a Western and Atlantic train yesterday. "I've been away eight weeks and haven't had a comfortable day in all that time. I never saw anything to compare with the heat up there. People talk of heat in the south-why it's nothing when compared with that."

Then the conversation turned upon Mr. James O'Neill's production of "The Dead Heart," in which Mr. Cohen is financially in-

"I suppose," he began, "you have read the newspaper criticisms upon the play and know of the great success it has made. The praise of the papers has been unanimous, and it was not at the first alone, but right through the five weeks' engagement. When we closed the papers gave us an even more en-thusiastic send off than that they gave us at first, if that were possible. All pronounced the production a success in the highest sense "And financially?"

"It was thoroughly successful financially. That is remarkable, too, for a melodrama of this class in the hot weather, when the fancy of the people naturally turns to thoughts of comic opera and burlesque. Yes, Mr. O'Neill certainly has cause to feel happy over "The Dead Heart," which is certainly a second "Monte Cristo.

Mr. Cohen has booked the new play for season of week stands in the principal cities of the country. "We have held open three weeks for the south in case we feel that we can come," he said. I am anxious to come, for want my friends to have an opportunity of witnessing the production."

"Sandy" is a hustler and no mistake. Four wrecks between Chicago and Atlanta tried to keep him from getting here but he "got" all the same. In Nashville he had "only four minutes," I believe he said, 'to go from one depot to the other," made it and caught his train. He got to Atlanta at about noon, and made a call upon his friends in THE CONSTITUTION office, went to Northen headquarters and made a speech for the next governor, then a half a dozen business calls. All the time and on all sides finding friends with whom a pleasant word or two was exchanged, dinner at the Kimball and then he was off to Augusta, where he will remain on his "native heath" for several weeks. He will have charge of the business end of Mr. O'Neill's attraction next season. It is understood that he has a splendid arrangement with Mr. O'Neill, and he is undoubtedly an excellent man for the position, involving, as it does, great responsibility.

They were discussing the eighth district race—in the Markham house corridors this

"I noticed in THE CONSTITUTION a few days ago," remarked a gentleman from Eatonton,
"a reference to the fight being made Frank Colley at his general, I endorse what Judge Little and Colonel McWhorter said, but that was calculated to create a wrong impression. Judge Lawson, as I know of my own knowledge, has had nothing to do with the fight upon Colonel Colley. He was asked to speak at Washington and couldn't help doing so. He was given assurances of support that were gratifying to him, but he has always conceded Wilkes to Colonel Colley. We expect the Wilkes people to be for Colley just as we are dge Lawson-enthusiastic. And we're

going to put him through." Nominate him?" "Yes, I firmly believe so. I see by THE CONwill not be a candidate. That will help Judge Lawson, for, without a local candidate, will go for Lawson. We believe he will lead

when the convention assembles. An interested spectator at the Livingsto Stewart discussion was Colonel John S.

It is too early for congressional lightning to be flying through the air "What are Hulsey's chances?" was the

question asked of the politicians yesterday. THE CONSTITUTION'S announcement of Colonel Hulsey's determination to enter the race, made the talk.

"I think Hulsey will win."
"I think that is a hard blow at Stewart." "I think it wipes away Livingston' chances."

Those are simple answers.

The question was asked up at the capitol and here is the way one who is supposed to know the ground pretty well put it: "Stewart will have Spaldi

"Stewart will have Spalding and Walton; Hulsey will have Fulton and DeKalb; Livingston stands the best chance for the other votes. That gives Stewars, 6; Hulsey, 10; Livingston, 14. Made up as that convention will be, it is anybody's fight. Look out for

The action of the Meriwether Alliance in en orsing Hon. C. L. Moses, of Coweta, in pref. nce to Hon. Henry R. Harris, created a good

deal of talk. Every body was surprised.

"And the Meriwether Alliance failed to enderse Joe Terrell for the legislature; that surprises me even more," was the comment of a rest Georgia statesman.

It is a year of surprises.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

THE NEW OFFICER BEGINS HIS OFFICIAL CAREER.

He Reports at the State House Where Quarters are Assigned Him-How He Will Work.

The geological department of Georgia is now Geologist Spencer's term of office began according to the act creating asterday, the 1st day of July. He was on han eady and

well equipped for the work before him Yesterday at noon the advisory board created by the act which revived the office of state geologist, held its first meeting with Professor Spencer. The members of this board are Governor Gordon, Treasurer Hardeman. Commissioner Henderson, School Commissioner Hook, Comptroller General Wright and At-torney General Anderson. These gentlemen met the geologist yesterday, and a long conference was the result.

Governor Gordon presided. Professor Spencer had prepared a long list, showing what was necessary for a survey of the state. The act providing for this survey says that it must commence simultaneously in each of the three sections presided over respectively by the geologist and his two assistants, and \$1,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary shall be applied to each of these sections for an outfit and necessary expenses incident to the prosecution of the work in each section, As can be readily understood such a survey is no small matter, and in order to get over the ground the surveying parties must be well things going to make up a camping outfit, as well as with scientific aparatus.

All of these were included in Professor Spencer's list. The board discussed the amount of money discussed the amount of money to the work in hand, \$8,000 a year" and the amount which should be expended for the outfit necessary in making the survey. Finally the governor appointed a subcommittee consisting of Treasurer Hardeman and Commissioner Henderson to look thoroughly into the matter with a view to ascertaining just exactly what was indispensable. This committee will confer with Professor Spencer and the three gentlemen will report at the next meeting of the board which is to be called by

Always Get the Best.

From the Lincolnton, Ga., News.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is one of the largst, newsiest and most progressive papers in the south. In evidence of this fact, see its issue of Sunday, the 15th, of twenty-four pages; you will therein find statistics, secured at large expense, showing the improvement in the farming interes from every county in the state for the last five years. These returns were collected by The Construction through her agents, at its own expense and given for the benefit of its readers and the world at large. It claims a larger circulation than that of any daily published between Baltimor and New Orleans. Its weekly circulation reaches 150,000, making it one of the best mediums for advertising in the south. If you want a real live paper, with all the latest news, subscribe for THI

CONSTITUTION. A DYING BOY.

The Sad Sequel of a Hunting Holiday at Lithonia.

Charles Hillsman Powell, the fourteen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Powell, of Lithonia, is lying at Providence infirmary. Seven months ago yesterday the little fellow

returned from a hunting excursion with his father, near Lithonia.

When he reached home the yard dog was earing a pet pig, and the boy, afraid to t the dog for fear of kill-the pig, clubbed his gun and shoot

when he struck the dog the gun broke at the breach, and one barrel exploded, the charge entering his left thigh.

The wound was a terrible one, lacerating the

muscles and crushing the bone near the hig Dr. Trotter was called and did all he could for the wounded boy, and after months of suf-fering his father and mother decided to send him to the city for treatment.

Two weeks ago he was carried to Providence infirmary, and since his arrival three Drs. Nicolson, Elkin, Gaston and others have done all that they could do to save the life of parents and one of the brightest boys in the mmunity where he was born and bred. But despite all their efforts he has been wasting

Last evening Mr. J. W. English, Jr., his cousin, called to see him, and even amid the gathering gloom, the little suffered laughed and chatted, expressing the hope that he would soon be up and able to ride out with his cousin.

But the physicians had given him up, and the heart broken mother sat weeping by the

bedside of her darling boy. "Tell mamma not to cry so," he said, "for I will soon get well, and I will make up for all

Mrs. Captain J. W. English, who is a sister of Mr. Powell, remained by the bedside during the night.

The case is a very sad one, and Mr. and Mrs. Powell have the sympathies of many friends in their great sorrow.

It was hoped last night that the little fellow might live through the night, but his disease is such that he cannot survive many hours.

such that he cannot survive many hours. LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Mr. Oldham Was Misundersto EDITORS CONSTITUTION -You are in error when KDIFOLS CONSTITUTION—You are in error when you say that my recent communication regarding clay floors in the south—the intimation is madd that the instance cited "with all the beautiful appointments set forth, is a negro institution to be identified with the blacks and their past." A more careful reading of the short note printed in your columns will show no such intimation, and is consequently unworthy the imputation you place upon it. The domicile described was not occupied by a negro, but was, as stated, the cating apartment of a southern ante bellum ing apartment of a southern ante bellum planter in well to do circumstances. That simi-lar floors, bare of the artistic embellishments far floors, bare of the artistic embellishments enumerated, were frequently found in the negre cabins of the south before the war, was a fact which the writer plainly presented, and which THE CONSTITUTION still seems unwilling to believe exist only in "the imagination of northern readers," though deliberately making the concession that "unmy a white person in this country has lived and done well on clay foors." The stating of a simple fact is not "catering" to anything, but the truth.

EDWARD A. OLDHAM,
Norfolk, Va., June 27th.

The County Comm ted, but nothing of special importance.

Commissioner Murphy introduced a resconfer with the railroad authorities with bridging the Central railroad crossings a

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE. RIDDIABERGER.—The widow of Senator Riddle berger has taken charge of the Shenandoah Her

ALIENTHAL.—A German named Lillenthal, atterexperimenting twenty-three years with artisficial wings, has succeeded in raising himselfweighing 100 pounds, with the aid of a counter
weight, lifting eighty pounds. How to lift the
other eighty pounds is still beyond him.

TIELD.—Justice Stephen J. Field has one of the
finest houses in Washington, and yet is the poorest man on the supreme bench.

RAYMOND.—When Henry J. Raymond was doing
the best work of his life on the New York

Tribune he got only \$15 a week.

HE EXPOS FAIL

HE GRAND

Warm Disc Grady

ATTERS OF INTER the Interstate

Militar The exposition is h Yesterday was a g nt and brought nuch concern the A meeting of the tions took place in

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thusiasm for the THE G Will the Grady C That was a que ers of the executi Everybody was dmitting the covas that, owing boys do tate militia, they co

rill, by virture of st belong to the The Grady Cade tate volunteer card has declin nter, for the rea re not such as

It is known tha rilled, and stand rizes in the infa desperate effor rgia torces. Aftermuch dis rposition execu n until anothe Another quest o whether an he state drills co nd was decided But there are luded from the nta Rifles, Gat rn Cadets. These companiave drilled for i

THE llowing "Regu on grounds on t Pledmont Exp bsolute and final, ter or change the 2. A commission t the team or team a will not be required and be bona fide nall be bona fide nall be to the team of the team

6. The commission of the contest of 7. All the teams 8. At the sou

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THERE.

THE EXPOSITION FAIRLY BOOMING.

THE GRAND MILITARY DISPLAY

A Warm Discussion About the Grady Cadets.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE MILITARY The Interstate Tilt and Other Military Matters,

The exposition is booming on.
Yesterday was a great one for the manage ment and brought many transactions that much concern the coming exposition.

A meeting of the executive committee, the military committee and the committee on invitations took place in the office of the exposition

The purpose of this meeting was to settle natisfactorily several very important matters about the management, to arrange for further additions to the military and amusement lines, and to finish the work of the committee on in-

There was a full meeting of the committees, and the proceedings were marked with great enthusiasm for the success of the next expo-

THE GRADY CADETS. * Will the Grady Cadets be, allowed to enter the state drill at the exposition?

That was a question that brought forth much discussion yesterday among the members of the executive committee.

Everybody was heartily in favor the company, but the trouble was that, owing to the fact that tag, boys do not belong to the state militia, they could not be let into the drill, by virture of the first law governing the

Rule 1st. "Companies entering the contest must belong to the volunteer forces of their

The Grady Cadets are not members of the state volunteer forces. The advisory board has declined to allow them to enter, for the reason that the military funds are not such as will warrant admitting any companies at present.

It is known that the Grady Cadets are well drilled, and stand an excellent chance for best prizes in the infantry state drill, if they were admitted. For this reason they are making a desperate effort to become members of the

Aftermuch discussion on the feasibility of admitting the company, the members of the exposition executive committee postponed action until another meeting. Another question arose in the meeting as

to whether any company that entered the state drills could enter the interstate drills, and was decided in the affirmative. But there are three Georgia companies excluded from the state drills, which are the Atlanta Rifles, Gate City Guard, and the Southern Cadets.

These companies are excluded because they have drilled for interstate prizes.

THE INTERSTATE TILT. The military committee has reported the following "Regulations" to govern in the interstate tilt, which takes place on the exposition grounds on the 28th of October: The following "Regulations" will govern in the interstate tilt, to take place in the city of Atlanta,

interstate tilt, to take place in the city of Atlanta, on he 28th of October next, under the auspices of the Fiedmont Exposition company:

1. The decision of the board of judges will be absolute find final, and no appeal which seeks to alter or change the same, will be entertained.

2. A commissioned officer must be in command of the team or teams entered by any troop, though he will not be required to tilt.

3. A team shall consist of five troopers, who shall be bona fide members of the troop they represent. Any troop may enter one or more teams. resent. Any troop may enter one or more teams, provided that no trooper shall be a member of

more than one team.

4. Teams will be required to wear the "uniform" of the troop they represent.

5. Any line or staff officer may attach himself to the team of any one company in his command. Commissioned officers may wear their fatigue

commissioned officers may wear their fatigue coats.

6. The commissioned officers in charge of the several teams shall draw for their relative positions in the contest in the presence of the military committee, at such time as may be named by them.

7. All the trams will be required to meet at the place of rendezvous designated in the orders of the day, and march in a body to the exposition grounds.

the day, and march in a body to the exposition grounds.

8. At the sounding of the assembly at the judges' stand, the team whose turn it is to tilt will form and report to the judges for inspection within ten minutes after said signal. After inspection, the commander of the team will conduct it to the starting point. At the sound of the bugle, the trooper on the right will make his "trail" run, sabre at a carry. Returning, he will form on the left of his team, and will be followed in like manner by the other members of the team.

The judges at the respective heads or wings will see that they are all in position, and at the signal of the bugle the trooper on the right will begin his run for "scope," followed by the other members of the team, as before.

9. Each trooper shall be allowed three (3) runs, and shall be equipped with saber, belt and scabbard.

Time ends at the last head.

bard.

Time ends at the last head.

Time between troopers to be determined by single runs until decided.

10. From starting point to finish shall be 125 yards. Distance between points, twenty-five yards. Time from starting point to last head, eleven seconds, and if any trooper should fail to make the run in this time, he shall receive zero for his score on that round.

11. All pegs must be struck by the edge of the saber and clearly severed, otherwise will receive zero.

The infantry head must be the edge of the saber, or no score,

The infantry head must be the edge of the saber, or no score,

12. All rings taken shall be discharged with an upward motion of the wrist.

13. No trooper shall shout at or strike his horse with his saber, or go upon the judges' stand during the contest unless requested to do so by the judges.

14. If a horse bolts between the start and the first post the trooper can return and commence his run anew. This will not, however, be allowed if the horse bolts after passing the first post.

13. No mount shall be less than fourteen hands high, and no two troopers shall ride the same horse.

16. The order of exercises shall be as follows.

horse.

16. The order of exercises shall be as follows:

1. Seven (7) inch wood head, supported by a northern pine peg, three-quarters of an inch in diameter, three inches exposed, on a post six feet six inches high, to be taken with "right sut."

To count. 2
2. Ring, three inches in diameter, suspended six feet from the ground, from herizontal bar, to be taken in "quarte point."

To count.

Seven (7) inch wood head, supported by a north-farm plue peg, three-quarters of an inch in diameter, three inches exposed, on a post six feet ten inches high, to be taken with "left cut."

To count.

Aggregate. Total one run, 24.
Best possible three runs, 72.
When each trooper of a team has finished his three runs, the team shall again be presented to the judges, and then conducted from the course by its commander.

OTHER MILITARY MATTERS. President Wylie has lately received a large umber of letters from commanding officers

all over the country, asking for the rules gov-erning the drills, and the prizes offered. The captain of the Kansas City Marmaduke Guards wrote a letter suggesting that the first prize in the interstate drill be reduced to \$2,000, and several smaller prizes be offered

He said that a number of western companies would enter the drill if this alteration was The executive committee, however, left the

prizes as they already stand. MUSICAND LIGHTS.

The matter of securing music for the exposition was taken up, and it was unanimously de-cided to leave the matter with President

Wylic.

It is probable that an elegant band of eighteen peices will be engaged for the whole time the exposition is in progress, togeth, with others that will be engaged on special occa-

It was the sense of the meeting that this should made a special attraction of the exposi-tion, and President Wylie was unlimited by any specified price in his choice of a supert

The matter of lighting the grounds also was decided upon and the contract let to the same company that has heretofore lighted the place. The lights will be turned on five days before the exposition opens, so as to allow all of the exhibitors to place their fixtures in thorough preparation for the opening day.

THE COMMITTEE ON INVITATION. The committee on invitation was instructed to invite the American Poultry association to hold its annual meeting at the exposition

Mayor Glenn, chairman of the committee, took the matter in hand, and it is more than probable that the meeting will be appointed for Atlanta during the exposition, as a letter has already been received showing a preference for this city on the part of the association.

The committee on invitation will in due

time visit President Harrison, Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Blaine and Governor Campbell to ask them formally to come to Atlanta

MRS. JONES'S FUNERAL.

Laid to Rest in Oakland Cemetery Yesterday Morning. The remains of Mrs. S. D. Jones were laid

to rest in Oakland cemetery yesterday. The services were conducted by Right Reverend John W. Beckwith, bishop of Georgia, in a most touching manner.

The pallbearers were Messrs. H. Castleman,

R. C. Clark, Fulton Colville, T. D. Meador, Morris Brandon, W. H. Rhett, A. E. Calhoun and T. L. Langston.

The funeral was largely attended by relatives and friends of the dead lady, whose beautives and friends of the dead lady, whose beautives are selected as the selection of the dead lady.

tiful life and pure Christian character endeared her to many friends.

Mrs. Jones was sixty-six years old, and was the mother of Mr. Charles Henry Jones, of the St. Louis Republic, Dr. J. M. Jones, of Florida, Miss S. E. Jones, of Brooklyn, N. Y.,

and Mrs. Duck, of Edgewood. For seventeen years she has made her home with Mrs. Henry Porter, and on Thursday of last week she went to Mrs. Porter's summer home, "Hill Top," near Clarkesville for rest On Saturday she was stricken with paralysis,

On Saturday she was stricken with paralysis, and on Sunday her friends were notified of her condition. Mrs. Henry Porter hastened to her pedside, and remained there until she died.

Her son, Dr. Jones, of Florida, was also notified, and he hastened to the scene, and re-The sad intelligence of her illness had scarcely reached the city, ore the tidings of her death followed.

She died suddenly at 4 o'clock Tuesday

The remains were taken in charge by Messrs.

C. H. Swift & Co., and brought to the city for burial, the funeral taking place as above Mrs. Jones was an earnest Christian, and a lady of more than ordinary breadth and depth of character. Her death is deplored by a large circle of friends in and around the city.

MR. RICE'S FUNERAL. He Will be Laid to Rest by His Friends

Today.
The funeral of Hon. Z. A. Rice will occur at the first Presbyterian church at 9:30 o'clock. The following order has been issued from the Confederate Veterans' association of which he

was an honored member:
ATLANTA, Ga., July 2, 1890.—Ordered: That M. C. Kiser, George Winship, D. H. Dougherty, Charles D'Alvigny, W. P. Mitchell, T. H. Williams, W. H. Roche, J. N. Langston, M. C. Casey, J. F. Alexander, Vol Dunning, Philip bodd, L. J. Gartrell, C. R. Hanleiter, W. L. Hubbard, Harry Krouse, James W. Loyd, H. J. Orme, V. P. Sisson and C. W. Wells act as a detail to attend the funeral of Major Z. A. Rice, a deceased member of this association, and pay the last tribute of respect to the memory of our comrade. Funeral from the First Presbyterian, church at 9.30 tomorrow.
W. L. CALHOUN, President.
The Atlanta chamber of commerce a took ac-

First Presbyterian, church at 9:30 tomorrow.

W. L. CALBOUN, President.

The Atlanta chamber of commerce took action on the death of Colonel Rice, who was a permanent member of that body, and issued the following:

ATLANTA, Ga., July 2, 1890.—The following gentlemen are appointed an escort from the Atlanta chamber of commerce to attend the funeral of the late Z. A. Rice. The escort will meet at the residence at 9 o'clock a. m., Thursday, July 3d: W. J. Garrett, J. H. Porter, Green P. Dodd, K. D. Spading, M. C. Kiser.

The committee on resolutions will consist of W. H. Hulsey, chairman; C. W. Hunnicutt, R. J. Lowry, who will take suitable action, and report at the next regular meeting of the chamber.

H. G. SAUNDERS, Secretary,

H. G. SAUNDERS, Secretary.
The Masons of Atlanta, of which he was a

The Masons of Adams, of which he was a prominent member, will also attend his funeral.

Colonel Rice was well beloved by a large circle of friends in the city, and every feasible effort will be made to pay due respect to the life and work of the good man that is gone.

THE WEST END ACADEMY. Professor Landrum Elected to the Princi-

Professor Landrum Elected to the Principalship Yesterday.

Professor L. M. Landrum, who was elected to the position of principal of the West End academy Tuesday evening, will accept.

This morning his resignation as principal of Walker Street school will be handed to President Hemphill, of the board of education.

The election of Professor Landrum by the trustees of the West End academy to become the head of that institution is, under the circumstances, a fitting compliment to one of the most efficient educators in the city.

For five consecutive years Professor Landrum has been principal of Walker street school, which carries the banner among the public schools for the large proportion of honor graduates it has been sending to the high schools for years past.

Professor Landrum was re-elected to his old place at the recent meeting of the board of education, and said yesterday that at that time the idea of giving up his work in Walker street was entirely foreign to his purpose.

He has been urged to take carge of West End academy a great deal during the past few days, and when an increase of \$200 in the compensation was offered him he accepted.

Manchester Markets.

MANCHESTER, July 2:—The Guardian's comme

MANCHESTER, July 2.—Ine Guardian's commer-cial article, reviewing yesterday's market, says: "There was little change in the market. Producers were firm. The demand for India and China was slack. There was a moderately steady demand for smaller foreign markets, notably Brazil, and small orders were placed. There was little home buying, but the demand was sufficient to support current prices.

prices.

"The efforts of buyers to break prices were not successful. Export yarns were mostly neglected, but occasional moderate orders for the continent and India were placed. Little was done for China and Japan. The home market bought fairly. Cloth was quiet. Prices occasionally weakened. Still, there was undoubtedly firamets where abundant forward orders were held. India and China staples ruled strong. Shirtings were slightly easier. The inquiry for plain and heavy goods was poor, but moderate. Sales were made at a trifle less than Friday's prices."

TOASTING NORTHEN.

THE NORTHEN CLUB ABOUSED WITH JOYOUS EXULTATION.

Eloquent Speeches by the Friends of Mr. Northen-His Campaign a Grand Tri-umph-His Many Virtues Extelled.

Hon. William J. Northen was toasted in fine style by the Northen Campaign club yes-

The fact that he will be the next governo of Georgia was never more forcibly impressed than by the eloquence that fell from the lips of the speakers yesterday.

The club rooms were crowded with enthusiastic friends of Mr. Northen all the morning, and when Hon. F. P. Rice called

the meeting to order at 12 o'clock, there were a large number of people there to do honor to Georgia's prospective governor.

They had all read in the morning Consti-

TUTION about Colonel Hardeman's resigna-tion, and, while they regretted this turn of affairs, because of Colonel Hardeman's ill health, they were merry and enthusiastic over the smooth sea that confronts Mr. Northen. THE SPEAKING BEGINS.

When Chairman F. P. Rice called the meet

ing to order, he announced that there was no business whatever before the Northen Cam-paign club, but the session would be given over entirely to those who had a word to say about Hon. William J. Northen, Georgia's

It did not require any hesitancy in the pro-

ceedings of the meeting for the speakers to make up their minds to speak.

So soon as they were called upon they spoke in the following order: Mr. John Clay Smith, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Culberson, Mr. W. R. Hill, Mr. P. B. Neal, Colonel West, Mr. S. H. Cohen, Mr. J. K. Ohl, and Mr. F. P. Rice. All of the speakers rejoiced with elequence and wit in the glorious sunlight that beams success on every side of Mr. Northen in the pathway of his candidacy.

Everybody spoke the same way, for every-

body was prompted by the same feelings, and those feelings were naught but joyous exulta-tion at the grand triumph of Hon. William J. A MASQUERADING NEGRO,

And How His Festive Career Came to Close. Yesterday morning Sam Ramie was one of the passengers in the Black Maria, en route to the stockade.

On Ramie and his ride there hangs a small Several days ago Ramie stole a basket from a fish dealer. It was a petty theft, but the

police were instructed to run the offender in, if he could be found. Ramie is very familiar in police pickings, being of a turn of mind strongly disposed to amateur detective work. The bent of his detective instinct was usually turned toward the discovery of places wherefrom the sable youth could put in his finger and pull out a plum. In short, his passion for the belongings of others was the father of his cultivated detective

Hence the disappearance of the aforesaid basket with its contents. For a day or two after this triumph of the youthful detective's prowers, Ramie was lost sight. Apparently, he had concluded that secretion was the essence of valor in such

But he was rescued from oblivion, torn from the ragged disguise of a crippled, deformed beggar. Policeman Henry Abbott was the redoutable individual whose evening watch eye penetrated the flimsy fraud of disguise, whose stout, double acting arm, with its patent improved twirk, snatched the cripple whole again, and scared the sight back into his green goggled eyes.
This happened Monday.

Duly the African edition of great Pinker, ton's genius found his avoirdupois pressing close to the damp iron of a station house cell. The station house atmosphere, of a kind not balmy, neither frequenting the shore of the briny deep, settled upon Ramie's lungs. But he did not die, nor did his throat become incapacitated for the transmission of sounds.

On the contrary, the station house night was made hideous by the howls and screeches that rend the air-that gushed in profane profusion from the liver lipped mouth of the masquerad-

ing prisoner.

Then and there a case for disorderly con duct in the station house was written against

Also a detachment was sent to Ramie's cell for an investigation. The spoils of this secret star chamber scene was a long billet of wood taken from the inside of the negro's pant

taken from the inside of the negro's pants leg. It had been bound about his leg to produce the deformity which he exhibited to the passersby on Whitehall street, to the total receipt of twelve cents before his capture.

Ramic's career does not end its interest here. Before Recorder Kontz he cut a caper that added to his fame, and not only to his fame, but to his fine as well.

In the monotony of routine Judge Kontz pronounced:

"Let the defendant, Sam Ramie, serve fifteen days on the public works. Next!"

teen days on the public works. Next!"

Here the masquerading darky bobbed up in

Here the masquerading darky booded up in a vocal role.

"Judge," he exclaimed with, an expression on his black face that words cannot transcribe to paper, "Judge, you'd do dat to yo' own."

"Let the prisoner's sentence be doubled—thirty days."

And the recorder ran his finger down the docket till it stopped on a plain drunk, as a parry steadier.

nerve steadier.

Ramie, Uncle Jim Parrish says, was the spryest man at the rock pecking academy yesterday.

In Exchange for Improved City Property. A gentleman owning 240 acres of good hammock land in the county of Sumter, in the state of Florida, between the Withlacoochee river and Lake Panasoffkee, with a landing upon the Withlacoochee river, would exchange the same for improved city property situated in Atlanta or any thrifty near-by town. About 75 acres of the 240 acres are set in the finest varieties of oranges and lemons, and about one-third of the 75 acres comes into bearing this year.

The section of country situated between the Withlacoochee river and Lake Panasoffkee is admittedly the very finest in the state of Florida for the cultivation of oranges and

Fine help to care for the grove is already in charge of the property, and arrangements can be made to transfer this help to the party who may purchase.

The gentleman who owns the property is compelled, by reason of large business engagements which claim his attention elsewhere, to place this valuable property on the market. This presents a first-class opportunity to any persons threatened with pulmonary are parties now living in the immediate con munity who are living witnesses of the health-giving properties of this climate for all lung diseases, one a reverend gentleman from near Atlanta. Correspondence solicited. Address "North Carolina," care Atlanta Constitution, 6-24-d&w-1m

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: The Georgia Cadets will parade the 4th of July, at 7 o'clock a. m., afterwards returning to armory for refreshments. In afternoon, entertainment.

W. H. MATHEWS,
Color Sergeant.

NO ICE FAMINE.

A Leading Manufacturer Has Something to Say About the Situation.

to Say About the Situation.

The ice manufacturers are protesting against the complaint, or rather the talk of an ice famine.

There is no such famine, there has been none, and unless something unforescen occurs, there will be none, they say.

"As an ice manufacturer who handles a large percentage of the ice sold in Atlanta," said Mr. M. Benjamin, yesterday, "I want te have a word in this thing—this ice famine talk."

talk."
"Just what is the situation, so far as you are

"Just what is the situation, so far as you are concerned?"

"I want to deny positively any of the assertions claiming that we are having, or have had an ice famine here," continued Mr. Benjamin. "We have had all the ice we needed, and to spare up to last Saturday, since which time it has been a little scarce, but nothing approaching a famine.

"Why, fully ninety-five per cent of the habitual ice consumers of the city have been regularly sup and all along, and are getting it now just the same as ever. During the few hottest summer days it would be almost impossible to serve everybody, even if we were overstocked with ice.

But about this present, or now recent scarcity. You see for the past thirty days the cities surrounding us have had a very noticeable shortage in their ice supply. Macon and Athens have been almost totally without ice, from their regular sources of supply, and have been compelled to draw upon us to supply their demands. Taking this into consideration together with the extremely hot weather we are having, and the temporary lack in ice supply by one of our factories through closing down for necessary repairs, I don't think there has been any room at all for all this talk. This factory has now started up again, and if need be we can trun out one hundred tons of ice per day by the combined capacity of our works.

"As to the ammonia trust, we are certainly paying considerable more for that article this your than we paid last year, but it is by no means the fault of the trust that any factory should be without ammonia. Every ice manufacturer knows that he must have ammonia to do his freezing as well as coal to make his steam. One is as easily

means the fault of the trust that any factory should be without aumonia. Every ice manufacturer knows that he must have ammonia to do his freezing as well as coal to make his steam. One is as easily obtained as the other, and it is but a sorry management that will permit business to stop for the want of either. What matters it if ammonia be a little high. We must have it. To shut up shop and kick on the price at this critical time, the very busiest season of the year, would be worse than folly on the part of ice manufacturers."

"Is there any chance that the price of ice will be raised?"
"I ean't say positively, but I think not. On

will be raised?"
"I can't say positively, but I think not. On
the 1st of April all the Atlanta manufacturers agreed upon a scale of prices.
That scale has up to the present time been
rigidly adhered to, even though we have had rigidly adhered to, even though we have had many orders from outside points offering retail prices for carload lots. The Atlanta people are our customers and we propose that their wants shall be fully satisfied before we ship our ice to other markets, even though we lose money by it."

So far there has been no suffering or loss in Atlanta for ice, and the probability is that from now on we will have all the ice we want.

BOSS BUCK'S DILEMMA. putting out a congressional ticket all over the

CALLS A MEETING OF HIS

And Discussesm the Feasibility of Putting Out a State Ticket-No Convention, J No Tikeket-Discouraging Results.

There will be no republican state ticket. And consequently no republican convention in Georgia this year. So declares the republican sub-committee

which met yesterday in the federal court house. The meeting was that of the sub-committee of the grand central committee of Georgia, and its purpose was to decide upon the ques-tion of holding a state convention to put out a

republican state ticket for the coming cam-The sub-committee is composed of thirteen members, mostly negroes—one from each con gressional district, two from the state at large, and as a matter of course, Boss A. E. Buck ex-officio chairman and lord high executioner The meeting was called by Buck for the pur-poses named, and he presided over the delib-

erations of the meeting.

After stating the objects for calling his pec ple together, he conducted the meeting through such discussions of the situation as resulted in the passage of the following resolutions:

resolutions:

DISGUSTED WITH THE DEMOCRATS.

Whereas, The election machinery of this state is wholly in the hands of the democratic party, and on account of their methods of conducting election, a free ballot and fair count are impossible, therefore be it

Resolved, That the republican state central computer desay it inavocations to call a state conven-

nittee deem it inexpedient to call a state conven-tion to nominate a state tieket.

The exchange of opinions by the various

nembers of the committee—white and black from all accounts was rich and highly sensa The whole matter, when sifted down, is but little more than Boss Buck's mutterings against the democratic party because of the absolute

discouragement of republicanism in Georgia.

The resolutions tell this in no mistaken ac The following resolution was passed by the

committee manimously:
Rosolved, That this committee most earnestly recommend that a republican candidate for congress be run, by republicans in every district in this state.

this state.

There is but little to this, however.

It was generally conceded among the members of the committee that no congressional candidate would hardly be put in the race, except Colonel S. A. Darnell, in the ninth.

Since Bill Pledger got his Washington job he will not run for congress from the eighth, and he was the moving spirit in the matter of

STATE SUBCOMMITTEE

Nothing will be done, perhaps, in this line.

The plan is to have conventions of republicans in each congressional district to put out its candidate for that district. The chances are that none of these conventions will be held except the one to nominate Darnell.

EXPRESSING THEIR OPINIONS. EXPRESSING THEIR OPINIONS.

Here's another remarkable resolution:
Resolved, That in our opinion it was necessary
for the passage by congress of the election bill
now pending before the house of representatives
or some such measure, and hope that this congress
will not adjourn without taking some efficient

with not adjoint without taking some calcion.

It has always been known that Colonel Buck was a great advocate of the federal election bill, and, perhaps, his recent visit to Washington brought about such a conference with President Harrison as to make him a more earnest worker for the bill than ever before:

And still another resolution:
Resolved, That we, as southern republicans, condemn the course pursued by such representatives as Coleman, of Louisiana, and Ewart, of North Carolina, in joining the democrats to fight the pending election bill.

All in all, it was a gloomy meeting, with but

All in all, it was a gloomy meeting, with but little enthusiasm and less importance.

Do not endure the terrific pains of piles, usa

Have You Registered?

The total registration for the coming elec

The books close this week.

Have you registered? If not, go do so at once, as you will want to

Members of wholesale firms had better give this their attention, as the bookkeeper who pays the tax can't register for him.

SCHEDULE

—OF THE FULTON COUNTY ST., R. R. CO.

TO GO IN EFFECT JULY 1ST. 1890. All Cars Leave City at Junction of Marietta and Broad Streets.

Cars on all lines leave at 6 o'clock a. m., and run 15 minutes schedule till 11 o'clock p. m. First car of Houston Street and Boulevard Line leaves at 5 o'clock a. m. This car goes to the Plant via, Ponce de Leon, and is a special car for the accommodation of those who desire to visit the Spring and take an early ride.

Last car on Houston and Boulevard Line will leave junction of Marietta and Broad Streets at 11 35 p. m., going direct to plant.

"BIG CIRCLE" CARS. Cars leave junction of Marietta and Broad Sts. for the "Big Circle" at 6 o'clock a. m., and run a 15 minutes schedule till 10 o'clock p. m.; the last car returning to the city at 11 o'clock p. m. The hour and half-hour cars go straight out Highland Avenue through Edgewood and return via Exposition grounds.

The cars on schedule 15 minutes after and be-fore the hour go down Boulevard and return vis Edgewood.

L. D. NELSON, Superintendent. FACTS!

IT IS A FACT. is meeting has

Cassimere Suits is attracting an intelligent class of buyers. That the success with which

our 'mark-down'

shown that good

values are not

That our spe-

cial sale of spring

unappreciated.

That we do interest you by IT IS A FACT. selling \$10, \$12, and \$15 Suits at \$7, \$8 and \$10.

> That you can verify all these

facts by personal

investigation if

you wish to be

convinced.

IT IS A FACT.

A. ROSENFELD & SON

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters, 24 Whitehall, CORNER ALABAMA STREET.

Possesses the Following Points

OVER :-: ALL :-: OTHER :-: REFRIGERATORS 1st. The preservation of perishable foods.

2d. The disposal of the foul vapors which constantly exhale from provisions. 3d. Dryness of atmosphere in the provision

4th. Low and unvarying temperature. 5th. An economical use of ice. 6th. A rapid and perfect circulation of air from the provision chamber to the ice chest.

7th. The provision chamber of the Alaska never coats from condensation, but is always clean and free from foul oders. 8th. The flues of an Alaska do not require cleaning, as do other makes, because it is so PERFECTLY and SYSTEMATICALLY constructed that the cold. dry air, by its constant circulation, keeps them sweet and clean.

9th. It will keep provisions longer and better, using less ice, than any other refrigerator. 10th. It is better made, better finished, and gives better satisfaction.
SOLE AGENTS.

DOBBS, WEY & CO., 45 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, may29-div-5th p

GRAPES FOR SALE.

Free from Lime and Alum ROYAL is the only Baking Powder Absolutely Pure.

The only Baking Powder yet found by chemical analysis to be entirely free from both lime and alum and absolutely pure, is the "Royal." This perfect purity results from the exclusive use of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes which totally remove the tartrate of lime and other impurities. The cost of this chemically pure cream of tartar is much greater than any other, and it is used in no baking powder except the "Royal."

Dr. Edward G. Love, formerly analytical chemist for the U.S. Government, who made the analyses for the New York State Board of Health in their investigation of baking powders, and whose intimate knowledge of the ingredients of all those sold in this market enables him to speak authoritatively, says of the purity, wholesomeness and superior quality of the "Royal":

"I have tested the Royal Baking Powder, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substance.

"E. G. LOVE, PH. D.,"

Late U. S. Government Chemist. Prof. Love's tests, and the recent tests by the Chemical Division of the Agricultural Department of the United States Government, show the Royal Baking Powder to be superior to all others in strength and leavening power.

At Wholesale by B. C. Baydtonand Shropshire & Dood, Atlanta, a

≪HAVE YOU SEEN OUR NEW ENAMLED STEELL WARE ? ▷ This is of a beautiful shade of blue enamel on the outside, and white enamel lining. We the only Atlanta dealers in this

FINE GRADEOFIMPORTED WARE It has been THOROUGHLY TESTED for years in OERMANY and BELGIUM, where it is made. Try it and be convinced that it is the best ware for household utensils ever brought on the market. "THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST."

We can furnish the following 5 sizes of WASH BASINS. (These we have also in nicely

3 styles and 44 sizes of KETTLES. 2 styles and 4 sizes of WATER PAILS.
4 sizes ROUND BAKING PANS. 6 sizes ROASTING PANS.
4 styles and 17 sizes SAUCE PANS. 2 sizes DEEP STEW PANS.
Also pie plates, cups and saucers, pudding pans and oval dish pans, etc., etc. Just the thing for private families, bearding houses and hotels.

KING HARDWARE CO., 49 Peachtree St. A POINT

notiled blue and white.)

3 styles and 14 sizes of KETTLES.
4 sizes ROUND BAKING PANS.
4 styles and 17 sizes SAUCE PANS.

Was well taken by a Judge in a Georgia city recently. A highly respectable and usually prompt citizen, who had been summoned to serve upon the jury, depended upon a cheap watch, and arrived twenty minutes late. The Judge promptly fined him \$50, indicating that in this age of fine watches at reasonable prices, his excuse was not sufficient to relieve him of the fine.

This expense would have been avoided if the citizen had been wearing a Stevens Watch. They lead all others for durability and accuracy, and prices are very low. Call on J. P. Stevens & Bro., Jewelers, 47 White-\$3, Atlanta to Chatta-

nooga and return. Tickets on sale 3d and 4th: Western and Atlantic railroad, only line running four daily passenger trains in each direction, leaving both Atlanta and Chattanooga at seasonable



Our stock of Boys' and

Children's Clothing at one-fourth off still continues, and though our stock is a little broken, you will find mighty good picking here yet. The sale will not last much longer. Be wise.

FETZER'S CLOTHING STORE 12 Whitehall.

SYRUP FIGE

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts

gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the sys-tem effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual

constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever pro-

duced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will pro-

cure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Nopaytill cured. DR.J.STEPHENS, Lebanon, O. 6-17-90-d156t lues thyr sat near top col

\$3 to Chattanooga and

return via Western and

Atlantic. Tickets on sale

3d and 4th. Good for re-

turn passage until July

Blood Purifier

For the cure of Scrofulous Sores, Scrofulous Ulcers, Scrofulous Humor, and all scrofulous diseases, Primary, Secondary and Terffary Contageous Blood Poison, Ulcerous Sores, diseases of the Scalp, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Camp Itch, Blotches, Pustules, Tetter, Pimpies, Pain in the Bones, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Boils, Ezzma Rheumatism, Constitutional Blood Poison. Mercurial Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bones, General Debility and all diseases arising from impure Blood or Hereditary Taint. Sold by retail druggists. Price \$1. Roy Remedy Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S these Little Pilla.
They also relieve Dis-

Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TOR-

PID LIVER, &c. They regulate the Bowe

and prevent Constipation and Piles. Th

smallest and easiest to take Only one pill

CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, New York.

dose. Purely vegetable. Price 25 cents.

mar27-dly thar sun tues wky nr m

The Piedmont Exposition

OF 1890, AT ATLANTA, GA.,

-COMMENCING-

OCTOBER 15th

-AND CLOSING-

November 1st.

The Piedmont Exposition company is now pre-pared to receive applications of all kind of priv-leges to be sold, with the exception of gaming privileges, which are excluded, under any and all circumstances.

circumstances.

Applications must be made in writing, clearly stating the object in question, and directed to CHARLES ARNOLD, Secretary, Atlanta, Ga.

JAMES R. WYLLE,
President and General Manager.
President and General Manager.

Have just been issued. Send One Dollar to

tress from Dyspepsia.

digestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-fect remedy for Dizzi-ness, Nausea, Drowsi-

any substitute.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE MEN WHO GUIDE THE PLOW.

Many Questions About the Farm Answere by Dr. W. L. Jones, Formerly of the Southern Cultivator.

Turnips.

In cool climates the turnip crop is quite at Important one, being used quite extensively for feeding sheep. The climate of the cotton states does not suit the turnip sufficiently well to warrant its being ranked as a staple crop. Other crops, like the sweet potato, can be rais-ed more easily and profitably for stock feed. Still the turnip has some value as a succulent stock food in winter, and contributes something to the health of stock, though not very nutritious. For table and for stock it should claim

Success in raising the turnip depends very largely on the preparation of the land, almost as much as in the manure applied. Perhaps no crop demands finer tilth. It is important, therefore, to begin the preparation of turnip land early. It is none too early now to begin The first thing is to break the land thoroughly and deep. If left at all cloddy the roller and harrow should follow the plow at once. After the next rainfall plow again across the first, and follow as before with roller and harrow. If one has no roller, make a drag, by nailing lumber 10x2 to two slides sloped upward at front, nailed on weatherboard fashion and drag it over the land. It will grind and pulverize the clods very nicely. About five pieces sight feet long will suffice. This is a very valuable implement on a farm.

Next to preparation comes manuring. Turnips will not grow on poor land-it should be made exceedingly rich. Cow-penning is ex-pellent for the purpose, but this practice is be-coming less practiced than it used to be. Some stable or lot manure should be put on the land before the first plowing, with a view to getting It fined and well mixed with the soil. Before the second plowing this should be supplemented with a heavy dressing of phosphate—say, at the rate of 1.000 pounds per acre. This fertilizer is peculiarly adapted to the turnip. Some nitrogen and some potash are needed also, but phosphate is the chief manure it calls for. Not only should a liberal dressing of this be given broadcast, but 'if the seed' are drilled a little phosphate should be put in drill also, to push the crop forward rapidly out of the way of the flea bug. A moderate dressing of cotton seed meal and some ashes or kainit should be given

On excessively rich land fine crops of turnips may be raised by sowing seed broadcast, but on ordinary land better results will follow sowing in drills two to two and a half feet apart, thinning out the crop and working it with plow and hoe. Our experience is, that in our hot, dry climate the turnip ehould not be sown early-from first of August to middle of September is the best seeding period. The rutabagas first and the flat Dutch afterwards.

W. L. J. FARM QUESTION BOX.

Various Subjects on Which the Farmers Ask Information.

Information.

In answer to an inquiry in your columns I prescribe the following as a successful preventive for
sucking stock. It is a simple headstall of a bridle,
with nails protruding through the nose band,
which should be of stout leather, and with another
piece of leather fastened on inside against head of
nails to prevent losing, etc. Nails can be sharpened if necessary to increase offensiveness to dam.
This should be of propersize for the young animal, and removed after she desired effect. Respectfully.

Hoggards Mills, Ga. spectfully, Hoggards Mills, Ga.

I notice that F.E. M., Frank postoffice, S.C., was bothered with muskrats cutting his corn. I can give him a remedy which I think will be off great benefit, Settle a barrel in the ground until the top is level with the surface of earth; fill half fuil with water, cover water with something that will stay on top, cotton seed, wheat bran or anything of that nature. Then fix a bait to hang right over middle of barrel; try an ear of corn. Then find out about what time they do their work, and visit your trap soon after to fix anything than may have got wrong. If you don't succeed try a false head in barrel, held to place with two nails, so that head will revolve round as a trap to get them in barrel.

Subscriber, them in barrel.
Albertville, Ala.

W. T. D. Livingston. Tenn.: I have a horse colt six weeks old, that has the scours. Its discharges from the bowels are as thin as water. It has been in this condition all its life. The mother is in good bealth, although she was bitten by a snake last July. The bite was on the hind ankie. I have tried paregoric without success. The colt looks but seems to be in misery at times. Please give a remedy.

Try the following twice a day: Prepared chalk half a drachm, catecha three grains, powdered opium one-third of a grain. This must be continued or stoppped as indications

M. G., Chokee, Ga.: I have a mule, four years old, that has something like fits. She never falls, but will squat and tremble for a moment, then appear frighteued and attempt to run. At other times will welk round as if ginning until spell wears off. She is affected in this way once each month about the same time in month. Spells last about two to three days, three to four a day. Name se and remedy

Some affection of one half of the brain. Might try giving fifteen drops of tincture of nux vomica, once a day for some weeks, but rux vomica, once a day for some weeks, but it is doubtful if any cure can be effected in this

W. M. N., Belcherville, Texas: Please give rem edy for horse that was sprained about three or four months ago, in coffin joint. I have used Uncle Sam's nerve and bone limiment, and a mixture of creosote, turpentine and sweet oil, but it don't do any good. There is a large knot above his hoof, and the hoof is drawn up and hard. What can I sto for it?

Blister swelling with biniodide mercury oint-

Subscriber, Soapstone Ala.: I have a mare that had distemper in the spring of this year. She has got well, but has a very bad cough. What must I do for her?

Dampen all the feed given her. Give her half drachm of extract of belladonna and the same of powdered digitalis morning and evening for a few days, and rub in well on throat and down windpipe the ointment of biniodide of percent.

Subscriber, Sandy Bottom, Va.: I have a horse six years old that strikes his knees with front feet when trotting. He has bruised one knee, on inside, which is very much swollen: was done three weeks ago. What is best to do for it, and how can I keep him from striking?

Anoint knee with creosote, one ounce, tinc-ture aconite, two ounces and sweet oil four ounces. You will have to fit a leather shield over the part he strikes.

G.S. S., Arkadelphia, Ala.: I have a mule two and half years old, that while running in range last summer received a wound, supposed to be snagged or shot. The wound is on the right side of the breast bone, ranging between the shoulder and body. A doctor examined and found an abcess just behind the right foreleg. He cut in and found pus. He pumped water in at the breast, and it came out back behind the leg, but he found no snag nor bullet, Have plowed it all spring; it is not lame, but it continually runs corruption at both places. I can still pump water through the wound. Have tried many remedies, but nothing seems to do any good. Around the orifice seems to be a gristle. The mule is in a healthy, growing condition. Can you give me any remedy that will heal it up. The wound has been probed and no ling found.

If there is no foreign body in the years.

If there is no foreign body in the wound, wash it out thoroughly and then inject into it tincture of iodine. It may be necessary to do this several times. The trouble has developed into what the doctors call a fistula,

Subscriber, Florence, Ala.: Please tell the kind of potash that is used to put in runs for extermination of grats

Ordinary ball potash. Very strong concen-trated wood ash lye would, doubtless, answer quite as well.

W. H. R., Reedy Spring, Ga.: We hand you sprig of grass; we have about one-half acre heavily lodged in it, and when it gets weak or too old can

Grass is commonly called "crowfoot"—elusine indica. It is nutritious and makes very good hay, and furnishes good grazing also the latter part of summer.

S. E. B., Andersonville, Ga.; What has been the success of the osage orange hedge in our state? Will it grow on any kind of soil, and if not which is best adapted to it?

Osage orange will grow on a great variety of soils, but a rich clay seems to suit it best. Its growth is too rampant and straggling to make the best hedge. The McCartney rose is a better plant for this purpose.

A. A. T., Layton, Va.: I have a good work mare, slx years old, with an enlargement on her right cheek. The knot is as large as a turkey egg, is hard, and seems to be without soreness. The knot has been there from a colt up, but seems to grow no larger. Lately the left cheek has been swelling. Please name the disease and give a remedy for it.

Probably bighead, a cancerous tumor of the bone. In most cases incurable, but some report good results from thrusting a pointed iron rod, heated to whiteness, in the tumor.

S. B., Garden, Ala.: I have a colt, over five months old, lame in front left foot, since two weeks old; frog of foot softer than the other feet, and leg has become swollen around the coronet. I do not know the cause, but suppose it must have received a hurt, as it was all right the evening before the laneness appeared. It limps only on hard ground. I have tried various remedies, which have done no good. Please give remedy.

Blister coronet with biniodide of mercury

Arkadelphia, Ark.: J. M. McK., Kirkiand, Texas, asked a cure for poll evil. If he should not be successful with the remedy you gave, I have one I should like him to try, as it is a sure cure for fistula or poll evil on any part of the body, I care not how bad the case may be,

Should like to hear from the party who asked a cure for mule with narrow heel, if he tried the remedy I gave, and as to his success.

A sure way to get rid of warts on stock is to pare them close with sharp knife, and sear thoroughly with red-hot tron.

with red-hot iron.

Please give us your remedy for poll evil .-

C. W. B., Loyd, N. C.: 1. What will remove a soft knotty swelling from a mule's hind knee joint; mule eight years old, and swelling has been there about two years. I call it wind-galls—neighbors say it came from spavin. 2. What can I put on my horses in shape of a wash that will keep the flies from disturbing them

1. If it is wind-gall, nothing will remove it permanently. If from spavin, which is more probable, possibly blistering with biniodide of mercury may cause it to-disappear, but the shances are against it when of so long stand-

ng. 2. Weak solution of carbolic acid.

G. W. T., LaGrange, Ga. : I want to make a pas-G. W. T., LaGrange, Ga.: I want to make a pasture for goats and cattle and will describe the land. A portion of it is creek bottom, very rich land, but it overflows sometimes during a very heavy rain, and old field pine and sedge the remainder. A small portion of this latter land is fine land for cultivation. Now, I want to know if you don't think it will pay me to fence it for stock, as it is nearly all waste land. The portion in pine is too rough to cultivate. I think goats a better paying stock then cows, and want to raise some nule colts.

paying stock than cows, and want to raise some mule colts.

This last winter was a deadner on the farmers buying mules, and I don't see, if it is a poor crop year, how they will ever pay for them. I have one colt and am satisfied he won't cost me over \$50 the day I start him to plowing, and by raising our own mules we can do with less cotton, and be less dependant on the free negro, for you know he hates to work worse than ever, and they are catching on. When they are dependant on you they make much better laborers, and I think that mule colts and goats ought to utilize all our waste land instead of so many cattle. I will set the bottom land in bermuda grass, and I will have about one hundred acres in this pasture; a large ditch will form one line of the fence on one side. How would you build a fence? Out of wire or out of three inch strips, or some wire and some strips. I saw in Tennessee last summer that they make their fences out of wire and these strips. Said stock would not run against the fence as they could see the strips.

the strips. Your policy and mode of carrying it out are both excellent. No animal can be raised cheaper than a goat, and both flesh and skin are very valuable. Fat kids find ready sale in the markets, not perhaps quite as much in de. mand as lambs, but will pay much better, considering the ease with which they are raised, and the greater hadiness of the goat compared sidering the ease with which they are raised, and the greater hardiness of the goat compared with the sheep. Except where one has exceptionable facilities for it, the raising of cattle is not profitable in middle Georgia. It would be very wise to substitute mule raising for cattle aising. Waiving cost of service of jack, a mule can be raised almost as cheaply as a cow, and is worth when both are three years old three to four times as much.

You are right also in making bermudt grass the foundation of your venture. No grass can

the foundation of your venture. No grass can compare with it. On the bottom land you describe it will afford an immense amount of grazing, and overflows will not hurt it. On your poorest, rough pine lands you will find the lespedeza a most valuable plant, especially for fall pastures. It ranks with bermuda in for fall pastures. It ranks with bermuda in hardiness, and will make more growth on poor clay soils than bermuda will. It might pay you also on your best land to plant Texas blue grass with bermuda. The two harmonize and work together admirably. The blue grass grows in fall. winter and spring, and is dormant through the summer. The bermuda, on the contrary, grows through the summer and is dormant during the winter and early spring months.

The best and cheapest fence, everything con-The best and cheapest tence, everything considered, is one made of wire with a plank or strip at top. One strip suffices. Animals seeing this strip in the way will not run against the wire. The height of the fence may be practically increased by throwing up a dam or embankment along line of fence, with large turning plow. This will make less strands of wire necessary.

C. M. McC., Ringgold, Ala.: Please tell me how to cure my mule. The skin is off from the hoof to the pastern joint. I think it is dew poison. I have tried many things and am now trying carbolic

If carbolic acid does not cure, try application If carbolic acid does not cure, try application of mixture of one part of verdigris to four of lard. If this does not relieve within a reasonable time, apply the following: Shave soap in thin slices, moisten with a little water and mix with it some oxide of zinc. Wash part daily, and renew the application.

J. C. K., Elleslee, Ga.: A Jersey calf about two years old has warts on its bag and about over it. Can you give a remedy to take them off, the warts being at large as the end of your thumb.

2. What would be the best kind of grass to plant on rich bottom land for pasture?

1. Sometimes simply rubbing warts continuelly with grass will remove them.

uously with grease will remove them, or they may be cut off and the base seared with a hot iron. Or they may be removed by rubbing well into all parts of them a mixture of one part of arsenic to eight of lard.

arsenic to eight of lard.

2. Bermuda is the best of all grass for pasture from April to November. For fall and

BURNETT'S WOOD VIOLET.

This exquisite perfume is made from the true violets and the low price of this article makes it a necessity to those who love the flower. Also

Perfume of Garden Heliotrope. Perfume of Southern Jasmine. Perfume of English Sweet-Briar.

FOR SALE AT RETAIL AT FOLLOWING PRICES:

1

For sale generally in New York City, Chicago, St. conis, Boston, and all LARGE CITIES AND TOWNS by dealers in fine perfumery.

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO.

PROPRIETORS. BOSTON AND CHICAGO.

When the butter forms in churn, and just be fore what is termed "gathering," strain off the butter-milk through a calendar or coarse seive and wash in cold water. Drain thoroughly, salt and work it a little in usual manner. The usual method of gathering causes a good deal of butter-milk to be entangled in the butter, and this brings on formentation and rancidity. After the working is finished, wrap balls in clean cloth, or in inside shuck of corn, and immerse in vessels of brine, weighting it down so that it may remain below surface of brine. Keep vessel in cool, airy place. May be kept thus for months.

Mrs. A. C. B., Saratoga, Ark.: Please tell me when and how to cut kaffir corn, planted for a for-age crop about the tenth April.

Cut when the seed are about ripe. The stalk and leave will then have a maximum of nutri-ment in them, and the seed will add very ma-terially thereto. It can be cut with a corn knife, or with a sharp hoe.

is the best way to manage it?

1. There are several things that pass under the name colic. First, spasmodic colic, often caused by drinking cold water when heated; second, colic from accumulation of hard foeces in the bowels: third, flatulent colic, caused by fermentation of food and generation of gas that disturbs the stomach and bowels. Then there is inflammation of the bowels. Each of these require distinct treatment. Not knowing what form prevails in your locality, cannot prescribe. Do not sknow anything about 'b'ee' tea.

tea.

2. All forage is best when cured out of the sun as much as possible. Millet is no exception to this rule. The actual length of time it is advisable to expose it to the sun depends on the rankness of the growth. Ordinarily, that cut in the forenom of one day should be placed in cocks in the aftermon of the next day. Dew injures it very decidedly after it is partially cured, and it should not be freely exposed to it more than one night. It weather is favorable, put up in narrow, high cocks, and let it remain there until ready to house. If weather is not favorable, it may be necessary to tear down cocks and expose it to sun a little before housing.

W. B., Emfry, Miss.: II have a mule colt two months old; when foal was dropped had hernia on right side; had the mule castrated thinking that it would get well, but it grows larger. Please give remedy.

the H. C., Eastataine, O.H.: I have a horse ten of twelve years old that commenced watering and mattering at the eyes about a fortnight ago, and has a hard dry cough, but seldom ever coughs only at night; he eats hearty and is in very good order; his eyes have never been affected before as I know of. He seems a little sluggish; some say he has hooks, while others think he is taking the distem-

Horse has something like chronic catarrh, with simple inflammation of the eyes. Hooks is only inflammation with swelling of the third lid in lower corner of the eye, and is generally produced by trouble in the stomach. Give half ounce of sulphite of soda daily, and if this does not keep bowels a little loose, give an occasional half pint dose of linseed oil. Feed moderately on green food; give no corn, but some oats and bran. Scarify the skin below inner corner of eye, and encourage bleeding by bathing in warm water. Apply to the eye a solution of three grains of bluestone to an ounce of water. If cough continues troublesome give extract of belladonna and powdered digitalis each a half drachm, morning and evening for a few days, then follow with a drachm each of copperas and gentian once a day.

3. From middle of June to the middle of Au-

but most persons prefer the vines.
6. Rye is the surest, barley the richest. Texas and Kentucky blue grass good.

J. H. P.; 1. I have on my plantation any amount of shell mold. How would you advise me to use it and what is it worth as a fertilizer. I have used some of it with very good results. 2. I wish to sow grass in my yard that will stay green all winter and summer; what kind would

you advise.

3. I have a mule that has some kind of humor in the blood every spring; has little bumps all over her, which seem to itch. She is seven or eight years old, Of late seems to have slightattacks of colle. Do you think this humor has anything to do with it? Advise me what is the best to do for her.

B. G. B., Hard's Store, Ga.: I have a marc about twelve or thirteen years old, that I can't fatten. She is very hearty about eating and spirited, drives and works well, and sheds off nicely in spring, but don't seem to gain in flesh at all. I have tried different kinds of food, but in spite of all I can do she is poor. She is fine stock and raises fine colts, and will bring one soon. Please tell me what is the matter with her and give remedy. Some say she is hide-bound. If so would she shed off so well?

We take it there is no disease at all, but simply constitutional leanness. Nervous, spirited high-bred animals are not disposed to take on fat. Hide-bound usually comes from bad digestion and is accompanied with diarrhes, or else swelling of the abdomen with gas. The skin in such gase sticks closely to the sides and cannot be pinched up into fold. As long as she cats heartily and works with spirit it would not be wise to physic her.

The worst cases of scrofuls, salt rheum and other diseases of the blood, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Rowden Lithia Water cures Rheumatiam Buy the Forest Avenue Lot Quick lose it, at \$1,250; 50x150 feet; easy terms. Sam'l. Goode & Co.

D. C. McC., Harmanstown, Miss.: 1. Please give us the best treatment for colic in mules. Many are dying. Is bee tea a good remedy, and if so, how prepared? prepared?

2. How long should german millet be exposed to
the sun after cutting? Will dew injure it? How
is the best way to manage it?

Will require aid of a surgeon. The bowel should be carefully returned to the abdomen, a portion of the scrotum removed with knife, and skewers inserted near edge of wound and held in place by cord. The object is to set up inflammation and cause adhesion, so as to stop the opening through which the bowel descended.

J. M. W., Waverly, Ala,: I have a mule, six years old last spring, that has a hard lump on his shoulder, at the lower part of the neck. It is very hard and a little tender when pressed. Give me a

Either have a surgeon cut it out, which is best, or try blistering it with biniodide of mercury ointment. Rub in well for ten minutes and next day dress with lard. Repeat if necessary, at innervals of ten days, dressing the meantime with lard.

L. H. C., Eastaualle, Ga.: I have a horse ten or

S. M., Wesson, Miss.: I want to plant a crop of Irish potatoes for fall and winter use, and I desire

son.

2. Will potatoes that are now in the ground do to dig and plant again right away, or should they be allowed to dry before planting.

3. What is the proper time to plant for this fall

4. How can I keep Irish potatoes to prevent them from rotting.

5. Which is the best to plant this time of year, sweet potato draws or the vines.

6. What makes the best winter pasture for cows

1. Early Rose. Plant tubers of the present year's crop.

2. Doesn't seem to make any difference whether they are seasoned or planted immediately.

gust.

4. Dig on a cloudy day, or protect from sun when digging. Store in a dry, airy, cool place, neither very dark nor very light. Sprinkle floor with slaked lime and dust potatoes very thoroughly with the same.

5. Do not think there is much difference,

her.

1. Either compost it with muck or other form of vegetable mold, or else apply it direct to land abounding in humus. Please tell us how you used it with good results.

2. No grass will do what you wish except blue grass, and it will remain green in summer only when watered constantly. A mixture of bermuda and Texas blue grass will come pretty near filling your bill, if they are kept mowed at short intervals.

3. Some weeks before the humor generally comes, give him a half ounce of sulphite of soda daily and keep it up many weeks. Give him green food and feed on bran and oats, no corn. Keep bowels a little loose with linseed oil. SUPREME COURT DECISIONS. THE OCTOBER, 1889, PAMPHLET OF THE

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS THE CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE

And we will send the pamphlet prepaid. ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD Schedule in effect December 1st, 1889. Leave Atlanta. E. T., V. & G. Junc.

3.00 p. m. 3.13 p. m. 4.13 p. m. 5.03 p. m. 6.23 p. m. 6.33 p. m. 6.33 p. m. 4.17 p. m. 7.45 a. m. 10.27 a. m. 12.27 p. m. 6.29 p. m. 4.17 p. m. 7.30 p. m. 5.40 p. m. No. 1. | No. 5.

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senger depot in Atlanta.
Nos. 5 and 6, daily, except Sunday. Passengers
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Opens for the season of 1890, on MAY 20. Boating, Fishing, Driving, Electric Lights, Artesian Showers.

Unrivaled Surf Bathing

Bowling Alley and Shooting Gal-

THE OGLETHORPE'S Orchestra. Steamer at Brunswick connects with all trains. Address

J. H. KING, MANAGER. House, Ucean

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jn 5-dlm
Proprietor.

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Open throughout the year. Elevation 2,600 feet: average summer temperature 74 degrees; magnificent mountain scenery. Hydraulic elevator; electric lights and bells; music hall, tennis court, ladies' billiard parlor and bowling alley. Beautiful drives and first-class livery. No mosquitoes, For descriptive printed matter apply to

J. B. STEELE, Manager.

MONTGOMERY White Sulphur Springs,

Open June 2d, 1890. Capacity 690. Accommodations first-class. Terms reasonable. For descriptive pamphlet, apply a trailroad offices or send to proprietor.

may 25 dtf sun tues thur

SEASON OPENS JUNE 21. ACCOMMODATES 1,000 GUESTS; RATES \$3 \$3.50 AND \$4 PER DAY, ACCORDING TO LOCA-TION OF ROOMS. SPECIAL RATES MADE BY THE WEEK. H-S, CLEMENT, Manager. may22-d26t thr sun tues

CONGRESS HALL,

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Hotel Metropole, Broadway, 7th Avenue, 41st and 42nd sts NEW YORK. EUROPEAN PLAN. Rooms \$1.00 Per Day and Upward. Coolest and Best Ventifated Hotel in the City.

Absolutely Fireproof.

GREEN & PUTNEY, Proprietors.
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Just opposite the fashionable "Louisburg," for sale or to let for season. This cottage has nine rooms in the main build-ing and four in the annex (kitchen). There is not and cold water in the butler's pantry and in both

bath-rooms.

The interior walls are all finished in hard wood, painted and paneled burlap, or floated plaster. nt one-quarter acre of cted with the hou nected with the house.

The view from the dining-room windows, in N.
E. cor. house, takes in the whole of Frenchman's

bay; and from the second story piazzas a com-plete panorama may be had of the scenery in all The piazzas are ten feet deep and surround three sides of the first story and all four sides of the second story. The three bed-rooms in the first story are 17 feet square and 12 feet high.

There are three communicating parlors 15 feet square. The second story is one large room used as nursery) 20 feet square; will be made into

wo rooms if desired.

The dining-room is amply provided with cut glassware and canton breakfast, dinner and supper service.

The house is handsomely furnished with Oriental rugs and portieres, artistic furniture, wrought iron lamps, andirons, etc.

une5d tf-thur sun 1309 Pine St., Philadelphia. Pa THE GLEN SPRINGS SANITARIUM

WATKINS, N. Y.

This new institution, under the medical management of experienced physicians, will open for guests June 15th, 1890.

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Pure water—also valuable mineral springs, including Saline, Iron, Iodine and Sulphur waters. No Malaria.

Beautiful views, charming walks and drives, pure air, boating, fishing, etc.

Modern improvements—Elevator, electric Bells, etc. Culsine unsurpassed.

For terms and other particulars, address

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may22-25t-thr, sun, tues

SEASIDE PARK HOTEL ON BARNEGAT BAY.
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One hundred rooms—all overlooking either ocean or bay. No hay fever.
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Arrive Rome
Leave Rome
Leave Rome
Leave Chattanooga.
Loave Chattanooga.
Arrive Cincinnati.
Leave Rome
Arrive Cleveland.
Arrive Knoxville
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Arrive Louisville TO MEMPHIS DAILY. Leave Atlanta..... Arrive Chattanooga Leave Chattanooga TO NEW YORK VIALYNCHEUI Leave Atlanta.... Leave Atlanta.
Arrive Rome
Arrive Cleveland.
Arrive Knoxville.
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Arrive Morristown,
Arrive Bristol.
Arrive Hoanoke.
Arrive Washington.
Leave Washington.
Arrive Baltimore.
Arrive Baltimore.
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O NEW YORK VIA SHENAN-DOAH VALLEY Leave Roanoke
Arrive Sienandoah Junction
Arrive Hagerstown
Arrive Baltimore
Arrive Philadelphia
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B. W. WRENN, G. P. &. T. A.,

CHAS. N. KIGHT, A. G. P. A. COVINGTON AND MACON Time table No. 8. To take effect m., Sunday, April 18, 1890. central (90th Meridian) standard A. G. CRAIG, Acting S

No: 19. No. 51. Local Poor Fr'ght.
Tue
ThuSat
Daily. STATIONS. v. Macon A acon(C.&M.D't Massey's Mill. Van Buren. Roberts Slocum. Morton .. Grays.... Bradley... Wayside... Round Oak Hillsboro... . Agateville... .. Minneta.... .Monticello .. 10·15 11.00 11.10 11.25 9.15 9.40 9.44 9.53 10.05 10.06 10.40 10.55 11.50 ..Godfrey Madison ... 12.45pr

2.35 11.48 ... Bishop.... 2.50 11.56 ... Watkinsville 3.05 12.01pm ... Sidney... 2.5 12.12 ... White Hall. 3.45pm 12.25pm Ar ... Athens. ... L MARIETTAAND NORTH GI M Passenger Schedule in All trains daily, except Sur NORTH BOUND.

.... Bishop..... Watkinsville.....Sidney....

2.00 }

Leave Atlanta (W. & A. R. R.)... Leave Marietta. Arrive Ellijay.... Arrive White Path Arrive Blue Ridge.

SOUTH BOU

Until October 1st, tickets with Marietta at 5 cents per mile until October 3ist, to White Culberson and Murphy, and it will be sold to fishing parties with tackle, at 4 cents per mile for ten days.

WOMEN SED IN BEAT TH MOST REM E It All

WILKESBARRE, P untry can boast imps, but the fen arce. This county two successful two successful amped the whole Wilkesbarre—a Three years ago feller, left their h ounty, for Kans coured positions a corking in the westurned to their o

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DAILY. 5 30 a to 8 8 50 a to 9 05 a to 2 42 p to 5 05 p to 7 50 p to 4 18 p to 6 20 p to DAILY.

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G. P. &. T. A., Knoxville, I, A. G. P. A., Atlant

TATIONS.

... Macon... Ar 6.20pu con(C.&M.D't) 6.18 assey's Mill... 6.11 an Buren... 6.04 .Roberts 5.50 . Grays. Wayside.... and Oak.: 5.13

H BOUND. A. R. R.)... 7 B

TH BOUND.

WOMEN TRAMPS. DISGUISED IN MALE ATTIES THEY BEAT THE RAILROADS.

A MOST REMARKABLE JOURNEY.

aping It All the Way From Kansa Mo., to the Coal Fields of Pennsylvania—A True Story.

WILESBARRE, Pa, July 2.—[Special.]—This sountry can boast of its full share of male ramps, but the female variety is, as yet, very scarce. This country, Lazerne, however, boasts of two successful women tramps. They ramped the whole distance from Kansas City to Wilkesbarre—a distance of 1,800 miles.

Three years ago George Griffith, and Nelson Heller, left their homes in Port Griffith, this for Kansas City, where they had

county, for Kansas City, where they had ecured positions as railroad brakemen. After working in the west for a year or more they eturned to their old home here and married Iwo sisters by the name of Hessler. The brake-men took their brides to Kansas City, where they lived until about one month ago. In January last Griffith was killed in a rail-

road wreck, and he left his wife without means of support. Previous to this Heller, who had arried the other sister, took to drink and lost his job. He left the city, but his wife did not know where he had gone. Both sisters now found themselves in the midst of poverty and mong strangers. They longed for their old home in Pennsylvania. They wrote to relatives here for money to pay their car fare back, but the relatives were poor and could not afford the money. One of the sisters then went to work as chambermaid in a hotel. The other bried her hand at work in a button factory. But Mrs. Heller found that the close confine ment of the factory would not agree with her health. She therefore had to give up her position. This disheartened the other sister. Both continued to pine for their old home.

One evening the two sisters got together, and they hit upon the novel idea of dressing up in male attire and tramping home. They delib prated long, and finally came to the concluion that this was the only way they evey could pet home. They accordingly made prepara-tions for the journey. They were well up in the ways and doings of railroad brakemen, as they had often heard their husbands talk "shop." One beautiful day in April the two sisters donned suits of clothes lately worn by their husbands. They were black, greasy and dirty, and in every way in keeping with a tramp's outfit. They cut their hair short and ed and blackened their faces and hands. The women were of short, plump stature, and no one could detect their disguise unless upon

on the night of May 27th, the two female bramps in disguise boarded a freight train eaving the Kansas City freight yard for Chirago. The women watched their opportunity, and when the drovers were not looking they dropped down from an opening in the top of the car to an upper deck of a sheep car. The sheep were pretty well huddled together, and there was hardly room for "one more," but the tramps managed themselves in. One of the women carried a small flask filled with water and a little bread and cheese. The other carried a little dried beef. The first night's trip was a comfortable one, but the next morning there was trouble. When the women took out their luncheon, the sheep wanted to dine with them. The tramps could eat but little. The sheep would scramble on top of them, and try and snatch the food from their hands. The women managed to hold on to their little water bottle, however, and this was their sustenance until they reached Chicago. On the second day, Mrs. Heller was hugged so closely by the sheep that she fainted, but her sister oon revived her with a little water from the

Before the train pulled out in the Chicago stock yards, the tramps managed to escape from the car. They were pursued by one of the brakemen and overtaken. The latter threatened to hand them over to the special

Mrs. Griffith pleaded with the brakeman. She produced her brakeman's card, (the one formerly carried by her husband) and the tramps were given their liberty. They walked from the stock yards into the city a distance of eight miles. Five dollars and forty cents was all the money they had between them. They resolved to hold on to this as long as possible Both were near famishing from hunger. They resolved to beg rather than open on their little savings. They accordingly made a tour of the kitchens on a fashionable street and soon succeeded in getting all they wanted to eat. At one place, however, they were asked to go to the cellar and chop a little wood for what victuals they received. At first they refused, but when the man of the house threatened to have them arrested they consented. Mrs. Griffith. the strongest of the two, cut the wood while Heller sat down and rested. Mrs. Heller found that it would be necessary to buy a new pair of pantaloons. When she put her husbands trousers on, they were not in the best condition, and the hard ride in the sheep car

had mutilated them considerably. Griffith, however, protested. She said a new pair would cost at least \$3, and this would take the biggest part of their reserve fund. En-tering on a business street, the two tramps espied a load of coal. They inquired as to its owner. He was a watchmaker up on the third floor. He would pay 75c to carry the coal up. The tramps tackled the job and took in the 75c. They then went job and took in the 75c. They then went to a Hebrew clothing store and purchased a pair of trousers for \$1.75. That night the pair slept in a lime box. They woke early and bright the next morning, and after begging their breakfast started for the railroad. There were no sheep ears. They boarded a car loaded with lumber but were detected by a brakeman and put off before the train started. They then waited the coming of night. darkness came they boarded a car

onded with water pipe three feet in diameter. They crawled into a pipe but were almost scared to death upon discovering two other tramps safely lodged the men tramps said: "Well, stay in ; we are all tramps and ought to live in common brother-hood; but remember, keep quiet." The girls promised to do so, and the fast freight whirled along towards the park city. The girls di-vided the food they had begged with the other rided the food they had beged with the other two tramps, and the latter felt grateful. The male tramps were printers and one of them was very ill. He was being nursed by his companion. The girl tramps put on a bold front and astonished the "comps." The latter said they had been on the road nine years and traveled every state in the union. The girls said they were old railroaders and had stolen rides on every road in this country. Mexico and South America. The typos awarded their companions the "take." The train pulled up in Cincinnati after being two days and three nights on the road. All the tramps got out in safety, but they were very hungry, their supply of food giving out on the second day of their journey. The girl tramps bid their companions good bye and started on a begging tour. An old lady kindly looked after their wants, and the tramps were refreshed for another ride. They were very dirty, however. Mrs. Heller wanted to invest 50c in a bath, but her older sister would not here of it. She said if they cleaned up they would not look a bit like railroaders, and cleanliness would also expose their sex. So they did not wash. The women did not intend to go to Cleveland, but their train carried them there. They rode between the bumpers all the way. They were put off several times, but through the kindness of sombetter natured brakemen they finally reached Cleveland. They were unfortunate in getting into the town late at night, They were are rested as suspicious characters. The two women spent the night in the station house. This was their hardest knock, as they related afterwards. They cried the whole night.

The next morning they were given some

This was their hardest knock, as they related afterwards. They cried the whole night.

The next morning they were given some kind of a breakfast and fined \$1.25 each, which they paid. They were also warned to leave town at once. It is unnecessary to say they took the advice. The \$2.50 fine left the exchequer almost empty. After a hard ride of two days the women finally reached Pittsburg. They encountered several tramps on the way, and in order not to create any suspicion the girls were compelled to accept some tobacco, which they chewed only to make them sick later. The ride from Pittsburg to Harrisburg was an eventful one. If was a rough one, and more tramps were met with than in any other section of the country. Between Pittsburg and Altoona fully three hundred tramps were encountered. They were as thick as flies on the railroad cars. One overbearing knight of the road was so impertinent as to steal Mrs. Heller's necktie. The two women and four other tramps were riding in a car with coke when the theft was committed. One of the other tramps knocked the thief down, and there came near being a general fight. The girl tramps did not have much trouble in going from Harrisburg to Sunbury. They, it seemed, were the only tramps on that road. From Sunbury to Wilkesbarre the trip was made in an empty coal jimmy without any molestation upon the part of the railroaders. When the two women reached the lovely domicile of their old mother, the latter cried for help and asked her neighbors to put the dirty tramps on that road. John outen did come to the rescue, and with a

mother, the latter cried for help and asked her neighbors to put the dirty tramps out. John Duken did come to the rescue, and with a club drove the "strangers" from the place. The two women went up the road to a neighbors, where they were washed and given a change of clothes. When they returned to the mother's house great was the old lady's joy. She could not be made to believe that the two strangers who were at her door were her own daughters. The exploits of the two women is the talk of the neighbors.

Young and stalwart men say they and through more than they would go through. Mrs. Griffith narrated the whole tsip to a reporter yesterday. She says the next time she marries she will insist on her husband providing her with enough money to carry her

providing her with enough money to carry her back home in case residence is taken in an-"I must say," continued Mrs. Griffith, "that I would not undertake such a journey again for my life. We had to put up with a great many insuits from men. I never had any idea

many insults from men. I never had any idea there were so many tramps in the country. I think there are more in Pennsylvania than anywhere else.

'As a train jumper I think I can compete with any man. Experience has made us practical. My sister is not as good as I am. I think we could have made the trip quicker had my sister been able to mount rapidly moving trains. The fact that she wasn't, made us miss trains. Had we not been able to convince the brakemen that we were some of themselves we could never have made the journey. The brakemen were very kind to us. The brakemen were very kind to us.

Many of the worm medicines and vermifuges sold by druggists irritate the stomach of a little child. Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers never do. As harmless as candy, yet they never fail. Try them.

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Very small; very easy to take; no pain; no griping; no purging. Try them.

DEMANDS

That only honest and reliable medicines should be placed upon the market. It cannot, therefore, be stated too emphatically nor repeated too often, that all who are in need of a genuine Blood-purifier should be sure and ask for

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla. Your life, or that of some one sarsaparilla. Your life, or that or some one ear and dear to you, may depend on the use of this well-approved remedy in preference to any other preparation of similar name. It is compounded of Honduras sarsaparilla (the variety most rich in curative properties), stillingia, mandrake, yellow dock, and the lodides. The process of man-ufacture is original, skilful, serupulously clean, and such as to secure the very best medicinal qualities of each ingredient. This medicine is not boiled nor heated, and is, therefore, not a decoction; but it is a compound extract, obtained by a method ex-clusively our own, of the best and most powerful alteratives, tonics, and diureties known to pharmacy. For the last forty

years, Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has been the standard blood-purifier of the has been the standard blood-purifier of the world—no other approaching it in popular confidence or universal demand. Its formula is approved by the leading physicians and druggists. Being pure and highly concentrated, it is the most economical of any possible blood medicine. Every purchaser of Sarsaparilla should insist upon having this preparation and see that each bottle bears the well-known name of bears the well-known name of

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

In every quarter of the globe Ayer's Sar, saparilla is proved to be the best remedy for all diseases of the blood. Lowell druggists unite in testifying to the superior excellence of this medicine and to its great popularity in the city of its manufacture.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & GO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists. \$1, six \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.



CURES

Sold by all Liquor Dealers. B. & B.

Out of rich men is the expres sive way the newspapers speak of levying assessments for political purposes. We have fallen on a spell of weather that literally "fries the fat" out of a man if he has any in him. This weather makes a man feel like "pulling off his flesh and sitting down in his bones, but as you can't do that, suppose you do the next best thing-buy a thin coat and vest and try to keep cool.

GEORGE MUSE, **≪THE CLOTHIER**

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ARTIFICIAL STONE

OF PORTLAND CEMENT

Mastic Asphalt.

POR YARDS, SIDEWALKS, CARRIAGE I drives, basement floors, etc. Neuchatel, Trinidad, and other imported asphalts.

Direct importer of the best London Portland cement. Before purchasing cement or placing your orders, apply for estimates.

O. A. SMITH,

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PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts. DEALERS IN.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Snuff, Wines and Liquo CIDER, ALE, PORTER, BEER, DEMIJOHNS JUGS, FLASKS, CORKS AND OTHER GOODS BELONGING TO THE

GOODS BELONGING TO THE
WINE AND SPIRIT TRADE.
Fine Wines, Brandies, Rums and Whiskies made
a specialty of. Also Gens, Pistols, Cartridges,
Powder, Shot and other Ammunitions. Grass,
Clover, Millet, Corn and other Field Seeds. Irish
Potatoes, Onion Sets, English Peas, Bush and Cornfield Beans. Also nearly all such garden seeds as
are sown in this section of country. Fresh and
genuine. 1yet keep up the name of keeping nearly
everything. 100 empty wine and spirit barrels for
sale, Prices reasonable. TERMS CASH.



CHATTANOOGA, ROME AND COLUMBUS

"Chicamauga Route."

nns new and popular route has a double daily passenger service between Chattanooga and Car-rollton. The traveling public would do well to patronize the new short line between the north and south. Close connections are made at Chattanooga, Tenn., Rome, Ga., and Carrollton, Ga., with Allines di-version, from their rollton, verging from these points.

Our patrons are assured good and comfortable Note schedule below. In effect Ma 4, 1890.

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	No.1 D'ly		No.2 D'ly		
P.M	A.M	Dep. Arr.	P.M	A.N	
	9.50		7.10		
	10.04	Rossville	6.55		
	10.16	Mission Ridge	6.44		
	10.31	Crawfish Springs	6.34		
	10.42	Rock Springs	6.23		
	10.50	Copeland		10.1	
	11.05	LaFayette	6.02	9.5	
	11.20		5.45	9.4	
	11.36	Trion	5.28	9.2	
	11.47	Summerville	5.20	9.1	
	11.57	Raccoon Mills	5.11	9.0	
	12.06	Lyerly	5.02	8.5	
	12.11	Tallaferro	4.57	8.4	
	12.19		4.50	8.3	
6.17	12.28	White Springs	4.37	8.2	
	12.40	Lavender	4.26	8.1	
7.00	1.11		4.00	7.5	
7.15	1.26		3.38	7.2	
7.28	1.39	Summit	3.25	7.1	
7.32	1.43	Lake Creek	3.20	7.1	
7.44	2.15	Cedartown	3.08	7.0	
7.55	2.26			6.5	
8.12	2,48	Felton	2.34	6.3	
8.30	3.07	Buchanan	2.16	6.1	
8.47	3.35		1.57	5.5	
9.00		Mandeville	1.44	5.4	
9.15		Carrollton	1.30	5.3	
	P.M.				
-	180,100	D. H	4	3.7	

Passengers leaving Chattanooga on No. 1 arrive at Rome, Ga., 1:11 p.m., Carrollton 4 p.m., Griffin 7:20 p.m., and Macon, 11:20 p.m. Returning, leave Macon, 8:19 a.m., Griffin 10:20 a.m., Carrollton 1:45 p.m., Rome 4 p.m., and arrive at Chattanooga at 7:10 p.m. Making a daylight ride between Macon, Ga., and Chattanooga, Tenn. See that your tickets read via C. R. & C. R. R. W. H. WILLIAMSON, A. N. SLOAN, A. N. SLOAN, Rome, Ga. Chattanooga, Tenn.

(EORGIA MIDIAND AND GULF, R. B I COLUMBUS, Ga., Sunday, June 22, 1890.—O and after this date the following schedule will be operated: | No. 50. | No. 52
Leave Atlanta via C. R. R. ...	7 00 am	2 15 pm
Leave Griffin via C. R. R. ...	8 30 am	4 00 pm
Leave Atlanta via E. T. V & G. R. R.	6 45 am	
Leave McDonough via G. M. & G. R. R.	7 40 am	
Arrive Griffin via G. M. & G.	8 20 am	Arrive Grims Via G. M. & G. 8 20 am R. R. 8 8 20 am Leave Griffin 8 355 am 4 15 pm Arrive Warm Springs 9 57 am 5 33 pm Arrive Columbus 11 30 am 7 68 pm NORTH BOUND, DAILY.

9 15 pm 10 25 pm

The Georgia Pacific R'y

One fare for the round trip. Tickets will be placed on sale July 20th, 30th and 31st, good to return within thirty days. Stop-over privileges allowed. No trouble to answer letters; write for rates, schedules and further particulars, or call on ALEX H. THWEATT,

Gen'l Trav. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga., A. A. VERNOY, Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga., S. H. HARDWICK,

Gen. Pass. Agent, Birmingham, Ala.

Oak Flooring, Oak Ceiling, Oak Wainscoting. Oak Trint,

Oak Casings, Oak Mantles.

Thoroughly seasoned; perfectly dry. Prices guaranteed to be the lowest on the market. Everything will be all O. K.

MAY MANTLE COMPANY

141 WEST MITCHELL STREET.

Atlanta, Ga.



Plate and Sheet Iron work of all kinds. Carry in stock ENGINES of all sizes, 150 tons of Steel Boiler Plate, 50,000 feet of Boiler Tubes, and employ more boiler-makers than all other shops south of the Chic river combined. Office and Shore more boiler-makers than all other shops south of the Ohio river combined. Office and Shops, Market street, Opposite Central Depot, Chattanooga, Tenn. 6-10-lm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD (ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE DIVISION.)
Only twenty-nine hours transit Atlanta to New
York.

Time Table in Effect Sep-|Fast Mail. | Express

t	tember 29th, 1889.		No. 51.			
Leave Arrive	Atlanta (city time). Spartamourg Charlotte. Salisbury Greensboro Danville. Lynchburg Charlottesville Washington Baltimore.	7 10 a m 2 52 p m 6 30 p m 7 05 p m 8 40 p m 10 20 p m 12 55 a m 3 00 a m 8 25 a m	6 00 pm 1 39 am 4 25 am 6 02 am 7 45 am 9 32 am 12 25 pm 2 40 pm 7 10 pm 8 50 pm			
"	Philadelphia New York Boston	10 47 a m 1 20 pm 9 00 pm	11 20 pm 6 20 a m 3 30 pm			
Leave Arrive	Danville	10 50 pm 5 15 a m 12 05 n'n	9 56 a m 3 45 p m			
Leave Arrive	Spartanburg Hendersonville Asheville Hot Springs		3 40 pm 6 07 pm 7 00 pm 8 40 pm			
Leave Arrive	Greensboro	11 00 pm 6 10 am 7 45 am 12 50 pm	9 45 a m 12 00 n'n 1 05 p m 3 00 p m			

LULA ACCOMMODATION. Daily except Sunday. Leave Atlanta (city time)..... Arrive Gainesville (city time)... Arrive Lula (city time)... ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILBOAD.

 Leave Atlanta (city time)...
 7 10 a m
 4 30 p m

 Arrive Athens (city time)...
 11 20 a m
 9 25 p m

 No. 40 arrives from Lula...
 7 50 am

 No. 50 arrives from Washington...
 *11 00 am

 No. 52 arrives from Washington...
 * 9 40 pm

 No. 53 connects at Cornelia for Tallulah Falls

No. 51 connects Wednesday and Saturday.
Pullman Sleeping-Car Service.
No. 50 has Pullman Sleeper New York to At-No. 50 Ans. philans.

No. 52, Pulman Sleeper Washington to New Orleans and Washington to Birmingham.

No. 51, Pullman Sleeper Atlanta to New York.

No. 53, Pullman Sleeper New Orleans to Washing, D. C., and Birmingham to Washington.

Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office, and No. 13 Kimball house.

JAS. L. TAYLOR, L. L. McCLESKEY,

Gen'l Pass. Ag't,

Uiv. Pass. Ag't,

Washington, D. C.

C. E. SERGEANT, Passenger Agent.

DICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILBOAD THE GEORGIA PACIFIC R'Y DIVISION.

The completion of this important thoroughfare to Greenville and Arkansas City on the Mississippiriver; gives the southeastern states a direct and short line to the west, southwest and northwest.

All under one management from Washington, C., to the Mississippi river

May 25, 1890. No. 58 No. 50. No. 52. No 54. Daily. Daily. Daily. Daily.

Lv Atlanta 9 00am 1 13 pm 10 45 pm Lv Austell 9 53am 2 10 pm 11 36 pm	6 15 pm
Ly Austell 9 53am 2 10 pm 11 36 pm	2 08 pm
Ar Lithia Sp'gs 9 50am 2 16 pm 11 41 pm	7 14 pm
Ar Taliapoosa 3 59 pm 1 29 am	9 03 pm
Ar Birming'm 8 30 pm 6 10 am	SECTION STATES
Ar Columbus 12 15 pm	PERSONAL
Ar West Point	
Ar Winona 4 46 pm Ar Greenwood. 6 09 pm	STATE OF THE PARTY.
Ar-Greenwood 6 09 pm	200333 8 24
Ar Greenville 9 00 pm	20
QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE	
Lv Birmingham	34Wpm
Ar Tuscaloosa 12 47 am	607pm
Ar Meridian 4 00 am	10 37 pm
Ar New Orleans	700 am
Ar Jackson 9 10 am Ar Vicksburg 11 25 am	
Ar Vicksburg	
Ar Shreveport 9 15 pm	
Ar Dallas 6 50 am	
K. C., M. & B. R. R.	
Ly Birmingham	7.06 am
Ar Tupelo 2 25 am	1 12 pm
Ar Aberdeen 3 20 am	3 10 pm
Ar Holly Spring	3 30 pm
Ar Memphis 6 15 am 5	00 pm
Ar Little Rock	1 00 nm
Ar Springfield	8 10 am
Ar Springfield	5 00 pm
	STATE OF THE PARTY
Pullman Vestibuled Sleeping Cars 1	metween.
Washington, D. C., and Birmingham, Ala	" With-
out change on 52 and 53. Pullman Sleepin	ig Cars

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

owing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time. ARRIVE. DEPART.

*No. 3, from Savannah *No. 2, to Savannah *No. 15, from Savannah *No. 2, to Savannah *No. 15, from Savannah *No. 14, to Macon *No. 11, from No. 16, from Savannah *No. 18, from Savannah *No. 19, from Savannah *No. 19, to Macon *No. 19, to Macon *No. 19, to Macon *No. 19, to Macon *No. 10, to Griffon *No. 13, from Macon *No. 16, to Griffon *No. 13, from Macon *No. 16, to Griffon *No. 16, to Griffon *No. 13, from Macon *No. 10, to Macon *No. 12, to Macon *No. 1 CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

From Chat'ga*. 6 32am'To Chattanooga* 7 50am
From Marietta. 8 35am To Marietta. 11 45am
From Rome. 11 55am To Chattanooga* 1 35pm
From Chat'ga*. 1 45pm To Rome. 3 45pm
From Marietta. 2 5pm To Marietta. 4 35pm
From Chat'ga*. 6 45pm To Chattanooga*1 15pm
From Chat'ga*. 10 55pm To Chattanooga*1 15pm
From Chat'ga*. 10 55pm To Chattanooga*1 15pm
From Chat'ga*. 2 40pm
From Chat'ga*. 3 40pm
From Chat'ga*. 4 40pm EAST TENN., VA. & GA. R'Y.

*No. 14, from Savannah, *No. 12, for Rome, New Brunswick and Jacksouville ... 19 35 am
*No. 13, from New York, Knozville, Nashville and Memphis, and Cin'natt. . 12 30 pm
*No. 14, from Cincinnati Nashville and Knozville, Knozville, Knozville, Cincinnati, New York, And Memphis and Knozville and Knozville ... 15 fam
*No. 12, from Savannah, Srunswick and Jacksonyille, Sunswick and Jacksonyille, Sunswick and Jacksonyille, Sunswick and Jacksonyille, Sunswick and Jacksonyille ... 700 pm
Rome ... 6 25 pm
No. 15, for Rome, Anniston, Selma and Meridian, Selma and Meridian,

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD. From Mont'm'y* 6 50am To Opelika... 6 30 am From West Pt... 10 25am To Schma* ... 1 25pm From Schma* ... 1 55pm; To West Point. 4 50pm From Opelika... 6 35pm To Montgomery 19 05pm GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta* 6 30am To Augusta* 8 00am
From Covin't'n. 7 55am To Decatur 8 50am
From Decatur .10 15am To Clarkston 12 10pm
From Augusta* 1 00pm To Augusta* 2 45pm
From Clarkston. 2 20pm To Clarkston 3 25pm
From Clarkston. 50pm To Covington. 6 20pm
From Augusta* 5 45pm/To Augusta* 11 15pm
Prom Augusta* 5 45pm/To Augusta* 11 15pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY. From Gre'n'ille*. 6 05am To Lithia Sp.g's* 9 00am From Tal'poosa*. 8 30am To Birm'gham*. 1 13pm From Birm'm*... 2 00pm To Tallapoosa*... 6 15pm From Lithia Springs*..... 5 45 pm

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILBOAD. From Fort Valley

10 20 am and 6 15 pm

20 00 pm and 8 00 am

20 and 8 00 am

THE GEORGIA RAILROD.
GRORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY) Georgia Railhoad Company
Office Gen't Maxager.
AUGUSTA, Ga., May 24th, 1890.)
Commencing 25th mstant, the following per schedule will be operated:
No. 27 WEST-DAILY. Leave Augusta.
Leave Washington
Leave Athens
Leave Gainesville.

Airive Atlanta . Leave Atlanța
Leave Gainesville
Arrive Athens
Arrive Washington DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL. No. 4 EAST DAILY. | No. 3 WEST-DAILY. Lv. Atlanta....11 15 p m Lv. Augusta...11 00 p m Ar. Augusta.... 6 35 a m Ar. Atlanta..... 6 30 a m DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday. Lv. Atlanta. . 8 55 a m Lv. Decatur. . 4 45 a m Ar. Decatur . . . 9 23 a m Ar. Atlanta. . . . 10 15 a m Lv. Clarkston . 4 10 m Ar. Decatur . . 3 40 p m Lv. Clarkston . 4 25 p m Ar. Clarkston . . 4 25 p m Ar. Clarkston . . 4 50 p m Ar. Atlanta. . . 4 50 p m COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday. Lv. Atlanta..... 6 20 p m Lv. Covington... 5 40 a m Lv. Decatur.... 6 56 p m Lv. Decatur.... 7 25 a m Ar. Covington... 8 35 p m Ar. Atlanta... 7 55 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS-Daily. No. 31 WESTWARD. | No. 32 EASTWARD. Lv. Camak. . . 1 30 a m Lv. Macon . . . 8 00 p m Ar. Macon 7 30 a m Ar. Camak . . . 12 30 a m UNION POINT AND WHITE PLAIN RAILROAD

*Daily except Sunday.
No connection for Gainesville on Sunday.
Sleeping car to Charleston on train No. 4.
Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled stop at any regular schedule flag station.
Trains No. 27 and 28 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing. Thompson, Norwood, Barmett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greenesboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. 27 makes close connection for all points north and northwest.
Trains 1 and 2, dinner at Union Point.
Train No. 28, supper at Harlem.
J. W. GREEN,
Gen'l Manager.
Gen'l Passenger Agt
JOE. W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta,

TLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest The following schedule in effect June 17, 1890:

| SOUTH | No. 50 | No. 52 | Iyexcept | No. 54 | South | No. 50 | South 10 45 am Ar Columbs 4 15 am Ar Montgry 7 25 pm 3 45 am Ar Pensacia 1 25 am 9 15 am Ar Mobile... 2 10 am 8 10 am Ar N Orlens 7 00 am 12 40 pm Ar HostnTx 2 20 am 9 00 am TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT

NORTH No. 51 No. 53 No. 57 dal ly except Sunday. Daily Ly N Orlens 8 15 pm 3 05 pm Ly Mobile. 1 05 am 7 37 pm Ly Pensacia 10 10 pm 11 45 am Ar Montgry 7 30 am 12 52 am Leave 5 40 am 4 35 pm Lv Colmbus Lv Opelika. 10 00 am 3 17 am 11 15 pm Lv WPoint, 10 45 am 3 59 am 7 00 am 2 05 pm Lv Lagrage 11 13 am 4 25 am 7 30 am 2 35 pm Lv Newnan 12 08 pm 5 24 am 8 35 am 3 46 pm Ar Atlanta. 1 30 pm 6 50 am 10 25 am 5 25 pm E, L. TYLER, CHAS. H. CROMWELL,
Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass, Ag't
JOHN A. GEE. District Pass. Agent

-MANUFACTURER OF-

READY MIXED PAINTS, Graining and Oil Colors, White Lead, On Coat Carriage Paints, Etc., and dealers in Painters' Supplies, Artists' Materials

Lubricating Oil, Window Glass, Etc. PACTORY 331 DECATUR STREET. STORE AND OFFICE: 45 DECATUR STREET

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES. SPECIAL INSTRUCTION

English, Mathematics, Latin and Greek
During the summer. DEWITT C. INGLE, A. M.,
6-14-1m 76 N. Forsyth Street.

A Select School For Girls MRS. G. H. de JARNETTE, PRINCIPAL MISS SOPHIE H. THORNBURY, Preparatory

Department.

MRS. J.H. HAMMOND, French.

MISS EMMA HAHR, "Music.

School opens September 11. 19 West Cain street,
6-12-tf. ard's Seminary Course of study thorough for Young Ladies enrollment of any school for catalogue address Pres' (TQRLS in the city. J. B. Raneseck, A. M.; #3844#16, Tenn. myt- div tues thur sat

WARTHMORE COLLEGE, SWARTH-more, Pa., opens 9th month, 9th, 1890. Thirty minutes from Broad St. Station, Phila. Under care of Friends. Full college courses for both sexes leading to Classical, Engineering. Scientific and Literary degrees. Healthful location, exten-sive grounds, buildings, machine shops, laborato-ries and libraries. For full particulars address WM. H. APPLETON, Ph.D., President. june1 d30t sun tue thur

Kentucky Military Institute. near Frankfort, Ky.

Session begins in March and closes in December, with vacation, in winter. Address D. F. BOYD, Supt., P.O. Farmdale, Ky. 6-28-90—d30t tues thur sat

HOLLINS INSTITUTE cing mountain climate. Attendance last seesion 720 from la tea. The 63th seesion will open Sept. 17. P. O and Station, lan, Va. CHAR. H. COURT, Business Manager, 7-3-90. 1194.

SOUTH CAROLINA GOLLEGE WOMEN

Columbia, S. C. This institution will open its session October 1st, 1890. The old Preston Place has been purchased for it by its founders, and a large and commodions building added to the mansion. This institution includes the South Carolina Pressure and academia academia This institution includes the South Carolina Presbyterian Institute for preparatory and academic instruction, and the South Carolina College for the higher education of women. For all its departments it has a faculty of sixteen professors and teachers, suexoelled in ability and experience. Six of them are professors in the State University, whose lectures and instruction will direct the education of the young ladies according to the methods and standard of the University, and give them unsurpassed advantages in the way, of the higher education. For circulars address the president, REV. WM. R. ATKINSON, jun 24-tu thur sat. Columbia, S. C.

FOR SALE

THE CUMBERLAND ISLAND HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THIS MAGNIFICENT PLACE, WITH ALL OF the improvements, is offered for sale. The beach is the fluest in the world. The bathing unsurpassed. The artesian well flurnishes the purest and best of water. The opportunity is now given to purchase this valuable property. The season this year is the best in its history. For particulars, address W. R. BUNKLEY, july 2-30d St. Mary's, Ga.

J. F. GAY VS. J. V. GAY, LIBEL FOR DI J. vorce in Fulton Superior Court, Fall Term 1890.—To J. V. Gay, defendant in above stated case: You are hereby required and cited person-ally, or by attorney, to be and appear at the super-ior court, to be held if and for said county, on the first Monday in September, 1890, then and there to answer plaintiff's libel for divorce, as in default thereof said court shall proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness the Hon. Marshall J. Clarke, judge of said court, this April 16, 1890.

ju 3-18, jy 3-18

G. H. TANNER, C. S. C.

MEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. TO THE SU CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUUT perior Court of said County.—The petition of Laurence Westerland, T. J. James, W. I. Zachry Alexander Beck, R. T. Dorsey and Albert Howell Jr., respectfully shows that they and their successors desire to be incorporated under the corporate name of the "Westerland Electric Conduit Company." That their objects and purposes are for pecuniary gain, to manufacture and sell, and to permit others to manufacture and sell for proper consideration the Westerland Electric Conduit, for which a patent has been applied; and also to manufacture and sell any and all other articles or machinery that the principles operating the said electric conduit may be applied to, to sell this right to others, to carry on a general business of manufacturing any and all sorts of useful articles

machinery that the principles operating the said electric conduit may be applied to, to sell this right to others, to carry on a general business of manufacturing any and all sorts of useful articles and things not necessary to enumerate; to purchase, lease, hold mortgages, sell, or otherwise dispose of real estate and other property; to purchase, hold, operate, lease, bond, mortgage, sell, or hany way dispose of street railway lines, equipments, or any articles used or capable of use in the business of equipping or operating street car lines; also to purchase, operate, or dispose of electric lines, motors, plants, cars, equipments, machinery, and all articles in the manufacture or operation of which electricity may be used; to furnish for light, power, or for other purposes, electricity to such persons or corporations as they may contract with, and to charge compensation for the same.

Petitioners further show that their principal place of business will be in Fulton county, Georgia, but they desire the right to establish offices and agencies elsewhere; that the amount of capital stock to be employed by them, actually paid in, is six hundred thousand dollars, and they desire the privilege of increasing the same to any amount hot exceeding five million dollars, and to be incorporated for a period of twenty years with the privilege of renewal, and to have the right to make and alter by-laws, make and use a common seal, to sue and be sued, make contracts, borrow money and secure the same as they may see fit, and to have all rights, powers and privileges incident to such corporations as are necessary or proper for conducting the business of street railway companies, and carrying out the objects and purposes of such corporations.

No stockholder of said corporation to be bound in his private capacity for the debts of the corporation beyond the amount of his unpaid subscription to the capital stock of, said company, wherefore petitioners pray that after this application shall be filed, recorded and published accordin

jun 5-d 5t thur

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—TO THE SUTy perior-Court of said County.—The petition of
W. A. Hemphill. H. M. Cottingham, T. G. Rawlings, C. T. Swift and J. M. Brosius, all of said
county and state, respectfully shows that they desire for themselves, their associates and successors
to be incorporated under the name of the
"PARK AVENUE LAND IMPROVEMENT CO.,"
for the term of twenty years, with the privilege of
resewal at the expiration of that time and by that
name, to sue and be sued, to have and use a conmon seal, contract and be contracted with, and to
have and exercise such other corporate powers as
are granted by the laws of this state.

The object of said corporation is pecuniary gain
to the stockholders and the business they propose
to carry on is buging, selling and exchanging real
estate. The amount of capital to be employed is
\$20,000, \$100,000 of which has been actually paid
in with the privilege of increasing the same to
\$200,000, \$100,000 of which has been actually paid
in with the privilege of increasing the same to
\$200,000. Their place of doing husiness will be in
Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia.

Petitioners pray that they be made a body corporate with all the rights, powers and privileges of
corporations in this state and especially with the
right to own, hold, sell, buy, lease, or rent real estate, to give and accept mortages and other liens
on the same and to improve the same in such manner as may seem best.

Wherefore petitioners pray for an order incorporating them and their associates and successors
under the name aforesaid for the purposes herein
stated.

And petitioners will ever pray, etc.

Piled in office, June 18, 1300.

Georgia, Fulton County.—The above is a tropy of the original petition for charter of the Tark Avenue Land Improvement Company," appears of record in this office.

June 19—45t thur Clerk Superior Court.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

ATLANTA, July 2, 1890.

% premium.		
STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bld.	Asked.
New Georgia 41/28 30 year	119%	120
Georgia 7s, gold	1001/2	1011/
Georgia 78, 1896	118	-
8. C. Brown	102	-
Bayannah 58	105	107
Atlanta 8s 1902	126	
Atlanta 8s, 1892	106	
Atlanta 7s, 1904	122	
Atlanta 79, 1899	115	=
Atlanta 6s long date	115	
Atlanta 6s, short date	102	772
Atlanta 5s, long date	100%	107
A tionto Aleg	100	105
Angusta 7s. long date	115	116%
Macon 68	110	-
Columbus 58	101	
Rome graded	110	115
	106	108
Rome 58	95	98
ATLANTA BANK STOCK	KS.	
Atlanta National	300	-
Atlanta Banking company	126	
Germania Loan and Banking Co	1023	-
Merchants' Bank	150	
Bank of the State of Georgia	150	-
Gate City National	140	-
Canttal City	115	
Lowry Banking Company	140	
March. & Mechanics B K g & L n.	90	-
Atlanta Count and Danking Co	195	- man (f)

	Germania Loan and Banking Co	1027	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
	Merchants' Bank	150	-
	Bank of the State of Georgia	150	=
	Gate City National	140	
100	Canten! City	115	
	Your Ranking Company	140	
	Merch. & Mechanics R'k'g & L'n.	96	
	Atlanta Trust and Banking Co	125	= 1
	Traders' Bank	100	-
	RAILROAD BONDS.		TO AVAILABLE
	Georgia 6s, 1897	10714	
	Magrain for 1910	119	-
	Georgia 68, 1922	116	-
	Central 79 1893	100	-
	Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta.	108	
	Atlanta and Charlotte, 1st	120	
	Atlanta and Charlotte, Income	100	
	Western of Alabama, 2d	101	
	Atlanta and Florida		100
	Georgia Pacific, 1st	112	1131/2
	Georgia Pacific, 2d	78	80
	Americus, Prest. & L'pkin 1st 78	110	
	Marietta and North Georgia	105	=
	Bay., Americus and Mont. 1st	98	991/2
	Rome and Carrollton	101	
	RAILROAD STOCKS.		
	Consta	200	202

Georgia	200	
Atlanta and Charlotte	- 88	
Bouthwestern	130	
Central	121	
Central debenture	100	
Augusta and Savannah	140	
Atlanta and West Point	111	
Atlanta and West Point debenture	101	

THE STOCK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The stock market of to-day offered even less opportunity for comment than that of the preceding days of this week, deal-ings being smaller and fluctuations on a reduced scale, while slight movements in the list, espe-cially after the first hour, possessed no signifi-cance whatever. Trading, such as it was, was en-tirely referribed in its character, and as even tirely professional in its character, and as even professionals were disinclined to trade, there was little or nothing of interest in the market. The waiting attitude of operators on both sides of the account will undoubtedly be maintained until after the holidays, and some positive develop-ments will even be necessary to stir the sluggish ments will even be necessary to stir the sluggish current of speculation. Should the expected demand from investment sources not materialize the bears will be given an opportunity to hammer the list with success, and if there appears a buying movement of any proportions with easy money there will be rapid climbing for stocks, though any marked upward movement may be expected to receive sturdy opposition from influential professional traders now on the short side. Today bome animation was displayed at times in Lacka-wanna, Reading, Lead Trust, New England, Louis-ville and Nashville and Hocking Valley, but, except for a dividend in Louisville and Nashville, there was nothing of character to have any in-fluence either upon the amount of business done or the course of prices. Hocking Valley furnished or the course of prices. Hocking Valley furnished the only really important movement of the day, rising to above 22 again and holding the advance well. A few large lots of Reading changed hands toward noon, but changes in its quotations were not on parity with the business done. In the regula was young England was the only stock showing any advance of note, and with Reading and Lackawanna, was the most active stock on the list. Pullman again moved up, and shows a gain of 1½ per cent this evening, but stands alone as one stock, showing any material improvement. The dividend on Louisville and Nashville failed to have any effect one way or the other. The market finally closed dull and steady to firm at insignifi-cant changes of the day for most of the list. The day's business was the smallest for months, transactions in listed stocks being only 74,608 shares, and in the unlisted department 12,466. Exchange 484.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin \$162,375,000; currency, \$6,989,000.

Governments dull; 4s 1	121 : 41/8 103.
State bonds featureless	
Ala. Class A 2 to 5105 do. Class B 5s110	N. Y. Central10
Ga. 7s, mortgage 1063/s N. & C. 6s 125	Northern Pacific 3 do. preferred 8
do. 48 981/2	Pacific Mail 4
B. C. con. Brown100 Tennessee 6s105	Reading
Tennessee 5s102 Tenn. settlem't 3s 74	Rock Island 9
Virginia 68 50 Virginia consols 50	St. Paul 7
Chicago and N. W. 1114 do. preferred 1431/2	Texas Pacific 2
Del and Lack144 Erie	Union Pacific 6
East/Tenn., new 9%	Missouri Pacific 7
Louisville & Nash. 891/2	Cotton Oil trust 2
Memphis & Char 60 Mobile & Ohio 221/a	Mobile & Ohio 48 6
Nash. & Chat 103 N. O. Pacific 1st 921/2	Silver certificates10-
Bid. tEx-dividend.	

THE COTTON MARKETS. CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

Below we						quota-
tions of cott	on fut	ures in	New '	York t	oday:	
			Openi	ng.	Clo	sing.
July			11.87 a	11.88	11.86	@11.87
August,			11.76.0		11.73	a11.74
Beptember			10.90 a.		10.89	a 10.90
October					10.62	a 10.63
November			10.47 a	10.48	10.50	Ø
December					10.50	@10.51
January			10.54 a.		10.55	a 10.50
February			10.59 2.		10.60	@10.61
March			10.64 a	10.63	10.63	a 10.65
Closed stea						
The follow					the co	manli-
dated net rec						MBOIL-
Control of the Control	RECE	IPTS.	EXPO	RTS.	STO	CK.
	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.
5	726	1507	1476	1000	130377	107000
Baturday						
Monday	120	462	2150	10008	127670	189010

	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.
Baturday	726	1507	1476	1086	130377	197993
Monday	120	462	2150	10558	127670	189670
Tuesday	306	67	1913	2537	120213	186600
Wednesday	818	229	1470	3130	118209	181971
Thursday Friday			·			
Totals	1970	2265	7009	17311		

Closed steady; sales 8,800 bal Local—Nothing doing.

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, July 2—[Special.]—A holiday dullness pervades nearly all speculative markets in America; and, although the trade in Liverpool and translation of fresh vigor. America; and, although the trade in Liverpool seems to have received an infusion of fresh vigor, prices here show but little change. Operators here seem averse to any fresh undertakings in view of the length of time between the closing tomorrow and the reopening on Monday next. The advance in Liverpool on futures is about 2-64d, but still more encouraging to the bulls is the renewed interest shown in the market by the trade, he today hought some 12-000 bales. Exhaustive newed interest shown in the market by the trade, who today bought some 12,000 bales. Exhaustive finquiries made by us by cable last evening develop the fact that no recount of the Liverpool stock will be made until the end of September, when, it is generally thought, the deficiency will be about 70,000 bales. New crop positions are some 2@3 points better on the continuance of hot weather throughout the south, but replies to some thirty telegraphic inquiries sent out by us last evening are almost unanimous in the opinion that as yet ne barra has been done. Some of our correspondents express themselves very positively as ex-pecting heavy receipts of new cotton in August. HUBBARD, PRIOR & Co.

Hubbard, Prior & Co.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 2—12:15 p. m.—Cotton firm and in active demand; middling uplands 6 %; sales 12:000 bales; speculation and export 1.600; receipts 1:000; American 600; uplands low middling clause July and August delivery 6 25-34, 6 28-64; August and September delivery 6 25-64; September and October delivery 5; October and November delivery 5 53-64; futures opened firm.

LIVERPOOL, July 2—2:00 p. m.—Middling uplands 67-16; sales of American 10,100 bales; uplands low middling clause July delivery 6 28-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 28-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 28-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6 6 1-64; October and November delivery 5 53-64; 50-64; 10-64; September and October delivery 6 28-64, sellers; futures firm.

LIVERPOOL, July 2—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause July delivery 6 26-64; sellers; July and August delivery 6 28-64; sellers; Lugust and September delivery 6 28-64, sellers; Lugust and September delivery 6 28-64, sellers; Lugust and September delivery 6 28-64, sellers; November and December delivery 6 55-64, sellers; November and December delivery 5 53-64, sellers; November and December delivery 5 53-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 32-64, bulyers; futures closed firm.

NEW YORK, July 2—Cotton dull; sales 107 bales;

NEW YORK, July 2—Cotton dull; sales 107 bales; middling uplands 12; Orleans 12 3-16; net receipts none; gross 148; stock 79,920.

GALVESTON, July 2—Cotton nominal; middling 11½; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 728. NORFOLK, July 2—Cotton nominal; middling 1134; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; stock 3,614;

BALTIMORE, July 2—Cotton nominal; middling 12½; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales—; to spinners—; stock 1,392; exports coastwise 200. —; to spinners —; stock 1,332; exports constitu-200. BOSTON, July 2—Cotton quiet; middling 12¼; net receipts 720 bales; gross 720; sales none; stock

wilmington, July 2—Cottonfirm; middling in, net receipts none bales; gross none; sales

none; stock 415.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2— Cotton firm; middling 1234; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 4.728.

SAVANNAH, July 2—Cotton nominal; middling 11 7-16; receipts net 2 bales; gross 2; sales 171; stock 1.485. NEW ORLEANS, July 2 — Cotton dull; midding 11 7-16; net receipts 16 bales; gross 16; sales 250; stock;25,165.

MOBILE, July 2 — Cotton nominal; middling 11 5-16; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales none; MEMPHIS, July 2—Cotton nominal; middling 11½; net receipts 10 bales; shipments none; sales none; to spinners—; stock 1,362.

AUGUSTA, July 2—Cotton nominal; middling 11%; net receipts 14 bales; shipments 278; sales 306; stock 949. CHARLESTON, July 2—Cotton firm; middling 111%; net receipts 28 bales; gross 28; sales none; stock 150.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions. CHICAGO, July 2-Wheat-Active and unset-CHICAGO, July 2—Wheat—Active and unsettled, prices ruling both higher and lower than yesterday's closing figures. The opening was easy and prices 1/4@1/4c lower than yesterday's closing, but turned on good buying, and prices were advanced 3/4@1/4c for the various futures, then became weak and declined 11/4@2c, ruling weak and closed about 3/4c lower for August, 1c lower for September and 3/4c lower for December than yesterday. The war hulled early on reported terday. The market was bulled early on reported damage to foreign crops by continued rainy weather. Later the decline was attributed to a re-

port of better weather in England and also clear and cooler weather in the northwest.

Corn—Business fair with the undertone quite firm at times. At the opening prices were a shade higher than yesterday's closing, but under the influence above mentioned sagged off -\(\frac{1}{2}\epsilon_c\), ruled steady and closed \(\frac{1}{2}\lambda_c\epsilon_c\) were than yesterday. Oats were traded in fairly, and a steady feeling

prevailed early, which was followed by weakness and a recession of 1/2/2/4c in values. Mess pork—Very little business was transacted July delivery ruled a trifle higher, but the other deliveries exhibited little change.

Lard—Moderately active. Prices ruled irregu-

lar within a small range, advanced 21/@5c early, then receded again and closed quiet. Short ribs—Quite a good trade developed. Prices ruled 2\frac{1}{3}\textit{65c} higher early, but receded again 5\textit{60}

WHEAT- O		Hig	hest.	Clos	ing.
July	87	ALC: UN	8854	100	8636
August	. 88		8912		871
September	887/8		89%		881/8
July	. 3434		341/4		34
August			35		345%
September	35%		35%		351/8
July	2776		2774	1000	273/
August.			2672		265%
September			26%		26%
July	.12 50	12	70	12	40
August		12	10	11	90
September			00		80
July	. 5 6714	5	70	5	671/4
August		5	85		821
September		6	971/		921/2
July	. 5 021/4	5	05	5	00
August		. 5	10		10
September	5 20	5	25		20

The Petroleum Market. NEW YORK, July 2—The petroleum opened steady at 86 for spot and 86% for August. After the first sales the market advanced and closed strong with spot 89 and August 90. GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 2, 1830.

Flour, Grain and Meal.
ATLANTA, July 2—Flour—First patent \$6.50;
second patent \$5.75; extra fancy \$5.26; fan
cy \$5.00; family \$4.50. Corn—Choice white 57c;
No. 2 white 56c; mixed 55c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 40c.
Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 90c; No. 1 timothy, large bales 90c; choice timothy, small bales, 95;
No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy,
small bales, 80c. Meal—Plain 50@60c; bolted 57c.
Wheat bran—Large and small sacks 95c. Cotton
seed meal—\$1.20 p ovt. Steam feed \$1.35 p ovt.
Grits—Pearl \$3.00.
NEW YORK, July 2—Flour cont.

Grits—Pearl \$3.00.

NEW YORK, July 2—Flour, southern firm; common to fair extra \$2.45@2.00; good to choice \$3.00 @6.15.

Wheat, spot quiet and unsettled; No. 2 red 44 \(\lambda \) 94\(\lambda \) in elevator; options, July 93\(\lambda \); August 13\(\lambda \).

Corn, spot firm and active; No. 2 41\(\lambda \) in elevator; options, July 41\(\lambda \); August 13\(\lambda \), Oats, spot less active; options, July 44; August 13\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 2 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 3 spot 34\(\lambda \); No. 3 spot 34\(\lambda \); September 31\(\lambda \); No. 3 spot 34\(\lam

32%34½. Hops dull and; state new 16@22; old 8@12.

ST. LOUIS, July 2—Flour firm but quiet; choice \$2.30@3.00; patents \$4.55@4.70; fancy \$3.50@3.70; family \$2.40@2.55. Wheat lower except for July, which closed steady; No. 2 red cash 86½; July 89½; August 83½, 85½; December 86½. Corn, Intures closed firmer; others easy; No. 2 mixed cash 33½@3½; July 38½; 33½; August 33½; September 33½.

BALTIMORE, July 2—Flour dull; Howard street and western superfine \$2.100@2.50; extra \$2.70@3.75; family \$4.15@4.75; city mills Rio brands extra \$4.00@4.50. Wheat, southern active and stronge; Fults \$1@91; longberry \$2@92; western strong; No. 2 winter red spot and July 90@10½. Corn, southern strong; white 46; yellow 45.

CHICAGO, July 2—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull, unchanged; spring patents soft ohard \$4.50@4.25; winter patents \$4.00@4.75; straights \$4.00@4.25; bakers \$3.25@3.60. No. 2 spring wheat 86½; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red 86½. No. 2 corn 34. No. 2 cats 27½.

CINCINNATI, July 2—Flour steady; family \$3.10 & 2 mixed 32½.

Cinxed \$2½.

LOUISVILLE, July 2—Wheat steady; No. 2 red 86½ mixed \$2½.

2 mixed 32½. LOUISYILLE, July 2—Wheat active and firmer: No. 2 red 86; No. 2 longberry 88. Corn active; No. 2 white 39½; do. mixed 38. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed on track 30.

No. 2 white 39%; do. mixed 38. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed on track 30.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, July 2—Coffee — Arbuckie's and Levering's roasted 25%c for 100 fb cases. Green—Extra choice 23%c; choice 23; good 21%c; fair 20; common 18g19c. Sugar — Granulated 7%c; out loaf 7%c; white extra C 6%c; yellow extra C 6%c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48g60c; prime 35@40c; common 30g35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 28g30c. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40 @60c. Nutmegs 75@80c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12%c. Allapice 10@11c. Jamaica gringer 18c; race 7%g8%c. Singapore pepper 17@18c. Mace \$1.0c. Rice — Chice 6%c; good 5%@6c; common 42@5c; imported Japan 267c. Sat-Hawley's dairy \$1.80; Virginia 75c. Cheese—Full cream 12; skim \$2.10c. White fish — ½ bbls \$3.25@3.50; pails 50c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars 75 hs \$3.00g3.75; turpentine, 60 bars 60 fbs. \$2.00g2.75; 60s 5 gross \$3.75. Soda — Kegs, bulk, 5c; kegs, 1 hb pack ages, 5%c; cases, assorted, hs. 6cd%c; % fb5%@6c. Crackers—XXX soda 6%c; XXX butter 8%c; XXX pearl oyster 6c; shell and excelsior oyster 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 6. Candy—Assorted stick 8%c; French mixed 12%c. Canned goods—Condensed milk \$6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel \$3.75@4.00; salmon \$7.00@5.50f F. W. oysters \$2.22@2.60; L. W. \$1.50; corn \$3.00@2.75; tomatoes \$1.75@2.00. Ball potash \$3.00. Starch—Pearl 4%c; lump 5c; nickel package \$3.00; celluloid \$5.00. Pickles—Plain or mixed, pints \$1.00@1.40; quarts \$1.50.00; % kegs \$1.65. Shot—Shot \$1.50 yeack.

NEW YORK, July 2—Coffee, options closed

steady; July 16.75@10.85; August 16.35@16.40;; spot Rio dull but steady; fair cargoes 20. Sugar, raw more active and steady; fair togood refining 4½; centrifugal 90-test 5½; refined steady and quiet; C5½@5½; extra C59-16@51:1-16; white do. 55-16 @5½; yollow C 5½; off A 5 15-16@6½; mould A 6 5-16; standard A 6 3-16; confectioners A 6; out loaf and crushed 6½; cubes 6½. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 19; New Orleans quiet; open kettle common to fancy 31@45. Rice steady and quiet; domestic 5½ @6½; Japan 5@6.

NEW ORLEANS, July 2—Coffee dull; Rio cargoes common and prime 19@20½. Sugarquiet and steady; Louisiana open kettle strictly prime to choice 5; prime 4½@4½; good fair to fully fair 5@5½; good common to fair 4½; centrifugals, plantation granulated 8½; off do. 5 7-16@5½; of hote white 5½; off white 5½; choice yellow clarified 5½@5 7-16; prime do. 5 5-16.65%; off do. 5½; seconds 4½@5. Molasses nominal; Louisiana open kettle fermenting 18@30; centrifugals, fancy 31; choice 20; strictly prime 27@28; good prime 22@25; prime 22@23. Louisiana syrup 30. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary to good 4½@5½.

Louisiana ordinary to good 44.6.5.

Provisions.

LOUISVILLE, July 2 — Provisions brisk. Bacon, clear ribs 6.00; clear sides 6.25 packed; bellies 6.75; shoulders 6.00. Bulk meats, cured short ribs 5.25; clear 5.50 in bulk; shoulders 5.00. Mess pork \$13.25. New sugar-cured hama 104.6.11.

Lard, prime steam in tierces 6.37\(\frac{1}{2}\); leaf 7.50.

ST. LOUIS, July 2—Provisions stronger. Pork \$11.50. Lard, prime steam at 5.50. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders 5.25; long clear 5.15.6.20; clear ribs 5.25; short clear 5.37\(\frac{1}{2}\). Bacon, boxed shoulders 5.50\(\frac{1}{2}\). Song clear 5.15\(\frac{1}{2}\). Song clear 7.50\(\frac{1}{2}\).

ATLANTA, July 2—Clear ribs isides, boxed 5\(\frac{1}{2}\); ciec-cured bellies \$4\). Sugar-cured hams 11\(\frac{1}{2}\); 2\(\frac{1}{2}\), according to brand and average; California 8; canvased shoulders 5\(\frac{1}{2}\), 2\(\frac{1}{2}\); breakfast bacon 10\(\frac{1}{2}\); \(\frac{1}{2}\); Lard — Pure leaf 8\(\frac{1}{2}\); leaf 7\(\frac{1}{2}\); refined 6.

fined 6.

NEW YORK, July 2—Pork firm but quiet; new mess, \$13.50@14.00; extra prime \$10.00@10.50. Middles easy; abort clear 6.00. Lard rather easy and dull; western steam spot 6.00 bid; city steam 5.60; options, July 5.98; August 6.11 asked.

CHICAGO, July 2—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$12.25. Lard 6.65@6.67½, Short ribs loose 5.00@5.05. Dry salt shoulders boxed 5.20@5.25; ahort clear sides boxed 5.35@5.40.

CINCINNATI, July 2—Pork quiet at \$12.37½, Lard quiet; current make 5.45. Bulk meats quiet; short ribs 5.10@5.15. Bacon quiet; ishort clear 6.15@6.20.

Mosal Stores.

WILMINGTON, July 2—Turpentine steady at 38; rosin firm; strained \$1.07\(\); good strained \$1.12\(\); tar firm at \$1.65; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.25; yellow dip \$2.35; virgin \$2.50.

NEW YORK, July 2—Rosin steady and quiet; common to good strained \$1.45\(\); 50; turpentine dull at 40\(\); 41.

CHARLESTON, July 2—Turpentine quiet at \$3\(\); rosin firm; good strained \$1.40.

SAVANNAH, July 2—Turpentine dull at 33\(\); rosin firm at \$1.25\(\); 1.30.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, July 2 — Eggs 12½@13. Butter—Choice Tennessee 16@18; other grades12½, Foultry—Hens 50@32c; young chickens, large 18@25. New Irish potatoes \$2.00 \$\psi\$ bbl. Sweet potatoes \$1.25@1.40 \$\psi\$ bu. Honey—Strained 6@8c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions \$4.00 \$\psi\$ bbl. Cabbage 3½c. Squashes 76c \$\psi\$ crate. Cucumbers 75@\$1.00 \$\psi\$ crate. Beans, string, \$1.00 \$\psi\$ crate. Beets 75c \$\psi\$ doz. bunches. Waternelons \$20@30 \$\psi\$ 100. Cantaloupes \$1.50 \$\psi\$ doz. Raspberries 20c \$\psi\$ quart. Florida grapes 15c \$\psi\$ bb.

Fruits and Confections Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, July 2-Apples—Choicé \$6.00@625 \$bbl. Lemons \$5.50@6.00. Oranges \$3.75@4.00. Co-coanuts 4\c. Fineapples \$2.50@5.00 \$rdoz. Banana:
—Selected \$2.00@2.50. Figs 13g 18c. Raisins—New California \$2.75; \(\) boxes \$1.75; \(\) boxes 90. Currants 7\c/\) boxes 90. Currants 7\c/\) boxes 90. Currants 7\c/\) boxes 10@12c; Brazil 12c; filberts 12\c/\); example 12\c/\); grants 10@12c; Brazil 12c; filberts 12\c/\); walnuts 16c. Peanuts — Virginia fancy, hand picked, 10c; North Carolina fancy 9c.

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4 per cent per annum if left six months.

May 13.

NCORPORATED BY THE STATE OF CHIHUAHUA, MEXICO, FOR CHARITABLE PO

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING Will take place in public at the CITY OF JUAREZ, (formerly Paso del Norte) WEDNESDAY, JULY 23d, 1890.

under the personal supervision of GEN. JOHN S. MOSBY and MR. CAMILO ARG the former a gentleman of such prominence in the United States that his presence alone guarantee to the public that the drawings will be held with strict honesty and fairness to atter (the Supervisor of the Mexican Government) is of equal standing and integrity. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$60,000.

Only 60,000 Tickets! Only 60,000 Tick WHOLE TICKETS, \$4; HALF TICKETS, \$2; QUARTER TICKETS &

LIST OF PRIZES. 1 Prize of \$60.000\$60.000 | 100 Prizes of \$50 each 100 Prizes of 30 each. 100 Prizes of 25 each. 3,000 2,000 599 Terminals to \$40,000 Prize 5,000 599 Terminals to \$10,000 Prize 5,000 7,500 1914 Prizes amounting to ...

We the undersigned hereby certify that the Banco Nacional of Mexico in Chihuahua has on deposit from the Mexican International Banking Company, the necessary funds to guarantee the payment of all the prizes drawn in the Grand Lottery of Juarez.

We further certify that we will supervise all the arrangements, and in person manage and control all the drawings of this Lottery, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith towards all parties.

JOHN S. MOSBY. Commissioner.

CAMILO ARGUELLES,
Supervisor for the Government. If any ticket drawing a prize is sent to the signed, its face value will be collected and to the owner thereof free of charge.

EDGAR B. RRONSON,

President El Paso National Bank, El Paso

For club rates, or any other information to the undersigned, stating your addressigned, stating your addressigned, stating your full addressigned by the sate of the state, County, Street and Number rapid mail delivery will be assured by closing an envelope bearing your full addressigned for the state of the state of

NOTICE—Send remittances for tickets by ordinary letter, containing Money Order, in Express Companies, New York Exchange, Bank Draft or Postal Note.

MEXICAN INTERNATIONAL BANKING CO. City of Juarez, Mexico, via El Paso, Ter H. JACKSON, Agent. Charleston, S



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VAN WINKLE ATLANTA, GA. and DALLAS, TEX.



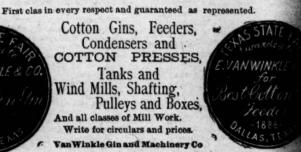
AGENTS WANTED.

COTTON SEED OIL MILL MACHINE

Fertilizer Machinery Complete



Cotton Gins, Feeders, Condensers and COTTON PRESSES, Tanks and Wind Mills, Shafting, Pulleys and Boxes.



\$10,000 Worth of Gas Fixtures!

That must be sold to reduce stock.

SPECIAL LOW PRICES FOR NEXT 20 DAY 2 Light Fixtures and Globes from \$2.00 Up. " \$3.00 Up.

We will save you money. Call and see us. Hunnicutt & Bellingrat

PASSENGER SCHEDULE GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA RAILRO SUWANEE RIVER ROUTE TO FLORIDA.

Taking Effect June 22, 1890. Standard Time. 90th Meridian.



ad Stools. Cablact Work of all kinds. Complete Outfits for

the original packag tside of this state, ar ught them, sealed wi th tin foil. "The packages were d.so far as I know to the law."
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Jacob Hass \$480 Banks.

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ARITABLE PUI

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CAMILO ARGUE

000 Ticke R TICKETS, \$

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B. RRONSON,
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WANTED. City of Juarez, Me

NKING CO., I Paso, Text



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ixtures!

T 20 DAY \$2.00 Up. \$3.00 Up. ee us. igrat.

RAILRO RIDA.

LAW IS LAW.

OL. WIMPY PROCLAIMS IN THE ORIGINAL PACKAGE CASE.

Barkeeper, Talks About the Case—A Lively Case That Is Full of Interest. That Lithonia original package case grows

J. H. Kimbrell, the Original Packs

And considerable life may characterize its

rse through the courts. Six cases now stand against Mr. J. H. Kimall, the man who opened an original pack-barroom in Lithonia, and they, will bring n before the United States coart so soon as t is again convened.

Mr. Kimbrell came to Atlanta yesterday to sult his attorney, Colonel John A. Wimpy, bout the trouble into which he has, seemingly, o unconsciously stepped.

He basis his action in this matter upon his aption of the original package law, and talks as familiarly and shrewdly about the late

ion as a lawyer. He was interviewed yesterday about the case inst him, the trial of which took place in

Lithonia Tuesday, and was fully reported in rday's Constitution. He was quite in a humor to talk, and was only too glad of the opportunity, he said, to et himself aright before the public.

HIS CONCEPTION OF THE LAW. Mr. Kimbrell said:

"I have no fears of adverse legislation in any of the cases brought against me. I have been living in DeKald for a number of years, and am familiar with the best people there. I tainly have lived to but little purpose ng them, if I have not established myself s free from any intention to violate any law of the state or of the country.

"I have acted in this matter in perfect accordance with the original package decisions is I understand them. I have bought whisky in the original package from manufacturers outside of this state, and I have sold them as I ight them, sealed with a cork and covered with tin foil.

"The packages were not opened in my store, and so far as I know these are all the requirents of the law." "What about your being treated badly and atened by the people of Lithonia?"

Kimbrell was asked. "It is absolutely false. I never have ved any such treatment either by the people of Lithonia or by the officers. On the conrary they have been extremely considerate for

"I was arrested, but was not taken to jail. The court even declined to try but one of the es against me, preferring to put them off til the United States court is in session, then they will come up before Judge Newman nd be decided by him.

"I have every evidence on my side, and am not fearful of having violated any law. The only thing is that there's nobody that knows ach about this original package law." COLONEL WIMPY'S VIEWS.

Colonel John A. Wimpy has already mapped out his course for conducting the original package case before the courts. He bases his case upon the decision made regarding the prohibition laws of Iowa, in a rase somewhat similar to Mr. Kimbrell's.

That decision changes the laws so as to make m have the following shape in the law re-

orts of that state: Laws-Iowa, 1888 C 71, which in sections -3, prohibits the sale of intoxicating ors within the State, except by a registered for certain specified

ses, and in section 20 repeals code Iowa, ctions 15-24, which allowed importers of gn liquors to sell the same original packages in which they imported is void in so far it prohibits the sale of liquors by a foreign non-resident importer in the packages in hich they are brought from another state, ing in conflict with the provision of the conation vesting in congress the power to regdate commerce between the states. Colonel Wimpy was busily engaged yesterworking up his case on this line, and says will make things lively with unanswerable ments about the injustice that has been

ight upon his client. His stand upon the original package decis-on is clearly set forth in the following card, written by him to uphold his side of the case:

on is clearly set forth in the following card, written by him to uphold his side of the case:

Mr. Wimpy's Card.

ATLANA. Ga., July 2, 1890.—Editors Constitution: Your special from Lithonia in this morning's Constitution: An reference to the "original package" case at Lithonia, and in which I am counsel for Mr. J. H. Rimbrell, does not do Mr. Kimbrell and myself justice, and is calculated to prejudice the case in the mind of the public, and knowing that you do not wish to do any one an injustice, who endeavors to be a law abiding citizen, I therefore ask space in your valuable paper to make the following statement:

The facts in the case, as developed on the trial of the case, are as follows: That J. H. Kimbrell, a citizen of Georgia, purchased from Charles Nelson, a manufacturer and wholesale dealer in whiskies, and who is a citizen of the state of Tennessee, residing at Nashville, forty-eight packages or cases, each containing a quart of spirituous liquor. These packages ware banded together as one truss, and was imported by Mr. Kimbrell from the city of Nashville, state of Tennessee, to the town of Lithonia, in this state. That the only sales and our offers to sell of said packages of whisky were in the original wooden box, which was fastened or sealed, which contained a quart bottle of whicky, sealed and capped with in foll, as put up by Charles Nelson, the manufacturer and wholesale dealer at Nashville, Tennessee, and transported by railway to the state of Georgia, at Lithonia. That Mr. Kimbrell, fafer the package arrived, put them in his store in Lithonia and sod and offered for sale was broken or opened on the premises of Mr. Kimbrell, and offered for sale was broken or opened on the premises of in his store, and as soon as the same was purchased it was removed from the store or premises of Mr. Kimbrell.

These fact were admitted by the attorney for the town council, but he, at the same time insisted

breil.

see fact were admitted by the attorney for cown council, but he, at the same time insisted masmuch as Mr. Kimbrell was a citizen of gran, he could not purchase such packages a manufacturer and a wholesale dealer lennessee and import them to Georgia and them in Lithonia or offer for sale, though at same time the attorney admitted and stated to court that a Tennesseean could sell and offer ale such packages in Georgia and in the town ithonia.

or sale such packages in Georgia and in the town of Lithonia.

The facts in the original package case decided by the supreme court of the United States differ in the case at Lithonia in this: Parties in Illinois chipped and imported packages of beer, to Keokuk in the state of lowa, and placed this in the hands of a citizen of lowa, who acted as agent, and sold and offered for sale for the parties in Illinois.

Mr. Kimbrell was, and is not in his case, an agent for Nelson, the manufacturer and wholesale dealer at Nashville, Tenn., but purchased from him and imported the packages to Lithonia. If a citizen of Georgia, as an agent, can sell liquors for a Tennesseean in Georgia, why can he not import from another state and sell to citizens of Georgia in his own right? He is an importer from the state of Tennessee to the state of Georgia. It is not altogether a question of citizenship, but a question of importation and commerce between the states. Respectfully yours, John M. Wimpy.

St. Helena, Napa Co., Cal., May 1, 1889.

St. HELENA, Napa Co., Cal., May 1, 1889. To the citizens and afflicted of the Valley—I deem it my duty to give this recommendation without any solicitation on the part of the dealers in said medicine. In St. Joseph, Missour, I was afflicted with an aggravated case of kidney trouble, and by accident I was offered a drink of Wm. Radam's Microbe Killer. After taking one gallon in four weeks. If cit like a new man. I can freely recommend it to any one having the above trouble.

For sale by W. F. Parkhurst, sole agent, 43
South Broad street, near Alabama.

Notice.

Notice.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 30, 1890.—By order of the card of directors of the Atlanta Chamber of commerce, and in accordance with a resolution assed June 24th instant, bonds numbered 25, 74, 1 and 151 are hereby called, and will be paid off at are on July I, 1890, by the treasurer, Paul Romare, at Atlanta National bank. Notice is hereby given that interest on said bonds ceases after July I, 1890, President.

H. G. SAUNDERS, Sceretary.

President.

OFF TO CHATTANOOGA.

A LARGE DELEGATION LEFT LAST NIGHT TO ATTEND.

The Blue and Gray Intermingled and Con federate Veteransand Federal Soldiers Left on the Same Train.

The blue and the gray.

A great delegation left at 11 o'clock last night to attend the meeting of the confederate

eteraus in Chattanooga. It is a little remarkable that the city of Atlanta, the growing capital of the empire state of the south, should be able to send up such a delegation to join in the great encampment which occurs on the historic ground where

one of the most stubborn and determined struggles of the war between the states occurred during the last days of the war. The blue and the gray occupied the same rain, and all the delegations left the city with fondest anticipations of a glorious time.

THE CONFEDERATE VETERANS,

under the leadership of Colonel W. L. Calhoun, colonel of the Fourth Georgia battalion, and president of the State Confederate Veterans' association, occupied a car in the train that rolled away at 11 oclock, bound for Chat-tanooga, over the East Tennessee road. Every foot of ground over which they passed is historic, and many memories of the hard fights along this extended line linger in the memories of the veterans.

The Atlanta Artillery, consisting of the very cream of this organization, were on the same train, and many a war worn cannoneer must have felt a thrill at his heart as they sped by the scenes of those conflicts that occurred a quarter of a century ago, where now the grass grows green, and the cornfields are ripening for the harvest on ground that was rent and torn by volleys of grape and can ister in those troublous days.

THE BOYS IN BLUE were present in the shape of the splendid band of the Fourth Artillery regiment, now stationed in Atlanta, and they were just as jubilant over the prospects of the happy reunion as the most zealous confederate that ever shouldered a musket, or drew a saber.

The midnight echoes wafted the strains of "Dixie" (and the "Star Spangled Banner" through the valleys and over the hills, where peace and plenty have taken the place of war

Perhaps in the dim distance of the mountain defiles the spirit echoes of the dead heroes took And thus the Atlanta contingent moved on

ward toward the scene of the great reunion. THE GALLANT GORDON with his staff were on that train, and before the lights of Atlanta had faded in the distance the old commander was among "the boys," shaking hands, offering kindly salutations and accepting, with the graceful dignity of a born soldier, the plaudits of the mixed company of

which he was the central attraction. It was a memorable occasion, and all those who rode on that train last night, will have cause to remember it for life.

Arrangements had been previously made for their reception in Chattanooga, and the At lanta contingent will be well cared for, from Commander Gordon down to the lowest privat in the ranks of the veterans.

THE DOCTORS' TRIBUTE.

At a meeting of the Atlanta' Society, of Medi cine, held July 1, 1890, the following resolution were unanimously adopted:
Whereas, Our esteemed and beloved fellow member, Dr. W. D. Bizzell, has been removed from among us by the hand of death; therefore he it

society has lost not only an active and zealous member, and one who always strove by word and deed to promote it's interests, but also a tru hearted and generous friend, who, in all the rela tions of life, fulfilled with earnestness of purpose and with kindness of heaft every social obligation

which was imposed upon him in his contact with his fellow men.

Resolved, That this society extends its heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved family, who have sustained in his death an irreparable loss. Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the daily papers and medical journals of this

city, and that a copy be furnished to the family of the deceased.

W. S. ELKIN, M.D. VIRGIL O. HARDON, M.D. K. C. DIVINE, M.D.

FROM MR. A. W. MITCHELL.

To the Democracy of Fulton County: sentative in the next general assembly of Georgia As one of the oldest citizens of this city an county, I do not deem it necessary that I should make any extended statement as to my principles only to say that I am a democrat, and if elected will advocate shose measures that I believe will advance the interests of the whole people, without prejudice or injury to any. Respectfully,

A. W. MITCHELL.

Bowden Lithia Water prevents Fevers,

Send Orders for Hammocks and croquet sats to Thornton, 28 Whitehall

To the Democratic Voters of Georgia: I am a candidate for the office of attorney-general, and want every democrat to vote for me. Alliancemen, lawyers, doctors, laborers, farmers, merchants, manufacturers, and everybody else.

GEORGE N. LESTER, of Cobb County.

jun 29 2w

Ontlook at Chantanqua, Peabody Institute

Outlook at Chantauqua, Peabody Institute, at Lithia Springs.

Lithia Springs, Ga., July 2.—[Special].—The Peabody institute met here yesterday. The attendance was small, not more than thirty-five teachers. The number today has increased considerably, about seventy teachers in attendance. A good many others are looked for between now and next Monday. The probability is that two hundred teachers will be here during next week. They have three, four and five lectures every day, on interesting topics, and no admission fees charged to the grounds. They lecture morning, afternoon and evening, and no charge will be made to any of these interesting lectures until the regular session of the Chantauqua. This season brightens every day, and it is the opinion of all who are connected with the management that a large attendance is insured for this season. New additions, in the way of lectures, musical attractions, etc., are being added to the programme almost daily, and, before the season opens, the most interesting programme will have been prepared for this season of the Piedmont Chautauqua that has ever been presented to the public. The hotels are filling up rapidly. The visitors who expect to spend the summer here are coming in every day, and one can't live much cheaper, and spend the entire summer at Lithia springs, than they can at home. They can get board and lodging from \$20 to \$30 per month, or 75c per day. Reduction has been made in price of board at the restaurant in the Chautauqua grounds and all the hotels. The railroad will commence the erection of a large pavilion in front of the Chautauqua gate, in a day or two. It will be ready on the 16th, and every day brings brighter for the Chautauqua gate, in a day or two. It will be ready on the 16th, and every day brings brighter for the Chautauqua gate, in a day or two. It will be ready on the 16th, and every day brings brighter for the Chautauqua prom all parts of the country, making inquiry in regard to the Chautauqua for this season.

The following gentlemen are appointed an escort from the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce to attend the funeral of the late Z. A. Rice. The escort will meet at the residence at 9 o'clock a. m., Thursday, July 3d.
W. J. Garrett,
J. H. Porter,
M. C. Kisser.
M. C. Kisser.

cort will meet at the residence at 9 clock a.m., Thnrsday, July 3d.
W. J. Garrett, Green P. Dodd,
J. H. Porter, M. C. Kiser.
The committee on resolutions will consist of W. H. Hulsey, chairman; C. W. Hunnicutt, R. J. Lowry, who will please take suitable action and report at the next regular meeting of the chamber.
H. G. SAUNDERS, Secretary.
Atlanta, Ga., July 2, 1890.

Ed. L. Grant.
Sign Painter, 55 Peachtree, phone 504. Signs and banners unde and shipped anywhere. Glass, board and wall advertising signs.

IN THE CITY HALL.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE BURNS UP BONDS AND COUPONS.

Over a Hundred Thousand Dollars of Debt Canceled. The Water Board Holds a Meeting. The Underground Wires.

Hon. Hugh T. Inman, chairman of the nance committee of the general council, had finance committee of the general
a \$100,000 bonfire yesterday morning.

It was built of city bonds and coupons.
Twice every year, in January and July, the
city pays an interest on her bonded debt, and

then the coupons representing that interest are destroyed by the finance committee. The coupons destroyed yesterday amounted

That was the interest due for the past six onths on Atlanta's bonded debt.

months on Atlanta's bonded debt.

In addition to the coupons destroyed, \$25,000 of bonds were burned.

These bonds were fifty of \$500 each, and formed a part of a debt the general council funded last winter.

It was Mr. Inman, Mr. Woodward, a member of the committee and Comptroller Goldsmith who stood around the bonfire as the partly crisp paper faded away into ashes.

Comptreller Goldsmith handed the bonds and coupons to Mr. Inman, who] examined them and tossed them into the grate. Then Mr. Woodward applied the match and

He then sighed as the dollar marks faded away.

Water is Getting Scarce.

The board of water commissioners met in regular session in the water board office yes-

There was a full attendance. Quite a number of petitions for water mains were presented and refused. The bills for the past month were presented, examined and al-lowed.

lewed.
During the session Superintendent Richards, of the water works, created something of a sensation by announcing that the water in the lake and reservoir was falling.

It has fallen five and one half inches since Saturday last.

Atlanta's water supply is not too plentiful anyhow, and with a dry spell to follow it is hard to predict the consequences.

The Electrical Committee.

The committee on electrical matters con-

The committee on electrical matters convened in the mayor's office yesterday after-Mr. Woodward, Mr. King and Mr. Meador

were present.

The underground wire ordinance and several petitions for car lines were considered, but no reports were perfected.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Georgia.

Washington, July 2.—Indication for tomorrow: Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, showers, southerly winds, stationary temperature. Eastern and western Florida, showers, westerly winds. No chance in temperature. SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 2.
All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

Observation taken at 8 p. m. 75th meridian time.

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			W	Light		Cloudy	
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				16		Cloudles	
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(Local Time.) TIME OF OB- SERVATION.							
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Observation taken at 6 p. m. 75th meridian time.

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Columb	us			 78	76	.11
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Gainesv	ille			 86	68	.00
Greenvi	lle			 88	68	.00
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Toccon	burg		******	 92	70	.40
	int			94	78	.25
*Missi	ng.	P. Sanghard	Part Street	000	J- 8.	2 10

J. W. BYRAM, Observer, Bowden Lithia Water is Natural.

Picture Frames made to order at Thornton's, 28 Whitehall street.

Round Trip.

Atlanta and West Point railroad will sell round trip tickets to and from all stations on line of road between Atlanta and Opelika, at one fare, every sunday, leaving Atlanta at 7:30 a. m., returning at 5:29 p. m.

C. H. CROMWELL, General Passenger Agent.
6-28-dtf John A. Gee, D. P. A.

Only First-class Collections of proof etchings and steel engravings in the city at Thornton's. TO PATRONS OF THE CENTRAL ROAD

Suburban Train	Round Trip Rates.
ATLANTA TO	
Whitehall street	15 ee
West End	
McCalls	
Grammages	
Oakland	
Perdues	
McPherson	
McColls	
Knotts	
Herberts	
Verbena	
East Point	
Furman	
Clarks Cove	
Fullers	
Hapeville	
Tickets good for day	
Good only on suburba	
W. F. SHELLMAN,	E. T. CHARLTON,
Traffic Manager.	General Pass. Ag

Keep Cool, and Save Money by buying your hammocks at Thornton's, 2 Whitehall. Bowden Lithia Water cures Dyspepsia. 6-28-tf

The Finest on Earth The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad is the only line running Pullman's Perfected Safety Vestibuled Trains, with Chair, Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Car service between Cincinnati, In-dianapolis and Chicago, and is the only Nas-run-ning through Reclining Chair Cars between Cin-cinnati, Keokuk and Springfield, Ili., and Combi-nation Chair and Sleeping Car Cincinnati to Peoria, Ili.

Peoria, III.,

And the Only DIRECT LINE
between Cincinnati, Dayton, Lima, Toledo, Detroit, the Lake Regions and Canada.

The road is one of the oldest in the state of Ohio,
and the only line entering Cincinnati over twentyfive miles of double track, and from its past record
can more than assure its patrons speed, comfort
and safety. Tickets on sale everywhere, and see
that they read C. H. & D., either in or out of Cincinnati, Indianapolis. or Toledo. E. O. McCormick, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Teb 21 dly

JEWELER.

Reliable Goods. Fair Dealing. Bottom Prices.

PRINTING Blank Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Binding, Electrotyping,

JAS. P. HARRISON & CO., (The Pranklin Publishing House,)
State Printers, Atlanta, Ga.
Consult them before placing your o'den.

Si and 83 Decatur St.

I have a large lot of fine PHAETONS, new and second-hand, fine hand-made and eastern made. The best and latest styles at BOTTOM PRICES. All work guaranteed. may14—d3m



We have received a large assortment of Garde Vases, fancy Flower Pots, Calla Lily Pots, Um-brellas and Cuspidors, which are very attractive and will be sold very low. The Garden Vases are particularly attractive, and cost a great deal less

In Rose Jars we had a big run last week, but we were equal to the emergency. We have still a nice assortment in the various sizes, and intending purchasers better make haste before the supply is

We still offer our FLY FANS at the low price of \$2 each. What comfort this small outlay of money can buy, can be evidenced by those who are the

Our assortment of everything appertaining to the China, Crockery and Glassware business is very complete, and it will be our aim to please the public by selling the best goods at the lowest prices and by prompt attention. Respectfully,

L. A. MUELLER.

Agents for GATE CITY STONE FIL-TERS, the only reliable Filter in the market.

TO PRINTERS!

For Sale! A LOT OF SKELETON CHASES, 18½x22½
inches, inside; also a lot of book chases of
rarious sizes, with cross-bars, all complete, and in
trst-class condition. Address,
CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE,
apr 8 wk sunti

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED for the next twenty days from responsible parties for the new building, alterations and improvements on St. Luke's church.

Plans and specifications will be shown at the southeast corner room of the church by either of

Committee reserves the privilege to reject any or all bids.

july 2-d4t



Southern Medical Dispensary. 2 1-2 MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, GA. (Over Jacobs' Pharmacy)

Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin · Diseases.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, im-dency, loss of memory, effect of bad habits, condency, loss of memory, effect of bad habits, confusion of ideas, safety and permanently cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, syphilis
and all of its terrible sesults totally eradicated. Ulcers, blotches,
sore or ulcerated throat and mouth, scrofula, erysipelis permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY kidney and bladder troubles,
frequent and burning urine,
conorrhea, gleet, urinary sedimenta, cystitis, etc., URETHRAL STRICTURE perma period without any cutting or cansiles, or dialation or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED. CURES GUARANTEED.

A SURE CURE to young and middle-aged men who have foolishly wasted their energies.

Dr. Bowes is a graduate of the great University of Michigan, of twenty year's experience, and is strictly reliable. Send six cents in stamps for "Perfect Question List" and book on diseases of men. Enclose stamps for reply to your letter. Call on or address DR. BOWES & CO., 24 Marietta, St., Atlanta, Ga. Baferences: Constitution, Jacobs' Pharmacy Co. dec. 7 d 1 y x y m.

COUPON NOTICE ALL COUPONS, DUE JANUARY 1, 1896, TO A the first mortgage bonds of the Ainbama and Georgia Manufacturing Company, will be paid on presentation at the Atlanta National Bank, Georgia, by said bank.

BUGULEY MANUFACTURING CO., jun 29-diw D. Janqueulo, President.

WEAR

Atlanta Made Shoes.

To meet the growing demand for my custom shoes, I am forced to increase my facilities and enlarge my quarters at 33 Peachtree st. At great expense and trouble, I have brought from New York makers who are artists in their line, and having served the most celebrated shops of the world, are capable of pleasing the most fastidious.

REPAIRING.

Bear in mind: To send your shoes to 33 each tree street, to be repaired. Work done tuesual prices.

HIGH SHOES---LOW SHOES

Your special attention to these: Ladies' Oxfords at \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 and \$3. Ladies' French Dongola Button, \$2 and \$3. Men's, Boys', Misses' and Children's shoes at rices to suit the reasonable. Orders by mail iven special attention. JOHN M. MOORE.

Telephone 177.

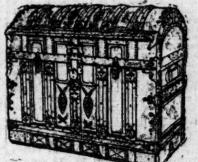
VETERANS, TAKE NO-

33 Peachtree St.

TICE. Only \$3, Atlanta to Chattanooga and return. Tickets on sale 3d and 4th, by the Western and Atlantic railroad, the great battlefield route.

Atlanta Trunk Factory

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES



Merchants, now is the time to supply your selves with sample Cases, Vallses and Clab-Bags. Special attention given to repairing.

LIE BERMAN & KUFMANN

92 Whitehall.

TARIFFS.

DR. BOWES & CO

SEND IS CENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION JOB
Office and necesive a copy of the classification
of freight and passenger rates by the Georgia
Railroad Commission revised to Merch 1st. This
pamphilet will tell you the rate per 100 pounds to
be charged by the railroads on any commodity,
and is of great value to merchants.

TO WEAK MEN

The Mutual Warehouse, Commission and Compress Company,

CAPITAL \$1,000,000 With liberty of increasing to \$20,000,000, is not being organized throughout the south for the purpose of securing money for

ADVANCING UPON COTTON MORE CHEAPLY

and liberally than now; of diminishing the ex-penses of handling the crop, and which, at the same time will give every reasonable guarantee of good dividends to stockholders. Capitalists abroad are ready to put ABUNDANT MONEY INTO IT,

if planters will evince their co-operation by sub-scribing to the capital stock of the company. Parties desiring to unite with us can obtain the prospectus setting forth the general plan of the company, and terms of subscription, by applica-tion to tion to W. F. ALEXANDER, jun20-dtf General Southern Manager, Augusta, Ga.

Southern Ink for Southern Printers ATLANTA PRINTING INK WORKS,

830 to 336 Wheat St.,

ATLANTA, GA.

-MANUFACTURERS OF-Printing & Lithographing Inks

Superior Quality and Lowest Prices Guaranteed. HE ONLY INK MANUFACTURED IN THE SOUTH,

FRENCH CAPSULES

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.



In the next thirty days we must close out our stock of Spring and Summer clothing.

Cost Will Not Be Considered

Commencing July 1st we will offer our immense stock of Men's and Boys' suits, extra Pants, Flannel, Negligee and Madras Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery and Neckwear at 33 per cent less than regular price.

We do not keep shoddy or job lot goods, but we offer good clothing at a sacrifice.

· Look and be Convinced.

JAS. A. ANDERSON NO CO.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO. Real Estate Offers.

\$2,600 payable only \$500 cash, and balance at the rate of \$500 a year with 8 per cent interest, will buy one of the neatest cottages; in West End. Only 200 feet from Gordon street and the car line. House is new and has 5 large rooms and kitchen. Extra wide hall, front and rear vermadah. Lot level and beautiful, and is 58x275 feet. No better location in West End, and the terms are most liberal. Come quick and get it for it will not stay on the market long at this price.
\$300 each for 9 very fine lots near Marietta road and Van Winkle's. They are 50x150 and 50x206 feet each, and are high and level and covered with beautiful grove. Splendld neighborhood. Easy terms.
\$2,000 for very choice Spring street lot, 5ix160 feet to 10-foot alley. Lies well, street paved, and has on it water, gas and sewer. Splendid neighborhood. Liberal terms.
\$8,750 is the price of one of the choicest homes on the north side. It is between the two Peachtrees, elevated location, and in a neighborhood as good as the best. The house is two stories, with eight rooms, two bath-rooms, and halis and verandas. It is modern in all its apartments, and is beautifully finished throughout. Stable and servant's house on the lot, which is 75x200 feet to rear alley. We can arrange liberal terms, and the place is sure to suit one seeking a north-side home of its value. Will take pleasure in showing the property at any time.

\$6,000 for beautiful Peachtree lot, 60x220 feet; high and level. Easy terms.

take pleasure in showing the property at any time.

\$6,000 for beautiful Peachtree lot, 60x220 feet; high and level. Easy terms.

\$1,000 an acre for beautifully shaded tract of 26 acres, fronting over 800 feet on the Johnson road and the electric car-line. The tract is high and lies well, and is completely covered with heavy oak grove. All the adjoining property is owned by some of our best clitzens, Hon. Frank P. Rice, Colonel W. S. Thompson, Messrs. W. A. Moore, Joseph Kingsberry and others. Will sell it as a whole, or will subdivide a few choice lots to suit purchasers. Easy terms. Within 20 minutes ride of the center of the city.

ORMEWOOD PARK is that beautiful 100 acre tract just south of Grant park and adjoining the Confederate Veterans! Home property; it is within one-fourth mile of Grant park, Little Switzerland and the dummy line as it goes around the park. The dummy line to the Confederate Home runs for a half mile through Ormewood. A large force of hands, under the

tle Switzerland and the dummy line as it goes around the park. The dummy line to the Confederate Home runs for a half mile through Ornewood. A large force of hands, under the direction of Major Charles Boeckh, is now at work grading out avenues and drives. One \$4,000 residence on the property has just been completed, and four more of equal value will be commenced in a few days. The property is now being sub-divided, and to those who will erect nice residences we will sell lots of from one-half to four acres each, on exceedingly liberal terms, and at a lower price than, as desirable property as this, in any direction from the city, can be bought. At present the property is only offered to those who buy for homes, it being the object of the owners to build the property up with first-class residences on large and beautiful lots. All the avenues at 50 to 60 feet wide, and no lots will be less than one-half acre in size.

1,750 buys the choice of South Boulevard. It is a corner lot, 1802:190 feet to a 20-foot alley, just the right height above the street, and completely covered with a heavy oak grove. Nice homes already built on each side and in front of it, thus assuring pleasant surroundings. From it you can see the riding and driving abstem than the control of the remaining the surroundings. From it you can see the riding and driving abstem than the park, and enjoy all the advantages of that beautiful place. The dummy line is very convenient, yet far enough away not to be objectionable. Libern terms can be arranged.

1,250 for a very desirable Forest avenue lot, 50x150 feet to an alley; good neighborhood, prominent street and a locality improving very rapidly. School and car line-convenient. Easy terms.

very rapidly. School and car line convenient. Easy terms.

\$3,750 for the gem of Edgewood. It is a corner lot, 150x700 feet, and contains about 2% acres; part of the beautiful Binder property; lies level, and the entire frent is in a large-oak grove. Neighborhood unexceled. Very donvenient to Edgewood depot, and within easy walking distance of the Edgewood avenue electric car line. Beautiful hones all around it. Can fix the terms to suit you.

\$2,750 buys a very desirable, close in, residence lot on Powers street near Spring and the electric car line. It lies high- and level, and is 60x120 feet. Powers street will be paved with belgian blocks this summer, at the present owner's expense; water and gas already there. Terms, one-third cash, balance easy. More depth can be arranged for if desired.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

≪GRAND EXCURSION >> To Arkansas and Texas from the southeast over LITTLE ROCK AND MEMPHIS RAILROAD

ST. LOUIS, ARKANSAS AND TEXAS
RAILROADS. The only route giving choice of three lines from

July 29th, 30th and 31st. Tickets Good For 30 Days. RATES LOWER THAN EVER-TAKE A
REST AND SKE YOUR FRIENDS.

N. B.—Through Reclining Chair Cars Free.
No Omnibus Transfers and No Crowding.
This is the Cool and Pleasant Route.
Write or call for full particulars on
R. A. WILLIAMS, General Agent, 38 Wall st.,
Atlanta, Ga.

A. A. Williams, Gardina and A. G. W. TUCKER, G. P. A., Little Rock, Ark. S. G. WARNER, T. P. A., Memphis, Tenn. E. W. LABAUME, G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo. 622-lm sun tu fri

NOTICE.

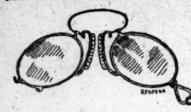
(JEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF I an order granted by his honor, W. L. Calhon, ordinary of said county, June the 28th, 1890, I will remove my court from its presont location, No. 514, Peachtree st., Atlanta, Ga., to No. 284, Decatur st., known as the W. D. Smith building. Said removal to take place August the 1st, 1890.

1234th District, O. M., Fulton County, Ga., july 2-4

THEY WIRE US!

Freeman & Crankshaw





has charge of our Optical department. NO CHARGE FOR EXAMING YOUR EYES,

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

JEWELERS.

REAL ESTATE and

RENTING AGENTS,

4 East Alabama Street. (Rear of Jame Bank.) Telephone 278.

Having an intelligent conception of the wants of the people, we are having listed with us some of the choicest property now on the market. We find ready sale for all classes of property that is offered at market value, and property owners wishing to sell should confer with us. We are doing a fair and square business, only charging a legitimate commission on sales made by us. We do not take advantage, use deception, nor practice fraud upon the people. We do not take options on property, then chisel the buyer; have no secret schemes to work. With a progressive spirit we propose to keep abreast with the times, and by diligence, perseverence and vigorous application, build up a business second to none. We wish to serve those who approve our methods of business, and ask your patronage. Delkin & Girardeau.

WEAK MANHOOD

Bladder Troubles

Stuart's Gin & Buchu

Failure of Strength, Frequent Desire to Urinate, Involuntary Discharge of Water, Dark, Heavy, Muddy or Turbid Urine, Cold Extremities and a Clammy Sweat, Tenderness over the Region of the Bladder, Gnawing Sensation Around the Abdomen Painful, Scalding Sensation in Passing Wate Pallid face with gradual loss of strength are all symptoms of bladder trouble and should be promptly treated with

Stuart's Gin and Buchu

I recommend Stuart's Gin and Buchu as Bladder and Kidney remedy. Having tried it, 1

C. M. HUDSON, Atlanta, Ga. Bold by all druggists.

We offer you this week at \$11,000 a corner lot on Marietta st., 100 feet front, running through to the W. & A. R. R. No better location in the city for factory requiring railroad

We can also offer 150 feet on Mitchell st. at a very close figure. Manufacturers desiring to locate

in or near Atlanta will find it to their interest to examine our list.

W. A. WEBSTER & CO

171/2 Peachtree Street.
May 18-d 3m.

MILWAUKEE AND RETURN

In order to accommodate those who may desire to attend the convention of the Knights of Pythias, to be held in Milwankee July 8th, 1890, the Nashville, Chattanooga and 8t. Louis railroad will sell tickets from Chattanooga to Milwankee and return at the extremely low rate of \$14.95 for individual ticket. Tickets to be sold for train leaving Chattanooga at 11:50 p. m., July 8th, also for trains leaving at 1:20 p. m. and 11:50 p. m., For full information, call on a second control of the second control of

HANDY WITH GUNS.

BAT" MASTERSON AND "JIM" ALLI-SON VISIT CHICAGO.

Two Good Representatives of a Class of Rustling Westerners That Is Fast Dying Out.

From the Chicago Globe.

They were two as inoffensive looking citi ens as one ever saw at a ministerial convention, yet they both had records larger than an inefficient police captain's term of office. One was "Jim," the sole survivor of the Allison brothers, and the other "Bat" Masterson. They met last night in a down town resort and drank each other's health in foaming cham-

"The last time I saw you, Jim," said Maserson, "was down in Tucson. Do you reember the time?"

'What, when Morg and Wyatt Earp, 'Doc' Holliday, you and I had a row with the rust-lers? Well, I should say I did remember it. Poor 'Doc' Holliday! He died of consumption. Morg Earp he got shot by a greaser who didn't know a gun from a derby hat. Wyatt Earp, he's dead, too. Got killed in a row in

Durango. By jove, Bat, you and I are the only ones of the old gang left."
"Yes, and if it hadn't been for 'Doc' Holliday we wouldn't be alive either. It was down in Tucson, Ariz.," continued Masterson, turning to a third member of the party. "Wyatt Earp was marshal of the town at the time and we were his assistants. The rustlers were trying to run us out of lown so that they could have things all their own way. Allison and I had just arrested a couple of the toughest of had just arrested a couple of the toughest of
the gang, when we were attacked. We emptied our guns into the rescuing party and
didn't have another shot left. We had
just about given the thing up when who
should come riding down the street but
'Doc' Holliday. He had a shotgun in
his hand and when he saw our fix he dismounted and came up under cover of his
horse. The rustlers saw him and saw his
shotgun, too. Talk about riot guns! Why,
there's nothing in the world that will bring a
crowd to terms quicker'n a shotgun with a there's nothing in the world that will bring a crowd to terms quicker'n a shotgun with a couple of big charges of buckshot in it. Well, sir, you wouldn't believe it, but the crowd just broke and run when they saw 'Doc' advancing with his shotgun. Doc had the reputation of being a killer in those days and when he got the dron on a man it was good by. John."

with his shotgun. Doe had the reputation of being a killer in those days and when he got the drop on a man it was good by, John."

Probably no man in the west was better known in his time than Doe Holliday. He was about 50 years old when he died of consumption in Denver a couple of years ago. Though never a quarrelsome man, during the latter years of his life he was especially peaceful and used to say that all he wanted was to be left alone. In most of his fights he had law or the semblance of law on his side. He once told a friend of his in Leadville that he didn't know how many men he had killed in his life, but he thought the number must exceed thirty. However much he desired a quiet life after he had settled down, it was impossible for him to obtain it. The story of his last shooting affair is as follows: While in Denver about seven years ago, he heard that a brother of one of the "rustlers" whom he had shot in Tucson was in town looking for him. Now Holliday was not afraid of any man that ever lived, but he wanted peace and quiet. So when he heard that a man was looking for him, he took a quiet trip to Leadville. While in a saloon there one night, the man, who was a gambler named Austin, came in. Holliday was leaning against the end of the bar, talking to the proprietor. Austin walked up and accested him.

"Now, see here," said Doc, in rather a leading tone. "I don't want trouble with

him.

"Now, see here," said Doc, in rather a pleading tone. "I don't want trouble with anybody. All I ask is to be left alone."

"But I want trouble with you," blustered Austin. "I want satisfaction, and I'm going

Austin. "I want satisfaction, and I'm going to get it, — you."

"Let's settle this thing peacefully," continued "Doc?" "As I said, I don't want any fight. All I want is peace and—"

"Peace be d—d," ojaculated Austin, and as he spoke he drew a revolver from his pocket. Before he could-discharge it, however, he lay upon the floor a corpse, with a bullet from Holliday's revolver in his heart.

"Doc" was not looking for trouble, but he was prepared for it just the same.

"Served the fellow right," was the comment of the town marshal when he heard of the shooting. "Any man that'll go up to 'Doc' Holliday and take such chances as that deserves to get killed."

Holinday and take such chances as that deserves to get killed."

As the shooting was done entirely in self defense no action was taken in the matter by the authorities and Holliday was altowed to go to Denver unmolested, where he soon began to

before immersted, where he soon began to waste away with consumption.

Perhaps as celebrated in his way as "Doc" Holliday is Jim Allison, who occasionally vistic Chicago. He probably has as many bullets in his body as he has teeth in his jaws, and in his body as he has teeth in his jaws, and though he is past middle age, there are few men who would care to meet him in a rough and tumble fight even now. Several years ago when Durango was the toughest town in Colorado, or the world either for that matter, Allison had a slight misunderstanding over a game of cards with a Mexican. When the misunderstanding was settled the Mexican was dead. Such affairs were too common to cause the authorities to pay any attention to them, but Allison concluded that a change of base would be desirable. be desirable.

be desirable.

Several months later Allison was seated at the dinner table in the principal hotel in Albuquerque, N. M. The territorial court was in session and the hotel was crowded with guests. Pretty soon a Mexican, who turned out to be the brother of the man whom Allison had shot in Durango, came into the dinning room and took a seat opposite to him.

"Your name Allison?" asked the Mexican.

"Sure," was the response.

"Your name Alison" asked the Mexican.
"Sure," was the response.
"Then yen're a dead man," and the muzzle
of a big forty-five navy revolver crept up on
the edge of the table. There was a loud report, a groan and—the Mexican rolled over on
the floor dead.
Allison had spotted him for an enemy the

Allison had spotted him for an enemy the moment he entered the room and was prepared for him. As soon as he raised his gun above the table, but before he could fire it, Allison had shot him under the table. The guests left their seats for a moment, but as soon as they found out what was the trouble, they resumed their meal, while the landlord and his clerks carried out the body.

If court had not then been in session Allison would probably have never been molested. As it was, however, a bench warrant was issued and a sheriff was told to bring Allison into court at once. He met him on the street as he was riding out of town.

"Sorry, Jim," said he, "but I guess you'll have to come along with me."

"What's up now? What d'ye want me for?"

"Oh, it's only for killin' the greaser. I guess there won't be any fuss made over it."
"All right," was the response, "I'll go

along."
"But you must give up your weapons, Jim," said the sheriff.
"Not much. D'ye think I'm a tenderfoot.

"But you must give up your weapons, Jim, said the sheriff.

"Not much. D'ye think I'm a tenderfoot. Country's coming to a pretty state. Can't kill a greaser without being hauled up for it, an' now you want me to give up my weapons. Well, you don't get 'em without a fight."

"All right, Jim," replied the sheriff, "dunno as I blame yer much."

So the sheriff and his prisoner rode off to the court house, the latter having two big revolvers in his belt and carrying a heavy Winchester rifle across the pommel of his saddle. Accoutered thus he stalked into the crowded court and got down in the front of the room. The court was already for the trial. The warrant was read and then the judge looked at Allison. His Winchester rifle was lying across his knees and his revolvers where they could easily be reached. "Afternoon, judge," said Allison cooly, as he met the court's gaze. "Bailiff, disarm the prisoner," said the judge sternly, bringing his gavel down on the desk with force enough to splinter the pine boards. "Come, Jim, give up your weapons," said one of the court officers persuasively, as he cautiously approached.

"Can't do it," replied Allison, as he toyed with the look of his Winchester. "Better not come any nearer."

The bailiff beat a hasty retreat.

"Is the prisoner disarmed?" asked the judge. "Now, see here, your honor," broke in Allison, rising to his feet and still toying with his rifle. "I want a square deal. I haven't got any objection to being tried, but you can see for yourself that it wouldn't be fair to make

Once more the bailiffs approached, and once more they beat a retreat.

"He won't be disarmed," said one of the officers at length.
"He must be disarmed," was the reply. "If he isn't disarmed I'll adjourn court."

Again the bailiffs tried to induce Allison to give up his weapons and again were they deterred by the Winchester rifle.

"He won't give up his gun," finally said the sheriff. "If your honor wants it you've got to take it yourself. I'll be jiggered if I try it."

"Court's adjourned," was the judge's only reply.

Allison walked out of the court room, mounted his horse and rode away. That was the last of the murder trial.

There is no use suffering from rhoumatism now. Radam's Microbe killer has never failed. Try it and you will consider it worth ten times what you pay for it. For sale by W. F. Parkhurst, sole agent, 43 South Broad street, near Alabama.

W. F. Parkhurst,
Accountant and Commercial Examiner. Partnership and Corporation settlements made.
an Arbitrator, also Notary Public. 43 South
Broad street, near Alabama. 9-13-tf

Bowden Lithia Water cures Diarrhosa.

Illustrated History of Atlanta. A few copies of this valuable and elegant book is on sale at our store. Having been published by subscription, this work is rare. We offer a rare opportunity to obtain the most complete history of the gate city ever printed. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street.

For two escaped convicts. One Allen Smith, copper-colored; about 50 years old; limps when walking; one or more of his front teeth out; weighs about 130 pounds; has scars on hips caused from bed sores:

The other, William Butler, alias Eliam Taylor, the other, william Butler, alias Eliam Taylor, and the counds; weighs also pounds;

tall; black; six feet high; weighs 180 pounds; about thirty years old; stammers when talking. I expect sears may be found on each of their legs from wearing shackles.

HENRY J.HILL, Washington, Ga. 6-24-10t.

FUNERAL NOTICE. .

RICE.—The friends of Colonel Z. A. Rice and family are invited to attend his funeral from family are invited to attend his funeral from the First Presbyterian church today, Thurs-day, July 3d, at 9 a. m. The following gentle-men are requested to meet at Patterson's, the undertaker, at 9:30 o'clock, and act as pall bearers: S. B. Love, T. J. Hightower, M. C. Kiser, C. W. Hunnicutt, T. J. Langston, W. J. Garrett, J. H. Porter, George W. Adair.

MEETINGS.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta Glass company is hereby called to meet at the office of the company, at the factory, on Thursday, July 10th, next, at 10:30 a. m., to hear the report of the business for the past year and to consider a change of the by-law, so as to hold the annual meetings in July instead of August.

J. W. HANKIN, july 1-d 10t

President,

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia Improvement Company at the office of the Atlanta and Florida Rallinoad Company, 24% West Alabama street, in Atlanta, Ga., on Tuesday, August 5, 1890, at 11 o'Clock, a. m.

L. O. O. F. Meeting Notice. A regular meeting of Capitol lodge, No. 60, L. O. O. F., will be held this, Thursday evening, 3d July, commencing at 8 o'clock. The installation of officers will take place, and the second degree will be conferred. A full attendance of members is desired, and members of other lodges are cordially invited to attend, as the work of the term just closed will be reviewed. John B. Goodwin, Noble Grand, J. E. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

Only \$3, Atlanta to Chattanooga and return.

Tickets on sale today and tomorrow. Go via the old reliable Western and Atlantic. Only line running 4 daily passenger trains each way.

LAWRENCE HARRISON

REAL ESTATE AND RENTING AGENTS!

The past week has been one of unusual interest in real estate circles for this season of the year. Those who offer property for sale NOW generally want to sell bad.

Last week we had a Boulevard lots at a bargain. We have one left. It is what you would call an extra bargain.

A choice Highland avenue lot on easy terms. This is a desirable location. Will sell cheap if taken at

We have some excellent Peachtree property. When you see it, it will make your mouth water. It is first-class. Here is a bargain for

Central property that is paying good rental. We also have stores, both in center of city, also in suburbs. First-class residence property

both near in and in suburbs. Cheap. We will rent you a house in most

any locality.
J. C. HENDRIX & CO.

G. W. ADAIR,

I have for sale a beautiful lot 52x125 to an alley on Spring street, near residences of C. W. Hunni-cut and J. K. Ohl. Cheap. 100 acres within one mile of Hapeville.

A large and beautiful lot with good house on Ivy street, near Peachtree. A 9-room, elegant South Pryor street ho every modern convenience, nice lot for \$6,000. Owner gone away.

RENT! RENT!

I have for rent 9 furnished residences cheap for

houses, eight 7-room houses, nine 6-room houses, two 5-room houses, six 4-room houses, thirteen 3-room houses, five 2-room houses, offices, sleeping-rooms and stores. Call and look at lists.

OIL MILL MACHINERY FOR SALE

TARBORO OIL MILLS.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

20 Pecahtree St. HERE ARE A FEW BARGAINS WHICH owners are auxious to sell, and on terms to

11 owners a transpora to sen, and on terms to suit all:
\$1,000 buys a 4-r house on Linden avenue.
\$450 buys a 2-r house on a nice lot on Glynn street.
\$450 buys a 2-r house on a nice lot on Glynn street.
\$450 buys a 2-r house on Inman avenue.
\$800 for lot 10x181 feet at the new barrack—hourly trains.
\$850 for lot 63½x170 on Baugh street, West End.
\$1,550 for lot 63½x170 to 10.foot alley, on Park street,
West End.
\$2,100 for lot 13x190 to 20-foot alley, on South
Boulevard, near Grant park.
\$4,000 for 7-r house on Courtland avenue,
\$650 for 3-r house on Savannah street.
\$1,550 for new 4-r house on Inman avenue.
\$2,850 buys 5-r house on Fine street; corner lot.
\$1,900 buys are w5-r house at Grant park.
\$2,200 buys 4-r house on lot 106x165, on Fortress
seenue.

\$5,500 buys 110x165 feet on Boule ward; lies splendid for division.
\$700 buys a nice house and large lot in East Point.
\$6,000 buys three acres in Decatur, Ga., well improved
\$2,500 for 8-r house on Martin street.
\$300 each for four lots on Violet and Fern avenue;
\$10 per month.
\$15 per acre for 220 acres near Duluth, Ga., paying now 10 per cent net.

We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are renting houses and stores, and those in want of either had best consult our list, and you who have property to let bring it in and have it put on our list and we will see that you get tenants.

\$COTT & LIEBMAN.

KEMPTON & GUNNINGHAM

No. 6 E. Alabama St.

Administrator's Sale

Administrator's Sale.

(EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF IT an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the June term, 1890, will be sold before the court-house door of said county on the first Tuesday in July, 1890, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of the estate of Lucy L. Wright, deceased, to-wit: An interest in a bond for title to the following described land, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot 76 in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, situated as follows: Beginning on the west side of Pryor street at a point 100 feet south of Crumley street, and running thence south 50 feet, thence east 160 feet to the beginning point, being 10t 25-of Capital City Land and Improvement company on Pryor street; said interest being \$1,000 of the purchase money paid, and \$600 due with interest from the 23d day of January, 1889. Sold for the purpose of distribution. Terms cash.

JAMES. T. WRIGHT, Adm'r.

KEMPTON & CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneers,
June 3 10 17 24.

GEORGE WARE.

WARE & OWENS, " Real Estate Agents.

\$5,000 for 2 stores and two 3 r houses on Marietta st., on lot 85x145, with side alley; rents for \$56 month.

month.
\$500 nice corner lot on Linden ave., cheap enough
for the "confirmed croaker."
\$1,600, Terry st., near Hunter, close in, good 4 r
house, lot 42x155, alley on side, rents well and
is always occupied.
\$2,700 for 425 feet frontage in south Atlanta, the
best place in the city for renting, on McDaniel,
Eads and Gate City sts.
\$300 gets you an aere of land in Edgewood, near
Mayson's crossing, well located for a suburban
home.

home.
96xi00 West Peachtree, between Mr. Van Winkle's
and Kimball st., in that beautiful grove, whose
spreading boughs and foliage green will keep
you cool and make you happy.
\$2,500, Luckie st., new 5 r cottage, wide
halls and verandas, fine location, electric line
to be put on soon

halls and verandas, nne location, electric line to be put on soon.

\$5,000 will make you happy possessor of one the prettiest homes in Edgewood, corner lot, 6 r cottage, large verandas, wide halls, hard wood finish, everything that goes to make up a complete home, fruits of all kinds, electric lights and rapid transit.

\$500 Stonewall st., a "jim dandy" lot for this money.

o Stonewalt st., a modern money.

500, 8 r house, two stories, water. gas, modern improvements, centrally located, stable, alley in rear, property rapidly advancing in this vicinity, a nice home.

50 for corner lot and 2 two-room houses, renting for \$10 and room enough for another, close in and stays rented.

Currier st., 50x140 to another

and stays rented. corner Fort and Currier st., 50x140 to another

\$550, corner Fort and Currier st., 50x140 to another st., cheap enough.

70x175 Boulevard, with eastern frontage, no grading necessary, belgian blocks, sidewalks, electric cars, near Judge Hopkins's new home, come at once, don't wait if you want a nice lot on one of the best streets in Atlanta.

\$3,000 for 60 foot frontage on Courtiand ave., with good6 room house, electric cars in front, sidewalks and belgian blocks down and paid for. If you want a good place cheap come and see us immediately.

If you want a good place cheap come and see us immediately.

\$2,000, Davis st., 4 r house and 2 r servants' house, 50x150, neat place, fine water.

\$3,000, 90x250, alley on side, Rhodes st., 5 r house, stable and two small houses, a big bargain for the money.

\$1,000 will secure for you the finest location in the city, on Orumley st., near Cooper st., overlooka the city, fresh air, and fine water.

\$2,000 buys this week the prettiest lot on Pryor st. There is not another such lot on the street, has an eastern frontage, lays well, this side of Georgia avenue.

20 MARIETTA ST., CORNER BROAD. eorgia avenue. 20 MARIETTA ST., CORNER BROAD.

Sand. Sand. Sand. We make the sand business a specialty, and can supply you promptly in small lots, delivered in any part of the city, and also by carload on cars.

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Ansley Bros., Real Estate Agents, 10 East Alabamast.

Alabamast.

86,400 for 4 beautiful Capitol av. lots, 53x197 each, this side of Little st., or \$1,600 each.

\$1,850—Very desirable Jackson st. lot, 50x150; shaded.

\$2,600—Jinnan park, corner let, 100x190; nicely shaded.

\$2,000—Spiendid Spring st. lot, 50x160, to alley.

\$7,500 for lot beautifully shaded on West Peachtree; lays nicely above the st.; street is paved; lot is 100x200.

\$7,500 for 120x140 feet, with east front, near in, on Whitehall st.; also 8 room house; cheap.

\$1,900—The finest corner lot on Pulliam st., 50x190.

\$8,000—Beautiful Crew st. home; lot large, house 10 rooms.

10 rooms. \$2,750 for Courtland ave. 5 room house and lot

52,760 for Courtaind ave. 5 room nouse and lot, 50x160,00-5 room Calhoun, st. house, corner lot, 53x-150.
\$1,600-Forest ave. lot, 52x160, near Jackson st. \$1,800-5 room house and lot on McDaniel st., near glassworks.
\$4,600-6 room house, water and gas, large lot, on South Fryor st. \$3,500-6 room house and lot, 50x190, water and gas, Pulliam st.
\$7,000 for an 8 room house, a 6 room house, with lot 62x170, in 3½ blocks of carsbed, on Loyd

We have demands for all classes of property nd especially cheap homes. If you wish to sel ome see us.

come see us.

DECATUR PROPERTY.

33,000 for 5 acres and 6 room house, fronting R. R.

55,000 Nice 9 room house near the depot, lot 1½

acres, and a corner lot; house nearly new.

45,000 for 240 acres of land with fine creek running through; elegant timber; good land.

We have some small lots in Decatur, shaded these

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A lot of Suits that were \$16.50, \$18 a \$20, now 1\$3.90.

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\$13, now \$9.90. A lot of Suits that were \$9, \$9.50 \$10, now \$7.90.

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FOR ONE WEEK ONLY, END SATURDAY, JULY 5th, we allow oneoff on all Children's Suits.

Kilts, 2 to 6 years, Pants Suits 4 years. Our goods are all marked in PL figures; you can make your own calculate

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